soco Documentation

Release 0.23.0

Author

User Documentation

Con	tents
1.1	Getting started
	1.1.1 Installation
	1.1.1.1 From PyPI with pip
	1.1.1.2 Manual installation from .tar.gz file
	1.1.1.3 After installation check
	1.1.2 Tutorial
	1.1.2.1 Discovery
	1.1.2.2 Music
1.2	Examples
	1.2.1 Getting your devices
	1.2.1.1 Getting all your devices
	1.2.1.2 Getting any device
	1.2.1.3 Getting a named device
	1.2.2 Handling groups of devices
	1.2.2.1 Information about a group
	1.2.2.2 Join/unjoin devices
	1.2.2.3 Party mode
	1.2.3 Playback control
	1.2.3.1 Play, pause and stop
	1.2.3.2 More playback control with next, previous and seek
	1.2.3.3 Control of a group
	1.2.4 Seeing and manipulating the queue
	1.2.4.1 Getting the queue
	1.2.4.2 Clearing the queue
	1.2.5 Listing and deleting music library shares
1.3	Frequently Asked Questions
1.5	1.3.1 Why can't I play a URI from music service X with the play_uri() method?
	1.3.2 Why can't I add a URI from music service X to the queue with the add_uri_to_queue()
	method?
	1.3.3 Can I make my Sonos® speaker play music from my local hard drive with SoCo?
	1.3.5 Can I make my Sonos® speaker play music from my local hard drive with Soco?
1 /	
1.4	Plugins
	1.4.1 Creating a Plugin
	1.4.2 Using a Plugin
	1.4.3 The SoCoPlugin class

1.5	Authors	. 11
	1.5.1 Project Creator	. 11
	1.5.2 Maintainers	. 11
	1.5.3 Contributors	. 11
1.6	Speaker Topologies	. 12
	1.6.1 Zone Group	. 12
1.7	UPnP Services	
	1.7.1 Inspecting	
	1.7.2 Events	
1.8	Events	
1.0	1.8.1 The events_twisted module	
	1.8.2 The events_asyncio module	
	1.8.3 Example: setting up	
	1.8.3.3 soco.events_asyncio	
	1.8.4 Examples: specific features	
	1.8.4.1 Autorenewal	
	1.8.4.2 Timeout	
	1.8.4.3 Renewal	
	1.8.4.4 Autorenew failure	
	1.8.4.5 Lenient error handling	
	1.8.4.6 Events_twisted: adding callbacks and errbacks	
1.9	The Music Library Data Structures	. 17
1.10	soco package	. 18
	1.10.1 Subpackages	. 18
	1.10.1.1 soco.music_services package	. 18
	1.10.1.2 soco.plugins package	. 26
	1.10.2 Submodules	. 31
	1.10.2.1 soco.alarms module	. 31
	1.10.2.2 soco.cache module	
	1.10.2.3 soco.config module	
	1.10.2.4 soco.core module	
	1.10.2.5 soco.data_structures module	
	1.10.2.6 soco.discovery module	
	1.10.2.7 soco.events module	
	1.10.2.8 soco.events_base module	
	1.10.2.9 soco.events_twisted module	
	1.10.2.10 soco.events_asyncio module	
	1.10.2.11 soco.exceptions module	
	1.10.2.12 soco.groups module	
	1.10.2.13 soco.ms_data_structures module	
	1.10.2.14 soco.music_library module	
	1.10.2.15 soco.services module	
	1.10.2.16 soco.snapshot module	
	1.10.2.17 soco.soap module	
	1.10.2.18 soco.utils module	
	1.10.2.19 soco.xml module	
1.11	SoCo releases	. 109
	1.11.1 SoCo 0.23 release notes	. 109
	1.11.1.1 New Features and Improvements	. 109
	1.11.1.2 Developer/Code Improvements	
	1.11.1.3 Complete list of significant changes since v0.22	
	1.11.2 SoCo 0.22 release notes	

	1.11.2.1	New Features and Improvements	09
	1.11.2.2	Developer/Code Improvements	09
	1.11.2.3	Complete list of significant changes since v0.21	10
1.11.3	SoCo 0.	21 release notes	10
		New Features and Improvements	
		Bug Fixes	
		Developer Improvements	
		List of Changes Associated with the 0.21 Milestone	
		20 release notes	
		New Features and Improvements	
		Bugfixes	
		Developer improvements	
		19 release notes	
		New Features and Improvements	
		Bugfixes	
		18 release notes	
		New Features and Improvements	
1 11 7	CoCo 0	17 release notes	12
		New Features and Improvements	
		Bugfixes	
		16 release notes	
		New Features and Improvements	
		Bugfixes	
		15 release notes	
	1.11.9.1	New Features and Improvements	14
		Bugfixes	
	1.11.9.3	Backwards Compatability	14
		14 release notes	
		New Features and Improvements	
		Bugfixes	
		13 release notes	
		New Features and Improvements	
	1.11.11.2	Bugfixes	16
		Backwards Compatability	
1.11.12	SoCo 0.	12 release notes	16
		New Features and Improvements	
	1.11.12.2	Bugfixes	17
		Backwards Compatability	
1.11.13	SoCo 0.	11.1 release notes	18
	1.11.13.1	Bugfixes	18
1.11.14	SoCo 0.	11 release notes	18
			18
		•	19
			19
			19
			19
			19
			20
			20 20
			20 20
			20 20
			20 21
		Backwards Compatability	
		8 release notes	
1.11.1/	300000.	.0 1010430 110103	41

[n	dex	135
Py	thon Module Index	133
2	Indices and tables	131
	1.13.4 Preparation for next release	 129
	1.13.3 Wrap-Up	
	1.13.2 Create and Publish	
	1.13.1 Preparations	
	1.13 Release Procedures	
	1.12.6.1 The init function	
	1.12.6 Add a new unit test module (for a new class under test)	
	1.12.5.1 Special unit test design consideration for SoCo	 127
	1.12.5 Add an unit test to an existing unit test module	
	1.12.4.2 One unit test class per method under test	
	1.12.4.1 One unit test module per class under test	
	1.12.4 Unit test code structure and naming conventions	
	1.12.2 Running the unit tests	
	1.12.1 Setting up your environment	
	1.12 Unit and integration tests	
	1.11.19.3 Coming next	
	1.11.19.2 For SoCo developers	
	1.11.19.1 New features	
	1.11.19 SoCo 0.6 release notes	
	1.11.18.2 Backwards Compatability	
	1.11.18.1 New Features	 123
	1.11.18 SoCo 0.7 release notes	
	1.11.17.3 Backwards Compatability	
	1.11.17.2 Improvements	
	1.11.17.1 New Features	 121

SoCo (Sonos Controller) is a high level Python 3 library to control your Sonos ® speakers with:

```
# Import soco and get a SoCo instance
import soco
device = soco.discovery.any_soco()

# Get all albums from the music library that contains the word "Black"
# and add them to the queue
albums = device.music_library.get_albums(search_term='Black')
for album in albums:
    print('Added:', album.title)
    device.add_to_queue(album)

# Dial up the volume (just a bit) and play
device.volume += 10
device.play()
```

To get up and running quickly with *SoCo*, start by reading the *getting started* page, with *installation instructions* and a small *tutorial* and then wet your appetite with the *micro examples*. Then optionally follow up with any of the advanced topics that pique your interest: *Speaker Topologies*, *Events* and *UPnP Services*. Finally dive into the *the full module reference documentation*.

If you have a question, start by consulting the FAQ. If your question remains unanswered, post a question in the SoCo/SoCo Gitter chat room or in the SoCo Google group.

If you are interested in participating in the development, plase read the development documentation and file a bug or make a pull request on Github.

User Documentation 1

2 User Documentation

CHAPTER 1

Contents

1.1 Getting started

This section will help you to quickly get started with SoCo.

1.1.1 Installation

SoCo can be installed either with pip (recommended) or manually.

1.1.1.1 From PyPI with pip

The easiest way to install SoCo, is to install it from PyPI with the program pip. This can be done with the command:

```
pip install soco
```

This will automatically take care of installing any dependencies you need.

1.1.1.2 Manual installation from .tar.gz file

SoCo can also be installed manually from the .tar.gz file. First, find the latest version of SoCo on PyPI and download the .tar.gz file at the bottom of the page. After that, extract the content and move into the extracted folder. As an example, for SoCo 0.11.1 and on a Unix type system, this can be done with the following commands:

```
wget https://pypi.python.org/packages/source/s/soco/soco-0.11.1.tar.gz

→#md5=73187104385f04d18ce3e56853bele0c
tar zxvf soco-0.11.1.tar.gz
cd soco-0.11.1/
```

Have a look inside the requirements.txt file. You will need to install the dependencies listed in that file yourself. See the documentation for the individual dependencies for installation instructions.

After the requirements are in place, the package can be install with the command:

```
python setup.py install
```

1.1.1.3 After installation check

After installation, open a Python interpreter and check that soco can be imported and that your Sonos® players can be discovered:

```
>>> import soco
>>> soco.discover()
set([SoCo("192.168.0.16"), SoCo("192.168.0.17"), SoCo("192.168.0.10")])
```

1.1.2 Tutorial

SoCo allows you to control your Sonos sound system from a Python program. For a quick start have a look at the example applications that come with the library.

1.1.2.1 Discovery

For discovering the Sonos devices in your network, use soco.discover().

```
>>> import soco
>>> speakers = soco.discover()
```

It returns a set of soco. SoCo instances, each representing a speaker in your network.

1.1.2.2 Music

You can use those SoCo instances to inspect and interact with your speakers.

```
>>> speaker = speakers.pop()
>>> speaker.player_name
'Living Room'
>>> speaker.ip_address
u'192.168.0.129'

>>> speaker.volume
10
>>> speaker.volume = 15
>>> speaker.play()
```

See for soco.Soco for all methods that are available for a speaker.

1.2 Examples

4

This page contains collection of small examples to show of the features of *SoCo* and hopefully get you well started with the library.

All examples are shown as if entered in the Python interpreter (as apposed to executed from a file) because that makes it easy to incorporate output in the code listings.

All the examples from *Playback control* and forward assume that you have followed one of the examples in *Getting your devices* and therefore already have a variable named device that points to a soco. SoCo instance.

1.2.1 Getting your devices

1.2.1.1 Getting all your devices

To get all your devices use the soco.discover () function:

```
>>> import soco

>>> devices = soco.discover()

>>> devices

set([SoCo("192.168.0.10"), SoCo("192.168.0.30"), SoCo("192.168.0.17")])

>>> device = devices.pop()

>>> device

SoCo("192.168.0.16")
```

1.2.1.2 Getting any device

To get any device use the <code>soco.discovery.any_soco()</code> function. This can be useful for cases where you really do not care which one you get, you just need one e.g. to query for music library information:

```
>>> import soco
>>> device = soco.discovery.any_soco()
>>> device
SoCo("192.168.0.16")
```

1.2.1.3 Getting a named device

Getting a device by player name can be done with the soco.discovery.by_name() function:

```
>>> from soco.discovery import by_name
>>> device = by_name("Living Room")
>>> device
SoCo("192.168.1.18")
```

1.2.2 Handling groups of devices

1.2.2.1 Information about a group

To get information about a group, pick a device and use the all_groups property:

```
>>> import soco
>>> devices = {device.player_name: device for device in soco.discover()}
>>> devices
{'Living Room': SoCo("192.168.1.47"), 'Office': SoCo("192.168.1.48")}
>>> devices['Living Room'].all_groups
{ZoneGroup(uid='RINCON_347E5C68F04001400:2900176654', coordinator=SoCo("192.168.1.48")), members={SoCo("192.168.1.48")}),
ZoneGroup(uid='RINCON_7828CAF58E6E01400:3613865501', coordinator=SoCo("192.168.1.47")), members={SoCo("192.168.1.47")})
```

1.2. Examples 5

In the case above, there are two independent devices, one group for each device with the device as its only member.

1.2.2.2 Join/unjoin devices

You can use the join () method to join a device to another 'master' device:

```
>>> devices['Office'].join(devices['Living Room'])
>>> devices['Living Room'].all_groups
{ZoneGroup(uid='RINCON_7828CAF58E6E01400:3613865501', coordinator=SoCo("192.168.1.47"), members={SoCo("192.168.1.47"), SoCo("192.168.1.48")})}
```

Now, there is a single group composed of the two devices, with the Living Room device as the coordinator of the group.

Use the unjoin () method to unjoin a device in a group:

```
>>> devices['Living Room'].unjoin()
>>> devices['Living Room'].all_groups
{ZoneGroup(uid='RINCON_7828CAF58E6E01400:3613865501', coordinator=SoCo("192.168.1.48")), members={SoCo("192.168.1.48")}),
ZoneGroup(uid='RINCON_7828CAF58E6E01400:3613865502', coordinator=SoCo("192.168.1.47")), members={SoCo("192.168.1.47")})
```

1.2.2.3 Party mode

Use the partymode () method to join all the devices in your network into a single group, in one command:

```
>>> devices['Living Room'].partymode()
>>> devices['Living Room'].all_groups
{ZoneGroup(uid='RINCON_7828CAF58E6E01400:3613865501', coordinator=SoCo("192.168.1.47"), members={SoCo("192.168.1.47"), SoCo("192.168.1.48")})}
```

1.2.3 Playback control

1.2.3.1 Play, pause and stop

The normal play, pause and stop functionality is provided with similarly named methods (play()), pause() and stop()) on the SoCo instance and the current state is included in the output of $get_current_transport_info()$:

```
>>> device.get_current_transport_info()['current_transport_state']
'STOPPED'
>>> device.play()
>>> device.get_current_transport_info()['current_transport_state']
'PLAYING'
>>> device.pause()
>>> device.get_current_transport_info()['current_transport_state']
'PAUSED_PLAYBACK'
```

1.2.3.2 More playback control with next, previous and seek

Navigating to the next or previous track is similarly done with methods of the same name (next() and previous()) and information about the current position in the queue is contained in the output from

get_current_track_info():

```
>>> device.get_current_track_info()['playlist_position']
'29'
>>> device.next()
>>> device.get_current_track_info()['playlist_position']
'30'
>>> device.previous()
>>> device.get_current_track_info()['playlist_position']
'29'
```

Seeking is done with the <code>seek()</code> method. Note that the input for that method is a string on the form "HH:MM:SS" or "H:MM:SS". The current position is also contained in <code>get_current_track_info()</code>:

```
>>> device.get_current_track_info()['position']
'0:02:59'
>>> device.seek("0:00:30")
>>> device.get_current_track_info()['position']
'0:00:31'
```

1.2.3.3 Control of a group

Only the coordinator of a group can control playback (play, pause, stop, next, previous, seek commands) and manage the queue (add or remove track, clear the queue). A <code>SoCoSlaveException</code> exception will be raised if a master-only command is called on a non-coordinator device.

Other commands like volume, loudness and treble, mute, night mode can be controlled on each individual player in the group.

You can use the *is_coordinator* property to see if a device is the coordinator:

```
>>> devices['Living Room'].is_coordinator
True
```

From a device, you can get the coordinator of a group by using the *group* property of the *SoCo* instance, which returns a *ZoneGroup* instance allowing access to its *coordinator* property:

```
>>> devices['Living Room'].group.coordinator
SoCo("192.168.1.47")
>>> devices['Office'].group.coordinator
SoCo("192.168.1.47")
```

To set a group volume, use the <code>volume</code> property or the <code>set_relative_volume</code> () method:

```
>>> # let's define some aliases ...
>>> lr = devices['Living Room']
>>> of = devices['Office']
>>> lr.volume, of.volume
(17, 10)
>>> g = lr.group # alias to the group
>>> g.volume
13
>>> g.volume = 20
>>> lr.volume, of.volume
(27, 13)
```

1.2. Examples 7

1.2.4 Seeing and manipulating the queue

1.2.4.1 Getting the queue

Getting the queue is done with the get_queue() method:

```
>>> queue = device.get_queue()
>>> queue
Queue(items=[<DidlMusicTrack 'b'Blackened'' at 0x7f2237006dd8>, ..., <DidlMusicTrack

-> 'b'Dyers Eve'' at 0x7f2237006828>])
```

The returned *Queue* object is a sequence of items from the queue, meaning that it can be iterated over and its length aquired with len():

```
>>> len(queue)
9
>>> for item in queue:
... print(item.title)
...
Blackened
...and Justice for All
Eye of the Beholder
One
The Shortest Straw
Harvester of Sorrow
The Frayed Ends of Sanity
To Live Is to Die
Dyers Eve
```

The queue object also has total_matches and number_returned attributes, which are used to figure out whether paging is required in order to get all elements of the queue. See the ListOfMusicInfoItems docstring for details.

1.2.4.2 Clearing the queue

Clearing the queue is done with the clear_queue() method as follows:

```
>>> queue = device.get_queue()
>>> len(queue)
9
>>> device.clear_queue()
>>> queue = device.get_queue()
>>> len(queue)
0
```

1.2.5 Listing and deleting music library shares

Music library shares are the local network drive shares connected to Sonos, which host the audio content in the Sonos Music Library.

To list the shares connected to Sonos, use the list library shares () method as follows:

```
>>> device.music_library.list_library_shares()
['//share_host_01/music', '//share_host_02/music']
```

The result is a list of network share locations.

To delete a network share, use the <code>delete_library_share()</code> method as follows:

```
>>> device.music_library.delete_library_share('//share_host_01/music')
```

You may want to check that the deletion has succeeded, by waiting a few seconds, then confirming that the share has disappeared from the list of shares.

1.3 Frequently Asked Questions

This page contains answers to a few commonly asked questions.

1.3.1 Why can't I play a URI from music service X with the play_uri() method?

The play_uri() method is only for playing URI's with un-restricted access such as podcasts, certain radion stations or sound clips on webpages. In short, the play_uri() method is for anything that will play as a sound file in your browser without authentication.

To play music from a music service, you will need to go via the *music_service* module. Here you can search or browse to obtain music service items, which can be added to the queue and played.

1.3.2 Why can't I add a URI from music service X to the queue with the add_uri_to_queue() method?

See Why can't I play a URI from music service X with the play_uri() method?.

1.3.3 Can I make my Sonos® speaker play music from my local hard drive with SoCo?

At the face of it, *no*. Sonos® devices can only play music that is available on the network i.e. can be reached via a URI. So you have two options:

- 1. You can share your local music folder onto the network and add it to the Sonos® library as a part of your music collection, which can then be searched, browsed and played with SoCo.
- 2. You can cheat and make Python serve the files on the fly and play them as URIs. The play local files example shows one way in which this can be accomplished.

Warning: Note that this example is meant as a convenient way get started, but that no security precautions has been taken to e.g. prevent serving other files out into the local network. Take appropriate actions if this is a concern.

1.3.4 How can I save, then restore the previous playing Sonos state?

This is useful for scenarios such as when you want to switch to radio, an announcement or doorbell sound and then back to what was playing previously. Documentation of the Snapshot module.

SoCo provides a snapshot module that captures the current state of a player and then when requested re-instates that state. Examples of it's use are:

- basic snap example
- multi zone example

1.4 Plugins

Plugins can extend the functionality of SoCo.

1.4.1 Creating a Plugin

To write a plugin, simply extend the class soco.plugins.SoCoPlugin. The __init__ method of the plugin should accept an SoCo instance as the first positional argument, which it should pass to its super constructor.

The class soco.plugins.example.ExamplePlugin contains an example plugin implementation.

1.4.2 Using a Plugin

To use a plugin, it can be loaded and instantiated directly.

```
# create a plugin by normal instantiation
from soco.plugins.example import ExamplePlugin

# create a new plugin, pass the soco instance to it
myplugin = ExamplePlugin(soco, 'a user')

# do something with your plugin
print 'Testing', myplugin.name
myplugin.music_plugin_stop()
```

Alternatively a plugin can also be loaded by its name using SoCoPlugin.from_name().

1.4.3 The SoCoPlugin class

10

```
class soco.plugins.SoCoPlugin (soco)
   The base class for SoCo plugins.

name
        Human-readable name of the plugin

classmethod from_name (fullname, soco, *args, **kwargs)
        Instantiate a plugin by its full name.
```

1.5 Authors

1.5.1 Project Creator

SoCo was created in 2012 at Music Hack Day Sydney by Rahim Sonawalla

1.5.2 Maintainers

- Lawrence Akka
- Stefan Kögl
- · Kenneth Nielsen
- David Harding

1.5.3 Contributors

(alphabetical)

- Petter Aas
- Murali Allada
- Joel Björkman
- Aaron Daubman
- · Johan Elmerfjord
- David Harding
- Jeff Hinrichs
- Jeroen Idserda
- Hugo van Kemenade
- Todd Neal
- nixscripter
- Kenneth Nielsen
- Dave O'Connor
- Dennnis O'Reilly
- phut
- Dan Poirier
- Jason Ting
- Peter Toft (pwt)
- Scott G Waters

1.5. Authors 11

1.6 Speaker Topologies

Sonos speakers can be grouped together, and existing groups can be inspected.

Topology is available from each soco. SoCo instance.

```
>>> my_player.group
ZoneGroup(
    uid='RINCON_000E5879136C01400:58',
    coordinator=SoCo("192.168.1.101"),
    members={SoCo("192.168.1.101"), SoCo("192.168.1.102")}
)
```

A group of speakers is represented by a soco.groups.ZoneGroup.

1.6.1 Zone Group

Each ZoneGroup contains its coordinator

```
>>> my_player.group.coordinator
SoCo("192.168.1.101")
```

which is again a soco. SoCo instance

```
>>> my_player.group.coordinator.player_name
Kitchen
```

A ZoneGroup also contains a set of members.

```
>>> my_player.group.members {SoCo("192.168.1.101"), SoCo("192.168.1.102")}
```

For convenience, ZoneGroup is also a container:

```
>>> for player in my_player.group:
... print(player.player_name)
Living Room
Kitchen
```

If you need it, you can get an iterator over all groups on the network:

```
>>> my_player.all_groups <generator object all_groups at 0x108cf0c30>
```

1.7 UPnP Services

Sonos devices offer several UPnP services which are accessible from classes in the soco.services module.

- soco.services.AlarmClock
- soco.services.MusicServices
- soco.services.DeviceProperties
- soco.services.SystemProperties

- soco.services.ZoneGroupTopology
- soco.services.GroupManagement
- soco.services.QPlay
- soco.services.ContentDirectory
- soco.services.MS ConnectionManager
- soco.services.RenderingControl
- soco.services.MR_ConnectionManager
- soco.services.AVTransport
- soco.services.Queue
- soco.services.GroupRenderingControl

All services take a soco. Soco instance as their first parameter.

1.7.1 Inspecting

To get a list of supported actions you can call the service's <code>soco.services.Service.iter_actions()</code>. It yields the service's actions with their in_arguments (ie parameters to pass to the action) and out_arguments (ie returned values).

Each action is an soco.services.Action namedtuple, consisting of action_name (a string), in_args (a list of soco.services.Argument namedtuples consisting of name and argtype), and out args (ditto), eg:

1.7.2 Events

You can subscribe to the events of a service using the <code>soco.services.Service.subscribe()</code> method. See <code>Events</code> for details.

1.8 Events

1.8.1 The events_twisted module

The <code>soco.events_twisted</code> module has been provided for those wanting to use soco in an application built on the twisted framework who want the event listener also to be implemented using twisted. The <code>soco.events_twisted</code> page contains an example of how to use the module.

The event listener is an HTTP server that receives event notifications from sonos devices. In the <code>soco.events</code> module, it is implemented using threading and requests. The <code>soco.events</code> module will apply by default, unless <code>config.EVENTS_MODULE</code> is set to point to the <code>soco.events_twisted</code> module.

Twisted is not a soco dependency. The existence of the events_twisted module is not a recommendation or endorsement of twisted. The events twisted module has been provided because there are some soco users who use twisted.

If you wish to use events_twisted, it is assumed you already use and are familiar with the twisted framework. No guidance is provided here on how to install or use twisted.

The main differences between soco.events_twisted and soco.events are:

• soco.events_twisted uses twisted, rather than requests, for making and receiving HTTP calls. Network calls in events_twisted return at once without blocking

1.8. Events 13

- in soco.events_twisted, the event listener runs in the main thread of execution. Threading is not used
- soco.events_twisted requires a twisted reactor to be running in the application into which it is imported. It will not install or start a reactor
- soco.events_twisted is not threadsafe and should run in the main thread of execution. Therefore, subscribing to events should happen in the main thread of execution. In part, this is because a Deferred is not threadsafe
- in soco.events_twisted, if the requested port is not available, the event_listener will automatically try the next port, within a maximum range of 100 of the port initially requested
- in <code>soco.events_twisted</code>, subscribe, renew and unsubscribe return a Deferred the result of which will be the <code>soco.events_twisted.Subscription</code> instance. The Subscription can be accessed by adding a callback to receive it. In addition, Deferred.subscription is set to refer to the Subscription. This is a simpler and quicker way to get the Subscription
- in <code>soco.events_twisted</code>, Subscription.callback can be set to refer to a function that will be called each time a <code>soco.events_base.Event</code> is received by the Subscription. The callback will be passed the Event as the only parameter. This is likely to be the most convenient way to receive Events. If Subscription.callback is not set, or is not callable, Events will be put on the Subscription's event queue, in the same way as for the events module.

Please note that all network calls in soco (other than those in events_twisted) are made using the requests library, which blocks. In an application based on twisted, it may be desirable to make these network calls asynchronously, so they do not block. Two solutions to consider are (a) to use threads when calling other potentially blocking soco methods or (b) to use a subprocess to handle calls to soco. Twisted provides the deferToThread method for deferring potentially blocking methods to a thread. If a subprocess is to be used, there will need to be a protocol for communication between the subprocess and the main application. For a DIY solution, twisted's NetstringReceiver may be a useful starting point.

1.8.2 The events_asyncio module

The soco.events_asyncio module has been provided for those wanting to use asyncio for event handling. The soco.events_asyncio page contains an example of how to use the module.

You can receive events about changes on the Sonos network.

The soco.services.Service.subscribe() method of a service now returns a soco.events. Subscription object. To unsubscribe, call the soco.events.Subscription.unsubscribe() method on the returned object.

Each subscription has its own queue. Events relevant to that subscription are put onto that queue, which can be accessed from subscription.events.get().

Some XML parsing is done for you when you retrieve an event from the event queue. The get and get_nowait methods will return a dict with keys which are the evented variables and values which are the values sent by the event.

See the events_twisted module page for more information about soco.events_twisted.

See the events_asyncio module page for more information about soco.events_asyncio.

1.8.3 Example: setting up

1.8.3.1 soco.events

```
from queue import Empty
import soco
from soco.events import event_listener
import logging
logging.basicConfig(level=logging.DEBUG)
# pick a device
device = soco.discover().pop()
# Subscribe to ZGT events
sub = device.zoneGroupTopology.subscribe()
# print out the events as they arise
while True:
    try:
        event = sub.events.get(timeout=0.5)
        print (event)
        print(event.sid)
        print(event.seq)
    except Empty:
       pass
    except KeyboardInterrupt:
       sub.unsubscribe()
        event_listener.stop()
        break
```

1.8.3.2 soco.events_twisted

```
import soco
from soco import events_twisted
soco.config.EVENTS_MODULE = events_twisted
from twisted.internet import reactor
import logging
logging.basicConfig(level=logging.DEBUG)
def print_event(event):
   print (event)
   print(event.sid)
   print (event.seq)
def main():
    # pick a device
   device = soco.discover().pop()
    # Subscribe to ZGT events
    sub = device.zoneGroupTopology.subscribe().subscription
    # print out the events as they arise
   sub.callback = print_event
    def before_shutdown():
        sub.unsubscribe()
        events_twisted.event_listener.stop()
    reactor.addSystemEventTrigger(
        'before', 'shutdown', before_shutdown)
    __name__=='___main___':
                                                                           (continues on next page)
```

1.8. Events 15

(continued from previous page)

reactor.callWhenRunning(main)
reactor.run()

1.8.3.3 soco.events_asyncio

See soco.events_asyncio for a setup example.

1.8.4 Examples: specific features

1.8.4.1 Autorenewal

A Subscription may be granted by the Sonos system for a finite time. Unless it is renewed before it times out, the subscription will become defunct once it times out. To avoid this, the autorenewal feature can be used. If the autorenew flag is set to True, the subscription will automatically renew when 85% of its time has expired.

soco.events:

```
sub = device.renderingControl.subscribe(auto_renew=True)
```

soco.events_twisted:

sub = device.renderingControl.subscribe(auto_renew=True).subscription

1.8.4.2 Timeout

When subscribing for events, a timeout of a specific duration can be requested.

soco.events:

```
sub = device.renderingControl.subscribe(requested_timeout=60) # 60 seconds
```

soco.events_twisted:

sub = device.renderingControl.subscribe(requested_timeout=60).subscription

1.8.4.3 Renewal

To renew without relying on autorenewal, the renew method can be used:

sub.renew(requested_timeout=10)

1.8.4.4 Autorenew failure

If you want your application to respond to an autorenew failure (for example if the Sonos system dropped off the network), you can set an optional callback that will be called with the exception that occurred on the attempted autorenew:

```
import logging
logging.basicConfig()
log = logging.getLogger(__name__)

def errback(exception): # events_twisted: failure
    msg = 'Error received on autorenew: {}'.format(str(exception))
    # Redundant, as the exception will be logged by the events module
    log.exception(msg)

sub.auto_renew_fail=errback
```

Note: In soco.events the auto_renew_fail function will be called from a thread, so it must be threadsafe.

1.8.4.5 Lenient error handling

By default, if an exception occurs when subscribing, renewing or unsubscribing a subscription, the exception will be raised. This can be changed so the exception is logged instead, by setting the strict flag to be false:

```
sub.unsubscribe(strict=False)
```

1.8.4.6 Events_twisted: adding callbacks and errbacks

If the events_twisted module is used, subscribe, renew and unsubscribe return a Deferred, the result of which will be the *Subscription* instance. Callbacks and errbacks can be added in the usual way:

```
device.renderingControl.subscribe().addCallback(myCallback).addErrback(
    myErrback)
```

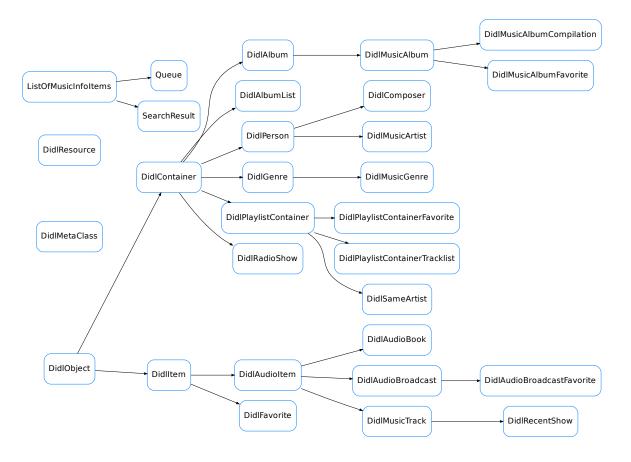
1.9 The Music Library Data Structures

This page contains a thorough introduction to the data structures used for the music library items¹. The data structures are implemented in the <code>soco.data_structures</code> module and they are used to represent the metadata for music items, such as music tracks, albums, genres and playlists.

Many music related items have a lot of metadata in common. For example, a music track and an album may both have artist and title metadata. It is therefore possible and useful to derive a hierarchy of items, and to implement them as a class hierarchy. The hierarchy which Sonos has adopted is represented by the DIDL Lite xml schema (DIDL stands for 'Digital Item Description Language'. For more details, see the UPnP specifications (PDF).

In the data_structures module, each class represents a particular DIDL-Lite object and is illustrated in *the figure below*. The black lines are the lines of inheritance, going from left to right.

¹ Text of the first footnote.



All data structures are subclasses of the abstract <code>Didl Object item</code> class. You should never need to instantiate this directly. The subclasses are divided into <code>Containers</code> and <code>Items</code>. In general, <code>Containers</code> are things, like playlists, which are intended to contain other items.

At the bottom of the class hierarchy are 10 types of <code>DIDL items</code>. On each of these classes, relevant metadata items are available as attributes (though they may be implemented as properties). Each has a title, a <code>URI</code>, an <code>item id</code> and a <code>UPnP class</code>. Some have other attributes. For example, <code>DidlMusicTrack</code> and <code>DidlMusicAlbum</code> have some extra fields such as <code>album_art_uri</code> and <code>creator</code>.

One of the more important attributes which each class has is didl_metadata. It is used to produce the metadata that is sent to the Sonos® units in the form of XML. This metadata is created in an almost identical way for each class, which is why it is implemented in <code>DidlObject</code>. It uses the URI, the UPnP class and the title that the items are instantiated with, along with the two class variables <code>parent_id</code> and <code>_translation</code>.

1.10 soco package

1.10.1 Subpackages

1.10.1.1 soco.music services package

Submodules

soco.music services.accounts module

This module contains classes relating to Third Party music services.

class soco.music_services.accounts.Account

An account for a Music Service.

Each service may have more than one account: see the Sonos release notes for version 5-2

service_type = None

A unique identifier for the music service to which this account relates, eg '2311' for Spotify.

Type str

serial_number = None

A unique identifier for this account

Type str

nickname = None

The account's nickname

Type str

deleted = None

True if this account has been deleted

Type bool

username = None

The username used for logging into the music service

Type str

metadata = None

Metadata for the account

Type str

oa_device_id = None

Used for OpenAuth id for some services

Type str

key = None

Used for OpenAuthid for some services

Type str

classmethod get_accounts(soco=None)

Get all accounts known to the Sonos system.

Parameters soco (SoCo, optional) – a SoCo instance to query. If None, a random instance is used. Defaults to None.

Returns A dict containing account instances. Each key is the account's serial number, and each value is the related Account instance. Accounts which have been marked as deleted are excluded.

Return type dict

Note: Any existing Account instance will have its attributes updated to those currently stored on the Sonos system.

```
classmethod get_accounts_for_service(service_type)
```

Get a list of accounts for a given music service.

Parameters service_type (*str*) – The service_type to use.

Returns A list of Account instances.

Return type list

soco.music services.music service module

Sonos Music Services interface.

This module provides the MusicService class and related functionality.

A SOAP client for accessing Music Services.

This class handles all the necessary authentication for accessing third party music services. You are unlikely to need to use it yourself.

Parameters

- **endpoint** (*str*) The SOAP endpoint. A url.
- **timeout** (*int*) Timeout the connection after this number of seconds.
- music_service (MusicService) The MusicService object to which this client belongs.

get_soap_header()

Generate the SOAP authentication header for the related service.

This header contains all the necessary authentication details.

Returns

A string representation of the XML content of the SOAP header.

Return type str

```
call (method, args=None)
```

Call a method on the server.

Parameters

- **method** (str) The name of the method to call.
- args (List[Tuple[str, str]] or None) A list of (parameter, value) pairs representing the parameters of the method. Defaults to None.

Returns An OrderedDict representing the response.

Return type OrderedDict

Raises MusicServiceException – containing details of the error returned by the music service.

class soco.music_services.music_service.**MusicService**(service_name, account=None)

The MusicService class provides access to third party music services.

Example

List all the services Sonos knows about:

```
>>> from soco.music_services import MusicService
>>> print (MusicService.get_all_music_services_names())
['Spotify', 'The Hype Machine', 'Saavn', 'Bandcamp',
    'Stitcher SmartRadio', 'Concert Vault',
    ...
]
```

Or just those to which you are subscribed:

```
>>> print (MusicService.get_subscribed_services_names())
['Spotify', 'radioPup', 'Spreaker']
```

Interact with TuneIn:

```
>>> tunein = MusicService('TuneIn')
>>> print (tunein)
<MusicService 'TuneIn' at 0x10ad84e10>
```

Browse an item. By default, the root item is used. An OrderedDict is returned:

```
>>> from json import dumps # Used for pretty printing ordereddicts
>>> print(dumps(tunein.get_metadata(), indent=4))
    "index": "0",
    "count": "7",
    "total": "7",
    "mediaCollection": [
            "id": "featured:c100000150",
            "title": "Blue Note on SONOS",
            "itemType": "container",
            "authRequired": "false",
            "canPlay": "false",
            "canEnumerate": "true",
            "canCache": "true",
            "homogeneous": "false",
            "canAddToFavorite": "false",
            "canScroll": "false",
            "albumArtURI":
            "http://cdn-albums.tunein.com/sonos/channel_legacy.png"
            "id": "y1",
            "title": "Music",
            "itemType": "container",
            "authRequired": "false",
            "canPlay": "false",
            "canEnumerate": "true",
            "canCache": "true",
            "homogeneous": "false",
            "canAddToFavorite": "false",
            "canScroll": "false",
            "albumArtURI": "http://cdn-albums.tunein.com/sonos...
            .png"
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```
},
...
1
}
```

Interact with Spotify (assuming you are subscribed):

```
>>> spotify = MusicService('Spotify')
```

Get some metadata about a specific track:

```
>>> response = spotify.get_media_metadata(
... item_id='spotify:track:6NmXV4o6bmp704aPGyTVVG')
>>> print(dumps(response, indent=4))
    "mediaMetadata": {
        "id": "spotify:track:6NmXV4o6bmp704aPGyTVVG",
        "itemType": "track",
        "title": "Bøn Fra Helvete (Live)",
        "mimeType": "audio/x-spotify",
        "trackMetadata": {
            "artistId": "spotify:artist:1s1DnVoBDfp3jxjjew8cBR",
            "artist": "Kaizers Orchestra",
            "albumId": "spotify:album:6K8NUknbPh5TGaKeZdDwSq",
            "album": "Mann Mot Mann (Ep)",
            "duration": "317",
            "albumArtURI":
            "http://o.scdn.co/image/7b76a5074416e83fa3f3cd...9",
            "canPlay": "true",
            "canSkip": "true",
            "canAddToFavorites": "true"
    }
or even a playlist:
```

```
>>> response = spotify.get_metadata(
... item_id='spotify:user:spotify:playlist:0FQk6BADgIIYd3yTLCThjg')
```

Find the available search categories, and use them:

```
>>> print(spotify.available_search_categories)
['albums', 'tracks', 'artists']
>>> result = spotify.search(category='artists', term='miles')
```

Note: Some of this code is still unstable, and in particular the data structures returned by methods such as get_metadata may change in future.

Parameters

- **service_name** (*str*) The name of the music service, as returned by *get_all_music_services_names*(), **eg** 'Spotify', or 'TuneIn'
- account (Account) The account to use to access this service. If none is specified, one will be chosen automatically if possible. Defaults to None.

Raises MusicServiceException

classmethod get_all_music_services_names()

Get a list of the names of all available music services.

These services have not necessarily been subscribed to.

Returns A list of strings.

Return type list

classmethod get_subscribed_services_names()

Get a list of the names of all subscribed music services.

Returns A list of strings.

Return type list

classmethod get_data_for_name(service_name)

Get the data relating to a named music service.

Parameters service_name (str) - The name of the music service for which data is required.

Returns Data relating to the music service.

Return type dict

Raises MusicServiceException - if the music service cannot be found.

available_search_categories

The list of search categories (each a string) supported.

May include 'artists', 'albums', 'tracks', 'playlists', 'genres', 'stations', 'tags', or others depending on the service. Some services, such as Spotify, support 'all', but do not advertise it.

Any of the categories in this list may be used as a value for category in search ().

Example

```
>>> print(spotify.available_search_categories)
['albums', 'tracks', 'artists']
>>> result = spotify.search(category='artists', term='miles')
```

Type list

sonos_uri_from_id(item_id)

Get a uri which can be sent for playing.

Parameters item_id (str) - The unique id of a playable item for this music service, such as that returned in the metadata from get_metadata, eg spotify:track:2qs5ZcLByNTctJKbhAZ9JE

Returns A URI of the form: soco://spotify%3Atrack %3A2qs5ZcLByNTctJKbhAZ9JE?sid=2311&sn=1 which encodes the item_id, and relevant data from the account for the music service. This URI can be sent to a Sonos device for playing, and the device itself will retrieve all the necessary metadata such as title, album etc.

Return type str

desc

The Sonos descriptor to use for this service.

The Sonos descriptor is used as the content of the <desc> tag in DIDL metadata, to indicate the relevant music service id and username.

```
Type str
```

```
get_metadata(item='root', index=0, count=100, recursive=False)
```

Get metadata for a container or item.

Parameters

- item (str or MusicServiceItem) The container or item to browse given either as a MusicServiceItem instance or as a str. Defaults to the root item.
- index (int) The starting index. Default 0.
- **count** (*int*) The maximum number of items to return. Default 100.
- **recursive** (bool) Whether the browse should recurse into sub-items (Does not always work). Defaults to False.

Returns The item or container's metadata, or None.

Return type OrderedDict

See also:

The Sonos getMetadata API.

```
search (category, term=", index=0, count=100)
```

Search for an item in a category.

Parameters

- **category** (str) The search category to use. Standard Sonos search categories are 'artists', 'albums', 'tracks', 'playlists', 'genres', 'stations', 'tags'. Not all are available for each music service. Call available_search_categories for a list for this service.
- term (str) The term to search for.
- **index** (*int*) The starting index. Default 0.
- **count** (*int*) The maximum number of items to return. Default 100.

Returns The search results, or None.

Return type OrderedDict

See also:

The Sonos search API

get_media_metadata(item_id)

Get metadata for a media item.

Parameters item_id (str) - The item for which metadata is required.

Returns The item's metadata, or None

Return type OrderedDict

See also:

The Sonos getMediaMetadata API

```
get_media_uri(item_id)
```

Get a streaming URI for an item.

Note: You should not need to use this directly. It is used by the Sonos players (not the controllers) to obtain the uri of the media stream. If you want to have a player play a media item, you should add add it to the queue using its id and let the player work out where to get the stream from (see On Demand Playback and Programmed Radio)

Parameters item_id (str) - The item for which the URI is required

Returns The item's streaming URI.

Return type str

get_last_update()

Get last_update details for this music service.

Returns A dict with keys 'catalog', and 'favorites'. The value of each is a string which changes each time the catalog or favorites change. You can use this to detect when any caches need to be updated.

Return type OrderedDict

${\tt get_extended_metadata}\ (item_id)$

Get extended metadata for a media item, such as related items.

Parameters item id (str) – The item for which metadata is required.

Returns The item's extended metadata or None.

Return type OrderedDict

See also:

The Sonos getExtendedMetadata API

```
get_extended_metadata_text (item_id, metadata_type)
```

Get extended metadata text for a media item.

Parameters

- item_id (str) The item for which metadata is required
- $metadata_type$ (str) The type of text to return, eg
- or 'ALBUM_NOTES'. Calling('ARTIST_BIO',)-
- for the item will show which extended (get_extended_metadata)
- are available (metadata_types) -

Returns The item's extended metadata text or None

Return type str

See also:

The Sonos getExtendedMetadataText API

```
soco.music_services.music_service.desc_from_uri(uri)
```

Create the content of DIDL desc element from a uri.

```
Parameters uri (str) - A uri, eg: 'x-sonos-http:track%3a3402413.mp3?
    sid=2&flags=32&sn=4'
```

Returns

The content of a desc element for that uri, eg 'SA_RINCON519_email@example. com'

Return type str

1.10.1.2 soco.plugins package

Submodules

soco.plugins.example module

Example implementation of a plugin.

```
class soco.plugins.example.ExamplePlugin (soco, username)
```

This file serves as an example of a SoCo plugin.

Initialize the plugin.

The plugin can accept any arguments it requires. It should at least accept a soco instance which it passes on to the base class when calling super's __init__.

name

Human-readable name of the plugin

```
music_plugin_play()
```

Play some music.

This is just a reimplementation of the ordinary play function, to show how we can use the general upnp methods from soco

```
music_plugin_stop()
```

Stop the music.

This methods shows how, if we need it, we can use the soco functionality from inside the plugins

soco.plugins.spotify module

The Spotify plugin has been DEPRECATED

The Spotify Plugin has been immediately deprecated (August 2016), because the API it was based on (The Spotify Metadata API) has been ended. Since this rendered the plug-in broken, there was no need to forewarn of the deprecation.

Please consider moving to the new general music services code (in soco.music_services.music_service), that makes it possible to retrived information about the available media from all music services. A short intro for how to use the new code is available in the API documentation:

• http://docs.python-soco.com/en/latest/api/soco.music_services.music_service.html

and for some information about how to add items from the music services to the queue, see this gist:

https://gist.github.com/lawrenceakka/2d21dca590b4fa7e3af2"

This deprecation notification will be deleted for the second release after 0.12.

soco.plugins.wimp module

Plugin for the Wimp music service (Service ID 20)

```
class soco.plugins.wimp.Wimp(soco, username, retries=3, timeout=3.0) Class that implements a Wimp plugin.
```

Note: There is an (apparent) in-consistency in the use of one data type from the Wimp service. When searching for playlists, the XML returned by the Wimp server indicates, that the type is an 'album list', and it thus suggest, that this type is used for a list of tracks (as expected for a playlist), and this data type is reported to be playable. However, when browsing the music tree, the Wimp server will return items of 'album list' type, but in this case it is used for a list of albums and it is not playable. This plugin maintains this (apparent) in-consistency to stick as close to the reported data as possible, so search for playlists returns MSAlbumList that are playable and while browsing the content tree the MSAlbumList items returned to you are not playable.

Note: Wimp in some cases lists tracks that are not available. In these cases, while it will correctly report these tracks as not being playable, the containing data structure like e.g. the album they are on may report that they are playable. Trying to add one of these to the queue will return a SoCoUPnPException with error code '802'.

Initialize the plugin.

Parameters

- soco The soco instance to retrieve the session ID for the music service
- **username** (str) The username for the music service
- retries (int) The number of times to retry before giving up
- **timeout** (*float*) The time to wait for the post to complete, before timing out. The Wimp server seems either slow to respond or to make the queries internally, so the timeout should probably not be shorter than 3 seconds.

Type soco.SoCo

Note: If you are using a phone number as the username and are experiencing problems connecting, then try to prepend the area code (no + or 00). I.e. if your phone number is 12345678 and you are from denmark, then use 4512345678. This must be set up the same way in the Sonos device. For details see here (In Danish)

name

Return the human read-able name for the plugin

username

Return the username.

service_id

Return the service id.

description

Return the music service description for the DIDL metadata on the form 'SA_RINCON5127_...self.username...'

get_tracks (search, start=0, max_items=100)

Search for tracks.

See get_music_service_information for details on the arguments

get_albums (search, start=0, max_items=100)

Search for albums.

See get_music_service_information for details on the arguments

get_artists (search, start=0, max_items=100)

Search for artists.

See get_music_service_information for details on the arguments

get_playlists (search, start=0, max_items=100)

Search for playlists.

See get_music_service_information for details on the arguments.

Note: Un-intuitively this method returns MSAlbumList items. See note in class doc string for details.

get_music_service_information (search_type, search, start=0, max_items=100)

Search for music service information items.

Parameters

- **search_type** (*str*) The type of search to perform, possible values are: 'artists', 'albums', 'tracks' and 'playlists'
- **search** (str) The search string to use
- **start** (*int*) The starting index of the returned items
- max_items (int) The maximum number of returned items

Note: Un-intuitively the playlist search returns MSAlbumList items. See note in class doc string for details.

browse (ms_item=None)

Return the sub-elements of item or of the root if item is None

Parameters item - Instance of sub-class of soco.data_structures.

MusicServiceItem. This object must have item_id, service_id and extended_id properties

Note: Browsing a MSTrack item will return itself.

Note: This plugin cannot yet set the parent ID of the results correctly when browsing soco. data_structures.MSFavorites and soco.data_structures.MSCollection elements.

static id_to_extended_id(item_id, item_class)

Return the extended ID from an ID.

Parameters

- item_id (str) The ID of the music library item
- cls (Sub-class of soco.data_structures.MusicServiceItem) The class of the music service item

The extended id can be something like 00030020trackid_22757082 where the id is just trackid_22757082. For classes where the prefix is not known returns None.

```
static form_uri(item_content, item_class)
```

Form the URI for a music service element.

Parameters

- item_content (dict) The content dict of the item
- item_class (Sub-class of soco.data_structures.MusicServiceItem) The class of the item

soco.plugins.sharelink module

```
ShareLink Plugin.
```

```
class soco.plugins.sharelink.ShareClass
```

Base class for supported services.

```
canonical_uri(uri)
```

Recognize a share link and return its canonical representation.

Parameters uri (str) - A URI like "https://tidal.com/browse/album/157273956".

Returns The canonical URI or None if not recognized.

Return type str

service_number()

Return the service number.

Returns A number identifying the supported music service.

Return type int

static magic()

Return magic.

Returns Magic prefix/key/class values for each share type.

Return type dict

```
extract (uri)
```

Extract the share type and encoded URI from a share link.

Returns The shared type, like "album" or "track". encoded_uri: An escaped URI with a service-specific format.

Return type share_type

```
class soco.plugins.sharelink.SpotifyShare
```

Spotify share class.

```
{\tt canonical\_uri}\,(uri)
```

Recognize a share link and return its canonical representation.

Parameters uri (str) - A URI like "https://tidal.com/browse/album/157273956".

Returns The canonical URI or None if not recognized.

Return type str

service number()

Return the service number.

Returns A number identifying the supported music service.

Return type int

extract (uri)

Extract the share type and encoded URI from a share link.

Returns The shared type, like "album" or "track". encoded_uri: An escaped URI with a service-specific format.

Return type share_type

class soco.plugins.sharelink.SpotifyUSShare

Spotify US share class.

service_number()

Return the service number.

Returns A number identifying the supported music service.

Return type int

class soco.plugins.sharelink.TIDALShare

TIDAL share class.

canonical_uri(uri)

Recognize a share link and return its canonical representation.

Parameters uri (str) – A URI like "https://tidal.com/browse/album/157273956".

Returns The canonical URI or None if not recognized.

Return type str

service_number()

Return the service number.

Returns A number identifying the supported music service.

Return type int

extract (uri)

Extract the share type and encoded URI from a share link.

Returns The shared type, like "album" or "track". encoded_uri: An escaped URI with a service-specific format.

Return type share_type

class soco.plugins.sharelink.ShareLinkPlugin(soco)

A SoCo plugin for playing Spotify/Tidal share links.

Initialize the plugin.

name

Human-readable name of the plugin

is_share_link(uri)

bool: Is the URI for a supported music service.

add_share_link_to_queue (uri, position=0, as_next=False)

Add a Spotify/Tidal/... item to the queue.

This is similar to soco.add_uri_to_queue() but will work with music service share links that do not directly point to sound files.

Parameters

- uri (str) A URI like "spotify:album:6wiUBliPe76YAVpNEdidpY".
- **position** (*int*) The index (1-based) at which the URI should be added. Default is 0 (add URI at the end of the queue).
- **as_next** (bool) Whether this URI should be played as the next track in shuffle mode. This only works if "play_mode=SHUFFLE".

Returns The index of the new item in the queue.

Return type int

Module contents

```
This is the __init__ module for the plugins.
```

It contains the base class for all plugins

```
class soco.plugins.SoCoPlugin(soco)
```

The base class for SoCo plugins.

name

Human-readable name of the plugin

```
{\tt classmethod\ from\_name}\ (\mathit{fullname}, soco, *args, **kwargs)
```

Instantiate a plugin by its full name.

1.10.2 Submodules

1.10.2.1 soco.alarms module

This module contains classes relating to Sonos Alarms.

```
soco.alarms.is_valid_recurrence(text)
```

Check that text is a valid recurrence string.

A valid recurrence string is DAILY, ONCE, WEEKDAYS, WEEKENDS or of the form ON_DDDDDD where D is a number from 0-6 representing a day of the week (Sunday is 0), e.g. ON_034 meaning Sunday, Wednesday and Thursday

Parameters text (str) – the recurrence string to check.

Returns True if the recurrence string is valid, else False.

Return type bool

Examples

```
>>> from soco.alarms import is_valid_recurrence
>>> is_valid_recurrence('WEEKENDS')
True
>>> is_valid_recurrence('')
False
>>> is_valid_recurrence('ON_132') # Mon, Tue, Wed
True
>>> is_valid_recurrence('ON_666') # Sat
True
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```
>>> is_valid_recurrence('ON_3421') # Mon, Tue, Wed, Thur
True
>>> is_valid_recurrence('ON_123456789') # Too many digits
False
```

Alarms may be created or updated and saved to, or removed from the Sonos system. An alarm is not automatically saved. Call <code>save()</code> to do that.

Example

```
>>> device = discovery.any_soco()
>>> # create an alarm with default properties
>>> alarm = Alarm(device)
>>> print alarm.volume
>>> print get_alarms()
set([])
>>> # save the alarm to the Sonos system
>>> alarm.save()
>>> print get_alarms()
set([<Alarm id:88@15:26:15 at 0x107abb090>])
>>> # update the alarm
>>> alarm.recurrence = "ONCE"
>>> # Save it again for the change to take effect
>>> alarm.save()
>>> # Remove it
>>> alarm.remove()
>>> print get_alarms()
set([])
```

Parameters

- **zone** (SoCo) The soco instance which will play the alarm.
- **start_time** (*datetime.time*, *optional*) The alarm's start time. Specify hours, minutes and seconds only. Defaults to the current time.
- duration (datetime.time, optional) The alarm's duration. Specify hours, minutes and seconds only. May be None for unlimited duration. Defaults to None.
- recurrence (str, optional) A string representing how often the alarm should be triggered. Can be DAILY, ONCE, WEEKDAYS, WEEKENDS or of the form ON_DDDDDD where D is a number from 0-6 representing a day of the week (Sunday is 0), e.g. ON_034 meaning Sunday, Wednesday and Thursday. Defaults to DAILY.
- enabled (bool, optional) True if alarm is enabled, False otherwise. Defaults to True.
- program_uri (str, optional) The uri to play. If None, the built-in Sonos chime sound will be used. Defaults to None.

- program_metadata (str, optional) The metadata associated with program_uri. Defaults to ".
- play_mode (str, optional) The play mode for the alarm. Can be one of NORMAL, SHUFFLE_NOREPEAT, SHUFFLE, REPEAT_ALL, REPEAT_ONE, SHUFFLE_REPEAT_ONE. Defaults to NORMAL.
- volume (int, optional) The alarm's volume (0-100). Defaults to 20.
- include_linked_zones (bool, optional) True if the alarm should be played on the other speakers in the same group, False otherwise. Defaults to False.

start_time = None

The alarm's start time.

Type datetime.time

duration = None

The alarm's duration.

Type datetime.time

enabled = None

True if the alarm is enabled, else False.

Type bool

program_uri = None

program_metadata = None

The uri to play.

Type str

include_linked_zones = None

True if the alarm should be played on the other speakers in the same group, False otherwise.

Type bool

play_mode

The play mode for the alarm.

Can be one of NORMAL, SHUFFLE_NOREPEAT, SHUFFLE, REPEAT_ALL, REPEAT_ONE, SHUFFLE_REPEAT_ONE.

Type str

volume

The alarm's volume (0-100).

Type int

recurrence

How often the alarm should be triggered.

Can be DAILY, ONCE, WEEKDAYS, WEEKENDS or of the form ON_DDDDDDD where D is a number from 0-7 representing a day of the week (Sunday is 0), e.g. ON_034 meaning Sunday, Wednesday and Thursday.

Type str

save()

Save the alarm to the Sonos system.

Returns The alarm ID, or None if no alarm was saved.

Return type str

Raises SoCoUPnPException – if the alarm cannot be created because there is already an alarm for this room at the specified time.

remove()

Remove the alarm from the Sonos system.

There is no need to call save. The Python instance is not deleted, and can be saved back to Sonos again if desired.

alarm id

The ID of the alarm, or None.

Type str

```
soco.alarms.get_alarms(zone=None)
```

Get a set of all alarms known to the Sonos system.

Parameters zone (soco.SoCo, optional) – a SoCo instance to query. If None, a random instance is used. Defaults to None.

Returns A set of Alarm instances

Return type set

Note: Any existing Alarm instance will have its attributes updated to those currently stored on the Sonos system.

soco.alarms.remove_alarm_by_id (zone, alarm_id)

Remove an alarm from the Sonos system by its ID.

Parameters

- **zone** (SoCo) A SoCo instance, which can be any zone that belongs to the Sonos system in which the required alarm is defined.
- alarm_id (str) The ID of the alarm to be removed.

Returns True if the alarm is found and removed, False otherwise.

Return type bool

1.10.2.2 soco.cache module

This module contains the classes underlying SoCo's caching system.

```
class soco.cache._BaseCache(*args, **kwargs)
```

An abstract base class for the cache.

enabled = None

whether the cache is enabled

 $Type \ {\tt bool}$

put (item, *args, **kwargs)

Put an item into the cache.

get (*args, **kwargs)

Get an item from the cache.

delete(*args, **kwargs)

Delete an item from the cache.

```
clear()
Empty the whole cache.

class soco.cache.NullCache(*args, **kwargs)
A cache which does nothing.

Useful for debugging.

put (item, *args, **kwargs)
Put an item into the cache.

get (*args, **kwargs)
Get an item from the cache.

delete(*args, **kwargs)
Delete an item from the cache.

clear()
Empty the whole cache.

class soco.cache.TimedCache(default_timeout=0)
A simple thread-safe cache for caching method return values.
```

The cache key is generated by from the given *args and **kwargs. Items are expired from the cache after a given period of time.

Example

```
>>> from time import sleep
>>> cache = TimedCache()
>>> cache.put("item", 'some', kw='args', timeout=3)
>>> # Fetch the item again, by providing the same args and kwargs.
>>> assert cache.get('some', kw='args') == "item"
>>> # Providing different args or kwargs will not return the item.
>>> assert not cache.get('some', 'otherargs') == "item"
>>> # Waiting for less than the provided timeout does not cause the
>>> # item to expire.
>>> sleep(2)
>>> assert cache.get('some', kw='args') == "item"
>>> # But waiting for longer does.
>>> sleep(2)
>>> assert not cache.get('some', kw='args') == "item"
```

Warning: At present, the cache can theoretically grow and grow, since entries are not automatically purged, though in practice this is unlikely since there are not that many different combinations of arguments in the places where it is used in SoCo, so not that many different cache entries will be created. If this becomes a problem, use a thread and timer to purge the cache, or rewrite this to use LRU logic!

Parameters

- **default_timeout** (*int*) The default number of seconds after
- items will be expired. (which) -

default_timeout = None

The default caching expiry interval in seconds.

Type int

```
get (*args, **kwargs)
```

Get an item from the cache for this combination of args and kwargs.

Parameters

- *args any arguments.
- ****kwargs** any keyword arguments.

Returns The object which has been found in the cache, or None if no unexpired item is found. This means that there is no point storing an item in the cache if it is None.

Return type object

```
put (item, *args, **kwargs)
```

Put an item into the cache, for this combination of args and kwargs.

Parameters

- *args any arguments.
- **kwargs any keyword arguments. If timeout is specified as one of the keyword arguments, the item will remain available for retrieval for timeout seconds. If timeout is None or not specified, the default_timeout for this cache will be used. Specify a timeout of 0 (or ensure that the default_timeout for this cache is 0) if this item is not to be cached.

```
delete(*args, **kwargs)
```

Delete an item from the cache for this combination of args and kwargs.

```
clear()
```

Empty the whole cache.

```
static make_key(*args, **kwargs)
```

Generate a unique, hashable, representation of the args and kwargs.

Parameters

- ***args** any arguments.
- **kwargs any keyword arguments.

Returns the key.

Return type str

```
class soco.cache.Cache(*args, **kwargs)
```

A factory class which returns an instance of a cache subclass.

A TimedCache is returned, unless config.CACHE_ENABLED is False, in which case a NullCache will be returned.

```
clear()
```

Empty the whole cache.

```
delete(*args, **kwargs)
```

Delete an item from the cache.

```
get (*args, **kwargs)
```

Get an item from the cache.

```
put (item, *args, **kwargs)
```

Put an item into the cache.

1.10.2.3 soco.config module

This module contains configuration variables.

They may be set by your code as follows:

```
from soco import config
...
config.VARIABLE = value
```

```
soco.config.SOCO_CLASS
    alias of soco.core.SoCo
soco.config.CACHE_ENABLED = True
```

If True (the default), some caching of network requests will take place.

See also:

The soco.cache module.

Is the cache enabled?

```
soco.config.EVENT_ADVERTISE_IP = None
```

The IP on which to advertise to Sonos.

The default of None means that the relevant IP address will be detected automatically.

See also:

The soco.events_base module.

```
soco.config.EVENT_LISTENER_IP = None
```

The IP on which the event listener listens.

The default of None means that the relevant IP address will be detected automatically.

See also:

The soco.events_base module.

```
soco.config.EVENT_LISTENER_PORT = 1400
```

The port on which the event listener listens.

The default is 1400. You must set this before subscribing to any events.

See also:

The soco.events_base module.

soco.config.EVENTS_MODULE = <module 'soco.events' from '/home/docs/checkouts/readthedocs.or
The events module to be used by the soco.services module.

The default of None means the soco.events module will be used.

See also:

The soco.events and soco.events_twisted modules.

1.10.2.4 soco.core module

The core module contains the SoCo class that implements the main entry to the SoCo functionality

```
soco.core.only_on_master(function)
```

Decorator that raises SoCoSlaveException on master call on slave.

class soco.core.SoCo(ip_address)

A simple class for controlling a Sonos speaker.

For any given set of arguments to __init__, only one instance of this class may be created. Subsequent attempts to create an instance with the same arguments will return the previously created instance. This means that all SoCo instances created with the same ip address are in fact the *same* SoCo instance, reflecting the real world position.

Basic Methods

<pre>play_from_queue(index[, start])</pre>	Play a track from the queue by index.
play()	Play the currently selected track.
play_uri([uri, meta, title, start, force_radio])	Play a URI.
pause()	Pause the currently playing track.
stop()	Stop the currently playing track.
end_direct_control_session()	Ends all third-party controlled streaming sessions.
seek([position, track])	Seek to a given position.
next()	Go to the next track.
previous()	Go back to the previously played track.
mute	The speaker's mute state.
volume	The speaker's volume.
play_mode	The queue's play mode.
shuffle	The queue's shuffle option.
repeat	The queue's repeat option.
cross_fade	The speaker's cross fade state.
<pre>ramp_to_volume(volume[, ramp_type])</pre>	Smoothly change the volume.
set_relative_volume(relative_volume)	Adjust the volume up or down by a relative amount.
<pre>get_current_track_info()</pre>	Get information about the currently playing track.
<pre>get_current_media_info()</pre>	Get information about the currently playing media.
<pre>get_speaker_info([refresh, timeout])</pre>	Get information about the Sonos speaker.
<pre>get_current_transport_info()</pre>	Get the current playback state.

Queue Management

get_queue([start,	max_items,	Get information about the queue.
full_album_art_uri])		
queue_size		Size of the queue.
add_to_queue(queueable_item[,	position,	Add a queueable item to the queue.
as_next])		
add_uri_to_queue(uri[, position, as_next])		Add the URI to the queue.
<pre>add_multiple_to_queue(items[, container])</pre>		Add a sequence of items to the queue.
remove_from_queue(index)		Remove a track from the queue by index.
clear_queue()		Remove all tracks from the queue.

Group Management

group	The Zone Group of which this device is a member.
partymode()	Put all the speakers in the network in the same group,
	a.k.a Party Mode.
	Continued on next page

Table 3 – continued from previous page

join(master)	Join this speaker to another "master" speaker.
unjoin()	Remove this speaker from a group.
all_groups	All available groups.
all_zones	All available zones.
visible_zones	All visible zones.

Player Identity and Settings

player_name	The speaker's name.
uid	A unique identifier.
household_id	A unique identifier for all players in a household.
is_visible	Is this zone visible?
is_bridge	Is this zone a bridge?
is_coordinator	Is this zone a group coordinator?
is_soundbar	Is this zone a soundbar (i.e.
bass	The speaker's bass EQ.
treble	The speaker's treble EQ.
loudness	The speaker's loudness compensation.
balance	The left/right balance for the speaker(s).
night_mode	The speaker's night mode.
dialog_mode	The speaker's dialog mode.
supports_fixed_volume	Whether the device supports fixed volume output.
fixed_volume	The device's fixed volume output setting.
trueplay	Whether Trueplay is enabled on this device.
status_light	The white Sonos status light between the mute button
	and the volume up button on the speaker.
buttons_enabled	Whether the control buttons on the device are en-
	abled.

Playlists and Favorites

<pre>get_sonos_playlists(*args, **kwargs)</pre>	Convenience	method	for	call-
	ing	soco.n	nusic_li	orary.
	get_music_l	ibrary_info	ormation	('sonos_playlists
create_sonos_playlist(title)	Create a new em	pty Sonos playl	ist.	
<pre>create_sonos_playlist_from_queue(title)</pre>	Create a new Sor	nos playlist fron	n the curren	t queue.
remove_sonos_playlist(sonos_playlist)	Remove a Sonos	playlist.		
add_item_to_sonos_playlist(queueable_ite	mAdds a queueabl	e item to a Sono	os' playlist.	
)				
reorder_sonos_playlist(sonos_playlist,	Reorder and/or I	Remove tracks in	n a Sonos pl	aylist.
)				
<pre>clear_sonos_playlist(sonos_playlist[, up-</pre>	Clear all tracks f	rom a Sonos pla	ıylist.	
date_id])				
<pre>move_in_sonos_playlist(sonos_playlist,</pre>	Move a track t	o a new positi	on within	a Sonos
)	Playlist.			
remove_from_sonos_playlist(sonos_playlis	t, Remove a track	from a Sonos Pl	aylist.	
track)				
<pre>get_sonos_playlist_by_attr(attr_name,</pre>	Return the first S	•	•	Container
match)	that matches the	attribute specifi	ed.	
		Conti	nued on ne	ext page

1.10. soco package 39

Table 5 – continued from previous page

<pre>get_favorite_radio_shows([start,</pre>	Get favorite radio shows from Sonos' Radio app.
max_items])	
<pre>get_favorite_radio_stations([start,</pre>	Get favorite radio stations from Sonos' Radio app.
max_items])	
<pre>get_sonos_favorites([start, max_items])</pre>	Get Sonos favorites.

Miscellaneous

music_source	The current music source (radio, TV, line-in, etc.).
music_source_from_uri(uri)	Determine a music source from a URI.
is_playing_radio	Is the speaker playing radio?
is_playing_tv	Is the playbar speaker input from TV?
is_playing_line_in	Is the speaker playing line-in?
switch_to_line_in([source])	Switch the speaker's input to line-in.
switch_to_tv()	Switch the playbar speaker's input to TV.
available_actions	The transport actions that are currently available on
	the speaker.
set_sleep_timer(sleep_time_seconds)	Sets the sleep timer.
<pre>get_sleep_timer()</pre>	Retrieves remaining sleep time, if any
<pre>create_stereo_pair(rh_slave_speaker)</pre>	Create a stereo pair.
separate_stereo_pair()	Separate a stereo pair.
<pre>get_battery_info([timeout])</pre>	Get battery information for a Sonos speaker.

Warning: Properties on this object are not generally cached and may obtain information over the network, so may take longer than expected to set or return a value. It may be a good idea for you to cache the value in your own code.

Note: Since all methods/properties on this object will result in an UPnP request, they might result in an exception without it being mentioned in the Raises section.

In most cases, the exception will be a <code>soco.exceptions.SoCoUPnPException</code> (if the player returns an UPnP error code), but in special cases it might also be another <code>soco.exceptions.SoCoException</code> or even a <code>requests</code> exception.

ip_address = None

The speaker's ip address

player_name

The speaker's name.

Type str

uid

A unique identifier.

Looks like: 'RINCON_000XXXXXXXXXX1400'

Type str

household_id

A unique identifier for all players in a household.

```
Looks like: 'Sonos_asahHKgjgJGjgjGjggjJgjJG34'
Type str
```

is_visible

Is this zone visible?

A zone might be invisible if, for example, it is a bridge, or the slave part of stereo pair.

Type bool

is_bridge

Is this zone a bridge?

Type bool

is_coordinator

Is this zone a group coordinator?

Type bool

is_soundbar

Is this zone a soundbar (i.e. has night mode etc.)?

Type bool

play_mode

The queue's play mode.

Case-insensitive options are:

- 'NORMAL' Turns off shuffle and repeat.
- 'REPEAT_ALL' Turns on repeat and turns off shuffle.
- 'SHUFFLE' Turns on shuffle and repeat. (It's strange, I know.)
- 'SHUFFLE_NOREPEAT' Turns on shuffle and turns off repeat.
- 'REPEAT_ONE' Turns on repeat one and turns off shuffle.
- 'SHUFFLE_REPEAT_ONE' Turns on shuffle and repeat one. (It's strange, I know.)

Type str

shuffle

The queue's shuffle option.

True if enabled, False otherwise.

Type bool

repeat

The queue's repeat option.

True if enabled, False otherwise.

Can also be the string 'ONE' for play mode 'REPEAT_ONE'.

Type bool

cross_fade

The speaker's cross fade state.

True if enabled, False otherwise

Type bool

```
ramp_to_volume (volume, ramp_type='SLEEP_TIMER_RAMP_TYPE')
Smoothly change the volume.
```

There are three ramp types available:

- 'SLEEP_TIMER_RAMP_TYPE' (default): Linear ramp from the current volume up or down to the new volume. The ramp rate is 1.25 steps per second. For example: To change from volume 50 to volume 30 would take 16 seconds.
- 'ALARM_RAMP_TYPE': Resets the volume to zero, waits for about 30 seconds, and then ramps the volume up to the desired value at a rate of 2.5 steps per second. For example: Volume 30 would take 12 seconds for the ramp up (not considering the wait time).
- 'AUTOPLAY_RAMP_TYPE': Resets the volume to zero and then quickly ramps up at a rate of 50 steps per second. For example: Volume 30 will take only 0.6 seconds.

The ramp rate is selected by Sonos based on the chosen ramp type and the resulting transition time returned. This method is non blocking and has no network overhead once sent.

Parameters

- **volume** (*int*) The new volume.
- ramp_type (str, optional) The desired ramp type, as described above.

Returns The ramp time in seconds, rounded down. Note that this does not include the wait time.

Return type int

```
set_relative_volume(relative_volume)
```

Adjust the volume up or down by a relative amount.

If the adjustment causes the volume to overshoot the maximum value of 100, the volume will be set to 100. If the adjustment causes the volume to undershoot the minimum value of 0, the volume will be set to 0.

Note that this method is an alternative to using addition and subtraction assignment operators (+=, -=) on the *volume* property of a *SoCo* instance. These operators perform the same function as $set_relative_volume$ but require two network calls per operation instead of one.

Parameters relative_volume (*int*) – The relative volume adjustment. Can be positive or negative.

Returns The new volume setting.

Return type int

Raises ValueError - If relative_volume cannot be cast as an integer.

```
play_from_queue (index, start=True)
```

Play a track from the queue by index.

The index number is required as an argument, where the first index is 0.

Parameters

- index (int) 0-based index of the track to play
- start(bool) If the item that has been set should start playing

play()

Play the currently selected track.

```
play_uri (uri=", meta=", title=", start=True, force_radio=False)
Play a URI.
```

Playing a URI will replace what was playing with the stream given by the URI. For some streams at least a title is required as metadata. This can be provided using the meta argument or the title argument. If the title argument is provided minimal metadata will be generated. If meta argument is provided the title argument is ignored.

Parameters

- uri (str) URI of the stream to be played.
- **meta** (str) The metadata to show in the player, DIDL format.
- **title** (*str*) The title to show in the player (if no meta).
- **start** (bool) If the URI that has been set should start playing.
- **force_radio** (bool) forces a uri to play as a radio stream.

On a Sonos controller music is shown with one of the following display formats and controls:

- Radio format: Shows the name of the radio station and other available data. No seek, next, previous, or voting capability. Examples: TuneIn, radioPup
- Smart Radio: Shows track name, artist, and album. Limited seek, next and sometimes voting capability depending on the Music Service. Examples: Amazon Prime Stations, Pandora Radio Stations.
- Track format: Shows track name, artist, and album the same as when playing from a queue. Full seek, next and previous capabilities. Examples: Spotify, Napster, Rhapsody.

How it is displayed is determined by the URI prefix: x-sonosapi-stream:, x-sonosapi-radio:, x-rincon-mp3radio:, hls-radio: default to radio or smart radio format depending on the stream. Others default to track format: x-file-cifs:, aac:, http:, https:, x-sonos-spotify: (used by Spotify), x-sonosapi-hls-static: (Amazon Prime), x-sonos-http: (Google Play & Napster).

Some URIs that default to track format could be radio streams, typically http:, https: or aac:. To force display and controls to Radio format set force_radio=True

Note: Other URI prefixes exist but are less common. If you have information on these please add to this doc string.

Note: A change in Sonos® (as of at least version 6.4.2) means that the devices no longer accepts ordinary http: and https: URIs for radio stations. This method has the option to replaces these prefixes with the one that Sonos® expects: x-rincon-mp3radio: by using the "force_radio=True" parameter. A few streams may fail if not forced to to Radio format.

pause()

Pause the currently playing track.

stop (

Stop the currently playing track.

end_direct_control_session()

Ends all third-party controlled streaming sessions.

seek (position=None, track=None)

Seek to a given position.

You can seek both a relative position in the current track and a track number in the queue. It is even possible to seek to a tuple or dict containing the absolute position (relative pos. and track nr.):

```
t = ('0:00:00', 0)
player.seek(*t)
d = {'position': '0:00:00', 'track': 0}
player.seek(**d)
```

Parameters

- **position** (str) The desired timestamp in the current track, specified in the format of HH:MM:SS or H:MM:SS
- track (int) The (zero-based) track index in the queue

Raises

- ValueError If neither position nor track are specified.
- SoCoUPnPException UPnP Error 701 if seeking is not supported, UPnP Error 711 if the target is invalid.

Note: The 'track' parameter can only be used if the queue is currently playing. If not, use play_from_queue().

This is currently faster than play_from_queue() if already using the queue, as it does not reinstate the queue.

If speaker is already playing it will continue to play after seek. If paused it will remain paused.

next()

Go to the next track.

Keep in mind that next() can return errors for a variety of reasons. For example, if the Sonos is streaming Pandora and you call next() several times in quick succession an error code will likely be returned (since Pandora has limits on how many songs can be skipped).

previous()

Go back to the previously played track.

Keep in mind that previous() can return errors for a variety of reasons. For example, previous() will return an error code (error code 701) if the Sonos is streaming Pandora since you can't go back on tracks.

mute

The speaker's mute state.

True if muted, False otherwise.

Type bool

volume

The speaker's volume.

An integer between 0 and 100.

Type int

bass

The speaker's bass EQ.

An integer between -10 and 10.

Type int

treble

The speaker's treble EQ.

An integer between -10 and 10.

Type int

loudness

The speaker's loudness compensation.

True if on, False otherwise.

Loudness is a complicated topic. You can read about it on Wikipedia: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Loudness

Type bool

balance

The left/right balance for the speaker(s).

Returns A 2-tuple (left_channel, right_channel) of integers between 0 and 100, representing the volume of each channel. E.g., (100, 100) represents full volume to both channels, whereas (100, 0) represents left channel at full volume, right channel at zero volume.

Return type tuple

night mode

The speaker's night mode.

True if on, False if off, None if not supported.

Type bool

dialog_mode

The speaker's dialog mode.

True if on, False if off, None if not supported.

Type bool

trueplay

Whether Trueplay is enabled on this device. True if on, False if off.

Devices that do not support Trueplay, or which do not have a current Trueplay calibration, will return None on getting the property, and raise a NotSupportedException when setting the property.

Can only be set on visible devices. Attempting to set on non-visible devices will raise a SoCoNotVisibleException.

Type bool

supports_fixed_volume

Whether the device supports fixed volume output.

Type bool

fixed_volume

The device's fixed volume output setting.

True if on, False if off. Only applicable to certain Sonos devices (Connect and Port at the time of writing). All other devices always return False.

Attempting to set this property for a non-applicable device will raise a NotSupportedException.

Type bool

all_groups

All available groups.

Type set of soco.groups.ZoneGroup

group

The Zone Group of which this device is a member.

None if this zone is a slave in a stereo pair.

Type soco.groups.ZoneGroup

all_zones

All available zones.

Type set of soco.groups.ZoneGroup

visible zones

All visible zones.

Type set of soco.groups.ZoneGroup

partymode()

Put all the speakers in the network in the same group, a.k.a Party Mode.

This blog shows the initial research responsible for this: http://blog.travelmarx.com/2010/06/exploring-sonos-via-upnp.html

The trick seems to be (only tested on a two-speaker setup) to tell each speaker which to join. There's probably a bit more to it if multiple groups have been defined.

join (master)

Join this speaker to another "master" speaker.

unjoin()

Remove this speaker from a group.

Seems to work ok even if you remove what was previously the group master from it's own group. If the speaker was not in a group also returns ok.

create_stereo_pair(rh_slave_speaker)

Create a stereo pair.

This speaker becomes the master, left-hand speaker of the stereo pair. The rh_slave_speaker becomes the right-hand speaker. Note that this operation will succeed on dissimilar speakers, unlike when using the official Sonos apps.

Parameters rh_slave_speaker (SoCo) – The speaker that will be added as the right-hand, slave speaker of the stereo pair.

Raises SoCoUPnPException – if either speaker is already part of a stereo pair.

separate_stereo_pair()

Separate a stereo pair.

This can be called on either the master (left-hand) speaker, or on the slave (right-hand) speaker, to create two independent zones.

Raises SocoupnPexception – if the speaker is not a member of a stereo pair.

switch_to_line_in(source=None)

Switch the speaker's input to line-in.

Parameters source (SoCo) – The speaker whose line-in should be played. Default is line-in from the speaker itself.

is_playing_radio

Is the speaker playing radio?

Type bool

is_playing_line_in

Is the speaker playing line-in?

Type bool

is_playing_tv

Is the playbar speaker input from TV?

Type bool

static music_source_from_uri(uri)

Determine a music source from a URI.

Parameters uri (str) - The URI representing the music source

Returns The current source of music.

Return type str

Possible return values are:

- 'NONE' speaker has no music to play.
- 'LIBRARY' speaker is playing queued titles from the music library.
- 'RADIO' speaker is playing radio.
- 'WEB_FILE' speaker is playing a music file via http/https.
- 'LINE_IN' speaker is playing music from line-in.
- 'TV' speaker is playing input from TV.
- 'AIRPLAY' speaker is playing from AirPlay.
- 'UNKNOWN' any other input.

The strings above can be imported as MUSIC_SRC_LIBRARY, MUSIC_SRC_RADIO, etc.

music_source

The current music source (radio, TV, line-in, etc.).

Possible return values are the same as used in music_source_from_uri().

Type str

${\tt switch_to_tv}\,(\,)$

Switch the playbar speaker's input to TV.

status_light

The white Sonos status light between the mute button and the volume up button on the speaker.

True if on, otherwise False.

Type bool

buttons enabled

Whether the control buttons on the device are enabled.

True if the control buttons are enabled, False if disabled.

This property can only be set on visible speakers, and will enable or disable the buttons for all speakers in any bonded set (e.g., a stereo pair). Attempting to set it on invisible speakers (e.g., the RH speaker of a stereo pair) will raise a SoCoNotVisibleException.

Type bool

get current track info()

Get information about the currently playing track.

Returns A dictionary containing information about the currently playing track: playlist_position, duration, title, artist, album, position and an album_art link.

Return type dict

If we're unable to return data for a field, we'll return an empty string. This can happen for all kinds of reasons so be sure to check values. For example, a track may not have complete metadata and be missing an album name. In this case track['album'] will be an empty string.

Note: Calling this method on a slave in a group will not return the track the group is playing, but the last track this speaker was playing.

get_current_media_info()

Get information about the currently playing media.

Returns A dictionary containing information about the currently playing media: uri, channel.

Return type dict

If we're unable to return data for a field, we'll return an empty string.

get_speaker_info(refresh=False, timeout=None)

Get information about the Sonos speaker.

Parameters

- **refresh** (bool) Refresh the speaker info cache.
- timeout How long to wait for the server to send data before giving up, as a float, or a (connect timeout, read timeout) tuple e.g. (3, 5). Default is no timeout.

Returns Information about the Sonos speaker, such as the UID, MAC Address, and Zone Name.

Return type dict

get_current_transport_info()

Get the current playback state.

Returns

The following information about the speaker's playing state:

- current_transport_state (PLAYING, TRANSITIONING, PAUSED_PLAYBACK, STOPPED)
- current_transport_status (OK, ?)
- current_speed(1, ?)

Return type dict

This allows us to know if speaker is playing or not. Don't know other states of CurrentTransportStatus and CurrentSpeed.

available actions

The transport actions that are currently available on the speaker.

Returns list: A list of strings representing the available actions, such as ['Set', 'Stop', 'Play'].

Possible list items are: 'Set', 'Stop', 'Pause', 'Play', 'Next', 'Previous', 'SeekTime', 'SeekTrackNr'.

get_queue (start=0, max_items=100, full_album_art_uri=False)

Get information about the queue.

Parameters

- **start** Starting number of returned matches
- max_items Maximum number of returned matches
- **full_album_art_uri** If the album art URI should include the IP address

Returns A Queue object

This method is heavily based on Sam Soffes (aka soffes) ruby implementation

queue_size

Size of the queue.

Type int

```
get_sonos_playlists(*args, **kwargs)
```

Convenience method for calling soco.music_library.get_music_library_information('sonos_playl

Refer to the docstring for that method: get_music_library_information

add_uri_to_queue (uri, position=0, as_next=False)

Add the URI to the queue.

For arguments and return value see add_to_queue.

add_to_queue (queueable_item, position=0, as_next=False)

Add a queueable item to the queue.

Parameters

- queueable_item (DidlObject or MusicServiceItem) The item to be added to the queue
- **position** (*int*) The index (1-based) at which the URI should be added. Default is 0 (add URI at the end of the queue).
- as_next (bool) Whether this URI should be played as the next track in shuffle mode. This only works if play_mode=SHUFFLE.

Returns The index of the new item in the queue.

Return type int

add_multiple_to_queue (items, container=None)

Add a sequence of items to the queue.

Parameters

- items (list) A sequence of items to the be added to the queue
- container (DidlObject, optional) A container object which includes the items.

remove_from_queue (index)

Remove a track from the queue by index. The index number is required as an argument, where the first index is 0.

Parameters index (int) – The (0-based) index of the track to remove

clear queue()

Remove all tracks from the queue.

get_favorite_radio_shows (start=0, max_items=100)

Get favorite radio shows from Sonos' Radio app.

Returns: dict: A dictionary containing the total number of favorites, the number of favorites returned, and the actual list of favorite radio shows, represented as a dictionary with 'title' and 'uri' keys.

Depending on what you're building, you'll want to check to see if the total number of favorites is greater than the amount you requested (max_items), if it is, use start to page through and get the entire list of favorites.

Deprecated since version 0.13: Will be removed in version 0.15. Use soco.music_library.get_favorite_radio_shows instead.

get_favorite_radio_stations (start=0, max_items=100)

Get favorite radio stations from Sonos' Radio app.

See get_favorite_radio_shows() for return type and remarks.

Deprecated since version 0.13: Will be removed in version 0.15. Use soco.music_library.get_favorite_radio_stations instead.

get_sonos_favorites (start=0, max_items=100)

Get Sonos favorites.

See get_favorite_radio_shows() for return type and remarks.

Deprecated since version 0.13: Will be removed in version 0.15. Use soco.music_library.get_sonos_favorites instead.

create_sonos_playlist(title)

Create a new empty Sonos playlist.

Parameters title – Name of the playlist

Return type DidlPlaylistContainer

${\tt create_sonos_playlist_from_queue}~(\it title)$

Create a new Sonos playlist from the current queue.

Parameters title – Name of the playlist

Return type DidlPlaylistContainer

remove_sonos_playlist (sonos_playlist)

Remove a Sonos playlist.

Parameters sonos_playlist (DidlPlaylistContainer) - Sonos playlist to remove or the item id (str).

Returns True if succesful, False otherwise

Return type bool

Raises SoCoUPnPException – If sonos playlist does not point to a valid object.

add_item_to_sonos_playlist (queueable_item, sonos_playlist)

Adds a queueable item to a Sonos' playlist.

Parameters

- queueable_item (DidlObject) the item to add to the Sonos' playlist
- sonos_playlist (DidlPlaylistContainer) the Sonos' playlist to which the item should be added

```
set_sleep_timer (sleep_time_seconds)
```

Sets the sleep timer.

Parameters sleep_time_seconds (int or NoneType) – How long to wait before turning off speaker in seconds, None to cancel a sleep timer. Maximum value of 86399

Raises

- SoCoException Upon errors interacting with Sonos controller
- ValueError Argument/Syntax errors

```
get_sleep_timer()
```

Retrieves remaining sleep time, if any

Returns

Number of seconds left in timer. If there is no sleep timer currently set it will return None.

Return type int or NoneType

```
reorder_sonos_playlist (sonos_playlist, tracks, new_pos, update_id=0)
```

Reorder and/or Remove tracks in a Sonos playlist.

The underlying call is quite complex as it can both move a track within the list or delete a track from the playlist. All of this depends on what tracks and new_pos specify.

If a list is specified for tracks, then a list must be used for new_pos. Each list element is a discrete modification and the next list operation must anticipate the new state of the playlist.

If a comma formatted string to tracks is specified, then use a similar string to specify new_pos. Those operations should be ordered from the end of the list to the beginning

```
See the helper methods clear_sonos_playlist(), move_in_sonos_playlist(), remove_from_sonos_playlist() for simplified usage.
```

update_id - If you have a series of operations, tracking the update_id and setting it, will save a lookup operation.

Examples

To reorder the first two tracks:

To delete the second track:

To reverse the order of a playlist with 4 items:

Parameters

- sonos_playlist (DidlPlaylistContainer): The Sonos playlist object or the item_id (str) of the Sonos playlist.
- **tracks** (list): list of track indices(int) to reorder. May also be a list of int like things. i.e. ['0', '1',] OR it may be a str of comma separated int like things. "0,1". Tracks are **0**-based. Meaning the first track is track 0, just like indexing into a Python list.
- **new_pos** (*list*) list of new positions (intlNone) corresponding to track_list. MUST be the same type as tracks. **0**-based, see tracks above. None is the indicator to remove the track. If using a list of strings, then a remove is indicated by an empty string.
- update_id (int) operation id (default: 0) If set to 0, a lookup is done to find the correct value.

Returns Which contains 3 elements: change, length and update_id. Change in size between original playlist and the resulting playlist, the length of resulting playlist, and the new update id.

Return type dict

Raises SoCoUPnPException – If playlist does not exist or if your tracks and/or new_pos arguments are invalid.

```
clear_sonos_playlist (sonos_playlist, update_id=0)
```

```
Clear all tracks from a Sonos playlist. This is a convenience method for reorder_sonos_playlist().
```

Example:

```
device.clear_sonos_playlist(sonos_playlist)
```

Parameters

- sonos_playlist (DidlPlaylistContainer): Sonos playlist object or the item_id (str) of the Sonos playlist.
- update_id (int) Optional update counter for the object. If left at the default of 0, it will be looked up.

```
Returns See reorder_sonos_playlist()
```

Return type dict

Raises

- ValueError If sonos_playlist specified by string and is not found.
- SoCoUPnPException See reorder_sonos_playlist()

move_in_sonos_playlist (sonos_playlist, track, new_pos, update_id=0)

Move a track to a new position within a Sonos Playlist. This is a convenience method for reorder_sonos_playlist().

Example:

```
device.move_in_sonos_playlist(sonos_playlist, track=0, new_pos=1)
```

Parameters

- sonos_playlist (DidlPlaylistContainer): Sonos playlist object or the item_id (str) of the Sonos playlist.
- **track** (*int*) **0**-based position of the track to move. The first track is track 0, just like indexing into a Python list.
- **new_pos** (*int*) **0**-based location to move the track.
- **update_id** (*int*) Optional update counter for the object. If left at the default of 0, it will be looked up.

```
Returns See reorder_sonos_playlist()
```

Return type dict

Raises SoCoUPnPException - See reorder_sonos_playlist()

remove_from_sonos_playlist (sonos_playlist, track, update_id=0)

Remove a track from a Sonos Playlist. This is a convenience method for reorder_sonos_playlist().

Example:

```
device.remove_from_sonos_playlist(sonos_playlist, track=0)
```

Parameters

- sonos_playlist (DidlPlaylistContainer): Sonos playlist object or the item_id (str) of the Sonos playlist.
- **track** $(int) 0^*$ -based position of the track to move. The first track is track 0, just like indexing into a Python list.
- update_id (int) Optional update counter for the object. If left at the default of 0, it will be looked up.

```
Returns See reorder_sonos_playlist()
```

Return type dict

Raises SoCoUPnPException - See reorder_sonos_playlist()

get_sonos_playlist_by_attr(attr_name, match)

Return the first Sonos Playlist DidlPlaylistContainer that matches the attribute specified.

Parameters

- attr_name (str) DidlPlaylistContainer attribute to compare. The most useful being: 'title' and 'item id'.
- match (str) Value to match.

Returns

The first matching playlist object.

Return type (DidlPlaylistContainer)

Raises

- (AttributeError) If indicated attribute name does not exist.
- (ValueError) If a match can not be found.

Example:

```
device.get_sonos_playlist_by_attr('title', 'Foo')
device.get_sonos_playlist_by_attr('item_id', 'SQ:3')
```

get_battery_info(timeout=3.0)

Get battery information for a Sonos speaker.

Obtains battery information for Sonos speakers that report it. This only applies to Sonos Move speakers at the time of writing.

This method may only work on Sonos 'S2' systems.

Parameters timeout (*float*, *optional*) – The timeout to use when making the HTTP request.

Returns

A dict containing battery status data.

Example return value:

```
{'Health': 'GREEN',
  'Level': 100,
  'Temperature': 'NORMAL',
  'PowerSource': 'SONOS_CHARGING_RING'}
```

Return type dict

Raises

- NotSupportedException If the speaker does not report battery information.
- ConnectionError If the HTTP connection failed, or returned an unsuccessful status code.
- TimeoutError If making the HTTP connection, or reading the response, timed out.

1.10.2.5 soco.data_structures module

This module contains classes for handling DIDL-Lite metadata.

DIDL is the Digital Item Declaration Language, an XML schema which is part of MPEG21. DIDL-Lite is a cut-down version of the schema which is part of the UPnP ContentDirectory specification. It is the XML schema used by Sonos for carrying metadata representing many items such as tracks, playlists, composers, albums etc. Although Sonos uses ContentDirectory v1, the document for v2 [pdf] is more helpful.

```
coo.data_structures.to_didl_string(*args)
   Convert any number of DidlObjects to a unicode xml string.

Parameters *args(DidlObject) - One or more DidlObject (or subclass) instances.

Returns A unicode string representation of DIDL-Lite XML in the form '<DIDL-Lite ...>.
```

Return type str

```
soco.data_structures.didl_class_to_soco_class(didl_class)
```

Translate a DIDL-Lite class to the corresponding SoCo data structures class

```
soco.data_structures.form_name (didl_class)
```

..</DIDL-Lite>'.

Return an improvised name for vendor extended classes

Identifies a resource, typically some type of a binary asset, such as a song.

It is represented in XML by a <res> element, which contains a uri that identifies the resource.

Parameters

- uri (str) value of the <res> tag, typically a URI. It must be properly escaped (percent encoded) as described in RFC 3986
- **protocol_info** (str) a string in the form a:b:c:d that identifies the streaming or transport protocol for transmitting the resource. A value is required. For more information see section 2.5.2 of the UPnP specification [pdf]
- import_uri (str, optional) uri locator for resource update.
- size (int, optional) size in bytes.
- duration (str, optional) duration of the playback of the res at normal speed (H*:MM:SS:F* or H*:MM:SS:F0/F1)
- bitrate (int, optional) bitrate in bytes/second.
- sample_frequency (int, optional) sample frequency in Hz.
- bits_per_sample(int, optional) bits per sample.
- nr_audio_channels (int, optional) number of audio channels.
- resolution (str, optional) resolution of the resource (X*Y).
- color_depth (int, optional) color depth in bits.
- protection (str, optional) statement of protection type.

Note: Not all of the parameters are used by Sonos. In general, only uri, protocol_info and duration seem to be important.

```
uri = None
```

a percent encoded URI

Type (str)

```
protocol info = None
```

protocol information.

Type (str)

duration = None

playback duration

Type str

classmethod from_element(element)

Set the resource properties from a <res> element.

Parameters element (Element) - The <res> element

to element()

Return an ElementTree Element based on this resource.

Returns an Element.

Return type Element

to dict(remove nones=False)

Return a dict representation of the DidlResource.

Parameters remove_nones (bool, optional) - Optionally remove dictionary elements when their value is None.

Returns a dict representing the DidlResource

Return type dict

classmethod from_dict(content)

Create an instance from a dict.

An alternative constructor. Equivalent to DidlResource (**content).

Parameters content (dict) – a dict containing metadata information. Required. Valid keys are the same as the parameters for DidlResource.

class soco.data_structures.DidlMetaClass

Meta class for all Didl objects.

Create a new instance.

Parameters

- name (str) Name of the class.
- bases (tuple) Base classes.
- attrs (dict) attributes defined for the class.

Abstract base class for all DIDL-Lite items.

You should not need to instantiate this. Its XML representation looks like this:

```
<DIDL-Lite xmlns="urn:schemas-upnp-org:metadata-1-0/DIDL-Lite/"
xmlns:dc="http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/"
xmlns:r="urn:schemas-rinconnetworks-com:metadata-1-0/"
xmlns:upnp="urn:schemas-upnp-org:metadata-1-0/upnp/">
    <item id="...self.item_id..." parentID="...cls.parent_id..."</pre>
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

Parameters

- **title** (str) the title for the item.
- $parent_id(str)$ the parent ID for the item.
- item_id(str) the ID for the item.
- restricted (bool) whether the item can be modified. Default True
- resources (list, optional) a list of resources for this object.
- None. (Default) -
- **desc** (*str*) A DIDL descriptor, default 'RINCON_AssociatedZPUDN'. This is not the same as "description". It is used for identifying the relevant third party music service.
- **kwargs Extra metadata. What is allowed depends on the _translation class attribute, which in turn depends on the DIDL class.

```
item_class = 'object'
    str - the DIDL Lite class for this object.
```

```
tag = 'item'
```

str - the XML element tag name used for this instance.

```
_translation = {'creator': ('dc', 'creator'), 'write_status': ('upnp', 'writeStatus' dict - A dict used to translate between instance attribute names and XML tags/namespaces. It also serves to define the allowed tags/attributes for this instance. Each key an attribute name and each key is a (namespace, tag) tuple.
```

classmethod from_element(element)

Create an instance of this class from an ElementTree xml Element.

An alternative constructor. The element must be a DIDL-Lite <item> or <container> element, and must be properly namespaced.

Parameters xml (Element) - An Element object.

classmethod from_dict(content)

Create an instance from a dict.

An alternative constructor. Equivalent to DidlObject (**content).

Parameters content (dict) – a dict containing metadata information. Required. Valid keys are the same as the parameters for DidlObject.

```
to_dict(remove_nones=False)
```

Return the dict representation of the instance.

Parameters remove_nones – Optionally remove dictionary elements when their value is None.

to element (include namespaces=False)

Return an ElementTree Element representing this instance.

Parameters include_namespaces (bool, optional) – If True, include xml namespace attributes on the root element

Returns an Element.

Return type Element

get_uri (resource_nr=0)

Return the uri to use for playing this item.

Parameters resource_nr (*int*) – The index of the resource. Note that there is no known object with more than one resource, so you can probably keep the default value (0).

Returns The uri.

Return type str

set_uri (uri, resource_nr=0, protocol_info=None)

Set a resource uri for this instance. If no resource exists, create a new one with the given protocol info.

Parameters

- uri (str) The resource uri.
- **resource_nr** (*int*) The index of the resource on which to set the uri. If it does not exist, a new resource is added to the list. Note that by default, only the uri of the first resource is used for playing the item.
- **protocol_info** (*str*) Protocol info for the resource. If none is given and the resource does not exist yet, a default protocol info is constructed as '[uri prefix]:*:*:*'.

A basic content directory item.

Parameters

- **title** (*str*) the title for the item.
- parent_id (str) the parent ID for the item.
- $item_id(str)$ the ID for the item.
- restricted (bool) whether the item can be modified. Default True
- resources (list, optional) a list of resources for this object.
- None. (Default) -
- **desc** (*str*) A DIDL descriptor, default 'RINCON_AssociatedZPUDN'. This is not the same as "description". It is used for identifying the relevant third party music service.
- **kwargs Extra metadata. What is allowed depends on the _translation class attribute, which in turn depends on the DIDL class.

```
item_class = 'object.item'
```

str - the DIDL Lite class for this object.

tag = 'item'

str - the XML element tag name used for this instance.

```
_translation = {'album_art_uri': ('upnp', 'albumArtURI'), 'creator': ('dc', 'creator dict - A dict used to translate between instance attribute names and XML tags/namespaces. It also serves to define the allowed tags/attributes for this instance. Each key an attribute name and each key is a (namespace, tag) tuple.
```

An audio item.

Parameters

- **title** (str) the title for the item.
- parent_id (str) the parent ID for the item.
- item_id(str) the ID for the item.
- restricted (bool) whether the item can be modified. Default True
- resources (list, optional) a list of resources for this object.
- None. (Default) -
- **desc** (*str*) A DIDL descriptor, default 'RINCON_AssociatedZPUDN'. This is not the same as "description". It is used for identifying the relevant third party music service.
- **kwargs Extra metadata. What is allowed depends on the _translation class attribute, which in turn depends on the DIDL class.

```
item_class = 'object.item.audioItem'
str - the DIDL Lite class for this object.
```

tag = 'item'

str - the XML element tag name used for this instance.

_translation = {'album_art_uri': ('upnp', 'albumArtURI'), 'creator': ('dc', 'creator dict - A dict used to translate between instance attribute names and XML tags/namespaces. It also serves to define the allowed tags/attributes for this instance. Each key an attribute name and each key is a (namespace, tag) tuple.

Class that represents a music library track.

Parameters

- **title** (*str*) the title for the item.
- parent_id (str) the parent ID for the item.
- item id(str) the ID for the item.
- restricted (bool) whether the item can be modified. Default True
- resources (list, optional) a list of resources for this object.
- None. (Default) -
- **desc** (*str*) A DIDL descriptor, default 'RINCON_AssociatedZPUDN'. This is not the same as "description". It is used for identifying the relevant third party music service.
- **kwargs Extra metadata. What is allowed depends on the _translation class attribute, which in turn depends on the DIDL class.

```
item class = 'object.item.audioItem.musicTrack'
          str - the DIDL Lite class for this object.
     tag = 'item'
          str - the XML element tag name used for this instance.
     _translation = {'album': ('upnp', 'album'), 'album_art_uri': ('upnp', 'albumArtURI')
          dict - A dict used to translate between instance attribute names and XML tags/namespaces. It also serves
          to define the allowed tags/attributes for this instance. Each key an attribute name and each key is a
          (namespace, tag) tuple.
class soco.data_structures.DidlAudioBook(title,
                                                                parent_id,
                                                                                 item_id,
                                                                                               re-
                                                     stricted=True,
                                                                                  resources=None,
                                                     desc='RINCON_AssociatedZPUDN', **kwargs)
     Class that represents an audio book.
          Parameters
                • title (str) – the title for the item.
                • parent_id (str) - the parent ID for the item.
                • item_id(str) - the ID for the item.
                • restricted (bool) - whether the item can be modified. Default True
                • resources (list, optional) – a list of resources for this object.
                • None. (Default) -
                • desc (str) - A DIDL descriptor, default 'RINCON AssociatedZPUDN'. This is not
                  the same as "description". It is used for identifying the relevant third party music service.
                • **kwargs - Extra metadata. What is allowed depends on the _translation class
                  attribute, which in turn depends on the DIDL class.
     item_class = 'object.item.audioItem.audioBook'
          str - the DIDL Lite class for this object.
     tag = 'item'
          str - the XML element tag name used for this instance.
                                                  ('upnp', 'albumArtURI'), 'contributor': ('dc', 'con
     _translation = {'album_art_uri':
          dict - A dict used to translate between instance attribute names and XML tags/namespaces. It also serves
          to define the allowed tags/attributes for this instance. Each key an attribute name and each key is a
          (namespace, tag) tuple.
class soco.data_structures.DidlAudioBroadcast(title,
                                                                     parent id,
                                                                                   item id,
                                                                                               re-
                                                            stricted=True.
                                                                                  resources=None.
                                                            desc='RINCON_AssociatedZPUDN',
                                                            **kwargs)
     Class that represents an audio broadcast.
          Parameters
                • title (str) – the title for the item.
```

- parent_id (str) the parent ID for the item.
- item_id(str) the ID for the item.
- restricted (bool) whether the item can be modified. Default True
- resources (list, optional) a list of resources for this object.
- None. (Default) -

- **desc** (*str*) A DIDL descriptor, default 'RINCON_AssociatedZPUDN'. This is not the same as "description". It is used for identifying the relevant third party music service.
- **kwargs Extra metadata. What is allowed depends on the _translation class attribute, which in turn depends on the DIDL class.

```
item_class = 'object.item.audioItem.audioBroadcast'
```

str - the DIDL Lite class for this object.

tag = 'item'

str - the XML element tag name used for this instance.

_translation = {'album_art_uri': ('upnp', 'albumArtURI'), 'channel_nr': ('upnp', 'ch dict - A dict used to translate between instance attribute names and XML tags/namespaces. It also serves to define the allowed tags/attributes for this instance. Each key an attribute name and each key is a (namespace, tag) tuple.

Class that represents a recent radio show/podcast.

Parameters

- **title** (str) the title for the item.
- parent_id (str) the parent ID for the item.
- item_id(str) the ID for the item.
- restricted (bool) whether the item can be modified. Default True
- resources (list, optional) a list of resources for this object.
- None. (Default) -
- **desc** (str) A DIDL descriptor, default 'RINCON_AssociatedZPUDN'. This is not the same as "description". It is used for identifying the relevant third party music service.
- **kwargs Extra metadata. What is allowed depends on the _translation class attribute, which in turn depends on the DIDL class.

```
item_class = 'object.item.audioItem.musicTrack.recentShow'
str - the DIDL Lite class for this object.
```

tag = 'item'

str - the XML element tag name used for this instance.

_translation = {'album': ('upnp', 'album'), 'album_art_uri': ('upnp', 'albumArtURI') dict - A dict used to translate between instance attribute names and XML tags/namespaces. It also serves to define the allowed tags/attributes for this instance. Each key an attribute name and each key is a (namespace, tag) tuple.

Class that represents an audio broadcast Sonos favorite.

Parameters

• **title** (*str*) – the title for the item.

1.10. soco package

- parent_id (str) the parent ID for the item.
- item_id (str) the ID for the item.
- restricted (bool) whether the item can be modified. Default True
- resources (list, optional) a list of resources for this object.
- None. (Default) -
- **desc** (*str*) A DIDL descriptor, default 'RINCON_AssociatedZPUDN'. This is not the same as "description". It is used for identifying the relevant third party music service.
- **kwargs Extra metadata. What is allowed depends on the _translation class attribute, which in turn depends on the DIDL class.
- item_class = 'object.item.audioItem.audioBroadcast.sonos-favorite'
 str the DIDL Lite class for this object.

```
tag = 'item'
```

str - the XML element tag name used for this instance.

_translation = {'album_art_uri': ('upnp', 'albumArtURI'), 'channel_nr': ('upnp', 'ch dict - A dict used to translate between instance attribute names and XML tags/namespaces. It also serves to define the allowed tags/attributes for this instance. Each key an attribute name and each key is a (namespace, tag) tuple.

Class that represents a Sonos favorite.

Note that the favorite itself isn't playable in all cases, please use the object returned by favorite. reference instead.

Parameters

- **title** (*str*) the title for the item.
- parent_id (str) the parent ID for the item.
- item_id(str) the ID for the item.
- restricted (bool) whether the item can be modified. Default True
- resources (list, optional) a list of resources for this object.
- None. (Default) -
- **desc** (*str*) A DIDL descriptor, default 'RINCON_AssociatedZPUDN'. This is not the same as "description". It is used for identifying the relevant third party music service.
- **kwargs Extra metadata. What is allowed depends on the _translation class attribute, which in turn depends on the DIDL class.
- item_class = 'object.itemobject.item.sonos-favorite'
 str the DIDL Lite class for this object.

```
tag = 'item'
```

str - the XML element tag name used for this instance.

_translation = {'album_art_uri': ('upnp', 'albumArtURI'), 'creator': ('dc', 'creator dict - A dict used to translate between instance attribute names and XML tags/namespaces. It also serves to define the allowed tags/attributes for this instance. Each key an attribute name and each key is a (namespace, tag) tuple.

reference

The Didl object this favorite refers to.

Class that represents a music library container.

Parameters

- **title** (*str*) the title for the item.
- parent_id (str) the parent ID for the item.
- item_id(str) the ID for the item.
- restricted (bool) whether the item can be modified. Default True
- resources (list, optional) a list of resources for this object.
- None. (Default) -
- **desc** (*str*) A DIDL descriptor, default 'RINCON_AssociatedZPUDN'. This is not the same as "description". It is used for identifying the relevant third party music service.
- **kwargs Extra metadata. What is allowed depends on the _translation class attribute, which in turn depends on the DIDL class.

```
item_class = 'object.container'
str - the DIDL Lite class for this object.
```

tag = 'container'

str - the XML element tag name used for this instance.

```
_translation = {'creator': ('dc', 'creator'), 'write_status': ('upnp', 'writeStatus' dict - A dict used to translate between instance attribute names and XML tags/namespaces. It also serves to define the allowed tags/attributes for this instance. Each key an attribute name and each key is a (namespace, tag) tuple.
```

A content directory album.

Parameters

- **title** (str) the title for the item.
- parent_id (str) the parent ID for the item.
- item id(str) the ID for the item.
- restricted (bool) whether the item can be modified. Default True
- resources (list, optional) a list of resources for this object.
- None. (Default) -
- **desc** (str) A DIDL descriptor, default 'RINCON_AssociatedZPUDN'. This is not the same as "description". It is used for identifying the relevant third party music service.
- **kwargs Extra metadata. What is allowed depends on the _translation class attribute, which in turn depends on the DIDL class.

63

```
item_class = 'object.container.album'
str - the DIDL Lite class for this object.
```

1.10. soco package

```
tag = 'container'
          str - the XML element tag name used for this instance.
     translation = {'contributor':
                                                ('dc', 'contributor'), 'creator': ('dc', 'creator'),
          dict - A dict used to translate between instance attribute names and XML tags/namespaces. It also serves
          to define the allowed tags/attributes for this instance. Each key an attribute name and each key is a
          (namespace, tag) tuple.
class soco.data_structures.DidlMusicAlbum(title,
                                                                  parent id,
                                                                                  item id,
                                                                                                re-
                                                        stricted=True.
                                                                                   resources=None.
                                                        desc='RINCON_AssociatedZPUDN',
                                                        **kwargs)
     Class that represents a music library album.
          Parameters
                • title (str) - the title for the item.
                • parent_id (str) - the parent ID for the item.
                • item_id(str) - the ID for the item.
                • restricted (bool) – whether the item can be modified. Default True
                • resources (list, optional) - a list of resources for this object.
                • None. (Default) -
                • desc (str) - A DIDL descriptor, default 'RINCON_AssociatedZPUDN'. This is not
                  the same as "description". It is used for identifying the relevant third party music service.
```

item_class = 'object.container.album.musicAlbum'

attribute, which in turn depends on the DIDL class.

str - the DIDL Lite class for this object.

tag = 'container'

str - the XML element tag name used for this instance.

_translation = {'album_art_uri': ('upnp', 'albumArtURI'), 'artist': ('upnp', 'artist dict - A dict used to translate between instance attribute names and XML tags/namespaces. It also serves to define the allowed tags/attributes for this instance. Each key an attribute name and each key is a (namespace, tag) tuple.

• **kwargs - Extra metadata. What is allowed depends on the translation class

Class that represents a Sonos favorite music library album.

This class is not part of the DIDL spec and is Sonos specific.

Parameters

- **title** (str) the title for the item.
- parent_id (str) the parent ID for the item.
- item_id(str) the ID for the item.
- restricted (bool) whether the item can be modified. Default True
- resources (list, optional) a list of resources for this object.
- None. (Default) -

- **desc** (*str*) A DIDL descriptor, default 'RINCON_AssociatedZPUDN'. This is not the same as "description". It is used for identifying the relevant third party music service.
- **kwargs Extra metadata. What is allowed depends on the _translation class attribute, which in turn depends on the DIDL class.

```
item_class = 'object.container.album.musicAlbum.sonos-favorite'
    str - the DIDL Lite class for this object.
```

```
tag = 'item'
```

str - the XML element tag name used for this instance.

_translation = {'album_art_uri': ('upnp', 'albumArtURI'), 'artist': ('upnp', 'artist dict - A dict used to translate between instance attribute names and XML tags/namespaces. It also serves to define the allowed tags/attributes for this instance. Each key an attribute name and each key is a (namespace, tag) tuple.

Class that represents a Sonos favorite music library compilation.

This class is not part of the DIDL spec and is Sonos specific.

Parameters

- **title** (str) the title for the item.
- parent_id (str) the parent ID for the item.
- item_id(str) the ID for the item.
- restricted (bool) whether the item can be modified. Default True
- resources (list, optional) a list of resources for this object.
- None. (Default) -
- **desc** (*str*) A DIDL descriptor, default 'RINCON_AssociatedZPUDN'. This is not the same as "description". It is used for identifying the relevant third party music service.
- **kwargs Extra metadata. What is allowed depends on the _translation class attribute, which in turn depends on the DIDL class.

```
item_class = 'object.container.album.musicAlbum.compilation'
str - the DIDL Lite class for this object.
```

```
tag = 'container'
```

str - the XML element tag name used for this instance.

_translation = {'album_art_uri': ('upnp', 'albumArtURI'), 'artist': ('upnp', 'artist dict - A dict used to translate between instance attribute names and XML tags/namespaces. It also serves to define the allowed tags/attributes for this instance. Each key an attribute name and each key is a (namespace, tag) tuple.

A content directory class representing a person.

Parameters

• **title** (str) – the title for the item.

1.10. soco package 65

• parent_id (str) - the parent ID for the item.

• restricted (bool) – whether the item can be modified. Default True • resources (list, optional) – a list of resources for this object.

• item id(str) - the ID for the item.

• None. (Default) -

```
• desc (str) - A DIDL descriptor, default 'RINCON AssociatedZPUDN'. This is not
                  the same as "description". It is used for identifying the relevant third party music service.
                • **kwargs - Extra metadata. What is allowed depends on the _translation class
                  attribute, which in turn depends on the DIDL class.
     item_class = 'object.container.person'
          str - the DIDL Lite class for this object.
     tag = 'item'
          str - the XML element tag name used for this instance.
     _translation = {'creator': ('dc', 'creator'), 'language': ('dc', 'language'), 'write
          dfdf dict - A dict used to translate between instance attribute names and XML tags/namespaces. It also
          serves to define the allowed tags/attributes for this instance. Each key an attribute name and each key is a
          (namespace, tag) tuple.
class soco.data_structures.DidlComposer(title,
                                                                                 item_id,
                                                                parent id,
                                                                                                re-
                                                     stricted=True.
                                                                                   resources=None.
                                                     desc='RINCON_AssociatedZPUDN', **kwargs)
     Class that represents a music library composer.
          Parameters
                • title (str) – the title for the item.
                • parent_id (str) - the parent ID for the item.
                • item_id(str) - the ID for the item.
                • restricted (bool) - whether the item can be modified. Default True
                • resources (list, optional) - a list of resources for this object.
                • None. (Default) -
                • desc (str) - A DIDL descriptor, default 'RINCON AssociatedZPUDN'. This is not
                  the same as "description". It is used for identifying the relevant third party music service.
                • **kwargs - Extra metadata. What is allowed depends on the _translation class
                  attribute, which in turn depends on the DIDL class.
     item_class = 'object.container.person.composer'
          str - the DIDL Lite class for this object.
     tag = 'item'
          str - the XML element tag name used for this instance.
                                           ('dc', 'creator'), 'language': ('dc', 'language'), 'write
     _translation = {'creator':
          dict - A dict used to translate between instance attribute names and XML tags/namespaces. It also serves
          to define the allowed tags/attributes for this instance. Each key an attribute name and each key is a
          (namespace, tag) tuple.
```

Class that represents a music library artist.

Parameters

- **title** (str) the title for the item.
- parent_id (str) the parent ID for the item.
- item_id(str) the ID for the item.
- restricted (bool) whether the item can be modified. Default True
- resources (list, optional) a list of resources for this object.
- None. (Default) -
- **desc** (*str*) A DIDL descriptor, default 'RINCON_AssociatedZPUDN'. This is not the same as "description". It is used for identifying the relevant third party music service.
- **kwargs Extra metadata. What is allowed depends on the _translation class attribute, which in turn depends on the DIDL class.

```
item_class = 'object.container.person.musicArtist'
str - the DIDL Lite class for this object.
```

```
tag = 'item'
```

str - the XML element tag name used for this instance.

```
_translation = {'artist_discography_uri': ('upnp', 'artistDiscographyURI'), 'creator' dict - A dict used to translate between instance attribute names and XML tags/namespaces. It also serves to define the allowed tags/attributes for this instance. Each key an attribute name and each key is a (namespace, tag) tuple.
```

Class that represents a music library album list.

Parameters

- **title** (*str*) the title for the item.
- parent_id (str) the parent ID for the item.
- item_id(str) the ID for the item.
- restricted (bool) whether the item can be modified. Default True
- resources (list, optional) a list of resources for this object.
- None. (Default) -
- **desc** (*str*) A DIDL descriptor, default 'RINCON_AssociatedZPUDN'. This is not the same as "description". It is used for identifying the relevant third party music service.
- **kwargs Extra metadata. What is allowed depends on the _translation class attribute, which in turn depends on the DIDL class.

```
item_class = 'object.container.albumlist'
str - the DIDL Lite class for this object.
```

1.10. soco package

```
tag = 'container'
          str - the XML element tag name used for this instance.
     _translation = {'creator': ('dc', 'creator'), 'write_status': ('upnp', 'writeStatus'
          dict - A dict used to translate between instance attribute names and XML tags/namespaces. It also serves
          to define the allowed tags/attributes for this instance. Each key an attribute name and each key is a
          (namespace, tag) tuple.
class soco.data_structures.DidlPlaylistContainer(title,
                                                                       parent id,
                                                                                    item id,
                                                                stricted=True.
                                                                                  resources=None.
                                                                desc='RINCON_AssociatedZPUDN',
                                                                **kwargs)
     Class that represents a music library play list.
          Parameters
                • title (str) - the title for the item.
                • parent_id (str) - the parent ID for the item.
                • item_id(str) - the ID for the item.
                • restricted (bool) – whether the item can be modified. Default True
                • resources (list, optional) - a list of resources for this object.
                • None. (Default) -
                • desc (str) - A DIDL descriptor, default 'RINCON_AssociatedZPUDN'. This is not
                 the same as "description". It is used for identifying the relevant third party music service.
                • **kwargs - Extra metadata. What is allowed depends on the _translation class
                 attribute, which in turn depends on the DIDL class.
     item_class = 'object.container.playlistContainer'
          str - the DIDL Lite class for this object.
     tag = 'item'
          str - the XML element tag name used for this instance.
                                         ('upnp', 'artist'), 'contributor': ('dc', 'contributor'),
     _translation = {'artist':
          dict - A dict used to translate between instance attribute names and XML tags/namespaces. It also serves
          to define the allowed tags/attributes for this instance. Each key an attribute name and each key is a
          (namespace, tag) tuple.
class soco.data structures.DidlSameArtist (title,
                                                                 parent id,
                                                                                 item id,
                                                       stricted=True.
                                                                                  resources=None,
                                                       desc='RINCON AssociatedZPUDN',
                                                       **kwargs)
```

Class that represents all tracks by a single artist.

This type is returned by browsing an artist or a composer

Parameters

- **title** (*str*) the title for the item.
- parent_id (str) the parent ID for the item.
- item_id(str) the ID for the item.
- restricted (bool) whether the item can be modified. Default True
- resources (list, optional) a list of resources for this object.
- None. (Default) -

resources=None,

resources=None,

**kwargs)

desc='RINCON AssociatedZPUDN',

**kwargs)

desc='RINCON AssociatedZPUDN',

- **desc** (str) A DIDL descriptor, default 'RINCON_AssociatedZPUDN'. This is not the same as "description". It is used for identifying the relevant third party music service.
- **kwargs Extra metadata. What is allowed depends on the _translation class attribute, which in turn depends on the DIDL class.

item class = 'object.container.playlistContainer.sameArtist'

Class that represents a Sonos favorite play list.

Parameters

- **title** (str) the title for the item.
- parent_id (str) the parent ID for the item.
- item_id(str) the ID for the item.
- restricted (bool) whether the item can be modified. Default True
- resources (list, optional) a list of resources for this object.
- None. (Default) -
- **desc** (str) A DIDL descriptor, default 'RINCON_AssociatedZPUDN'. This is not the same as "description". It is used for identifying the relevant third party music service.
- **kwargs Extra metadata. What is allowed depends on the _translation class attribute, which in turn depends on the DIDL class.

Class that represents a Sonos tracklist.

Parameters

1.10. soco package

• **title** (*str*) – the title for the item.

```
• parent id (str) – the parent ID for the item.
                • item_id(str) - the ID for the item.
                • restricted (bool) - whether the item can be modified. Default True
                • resources (list, optional) - a list of resources for this object.
                • None. (Default) -
                • desc (str) - A DIDL descriptor, default 'RINCON_AssociatedZPUDN'. This is not
                  the same as "description". It is used for identifying the relevant third party music service.
                • **kwargs - Extra metadata. What is allowed depends on the _translation class
                  attribute, which in turn depends on the DIDL class.
     item_class = 'object.container.playlistContainer.tracklist'
          str - the DIDL Lite class for this object.
     tag = 'item'
          str - the XML element tag name used for this instance.
                                         ('upnp', 'artist'), 'contributor': ('dc', 'contributor'),
     translation = { 'artist':
          dict - A dict used to translate between instance attribute names and XML tags/namespaces. It also serves
          to define the allowed tags/attributes for this instance. Each key an attribute name and each key is a
          (namespace, tag) tuple.
class soco.data structures.DidlGenre(title, parent id,
                                                                   item id. restricted=True.
                                                sources=None, desc='RINCON AssociatedZPUDN',
                                                 **kwargs)
     A content directory class representing a general genre.
          Parameters
                • title (str) – the title for the item.
                • parent_id (str) - the parent ID for the item.
                • item id(str) - the ID for the item.
                • restricted (bool) - whether the item can be modified. Default True
                • resources (list, optional) - a list of resources for this object.
                • None. (Default) -
                • desc (str) - A DIDL descriptor, default 'RINCON_AssociatedZPUDN'. This is not
                  the same as "description". It is used for identifying the relevant third party music service.
                • **kwargs - Extra metadata. What is allowed depends on the _translation class
                  attribute, which in turn depends on the DIDL class.
     item class = 'object.container.genre'
          str - the DIDL Lite class for this object.
     tag = 'container'
          str - the XML element tag name used for this instance.
     _translation = {'creator': ('dc', 'creator'), 'description': ('dc', 'description'),
          dict - A dict used to translate between instance attribute names and XML tags/namespaces. It also serves
          to define the allowed tags/attributes for this instance. Each key an attribute name and each key is a
          (namespace, tag) tuple.
```

Class that represents a music genre.

Parameters

- **title** (str) the title for the item.
- parent_id (str) the parent ID for the item.
- item_id(str) the ID for the item.
- restricted (bool) whether the item can be modified. Default True
- resources (list, optional) a list of resources for this object.
- None. (Default) -
- **desc** (*str*) A DIDL descriptor, default 'RINCON_AssociatedZPUDN'. This is not the same as "description". It is used for identifying the relevant third party music service.
- **kwargs Extra metadata. What is allowed depends on the _translation class attribute, which in turn depends on the DIDL class.

```
item_class = 'object.container.genre.musicGenre'
    str - the DIDL Lite class for this object.
tag = 'item'
```

str - the XML element tag name used for this instance.

_translation = {'creator': ('dc', 'creator'), 'description': ('dc', 'description'), dict - A dict used to translate between instance attribute names and XML tags/namespaces. It also serves to define the allowed tags/attributes for this instance. Each key an attribute name and each key is a (namespace, tag) tuple.

Class that represents a radio show.

Parameters

- **title** (*str*) the title for the item.
- parent_id (str) the parent ID for the item.
- item_id(str) the ID for the item.
- restricted (bool) whether the item can be modified. Default True
- resources (list, optional) a list of resources for this object.
- None. (Default) -
- **desc** (*str*) A DIDL descriptor, default 'RINCON_AssociatedZPUDN'. This is not the same as "description". It is used for identifying the relevant third party music service.
- **kwargs Extra metadata. What is allowed depends on the _translation class attribute, which in turn depends on the DIDL class.

```
item_class = 'object.container.radioShow'
str - the DIDL Lite class for this object.
```

1.10. soco package

```
tag = 'container'
```

str - the XML element tag name used for this instance.

_translation = {'creator': ('dc', 'creator'), 'write_status': ('upnp', 'writeStatus' dict - A dict used to translate between instance attribute names and XML tags/namespaces. It also serves to define the allowed tags/attributes for this instance. Each key an attribute name and each key is a (namespace, tag) tuple.

Abstract container class for a list of music information items.

Instances of this class are returned from queries into the music library or to music services. The attributes <code>total_matches</code> and <code>number_returned</code> are used to ascertain whether paging is required in order to retrive all elements of the query. <code>total_matches</code> is the total number of results to the query and <code>number_returned</code> is the number of results actually returned. If the two differ, paging is required. Paging is typically performed with the <code>start</code> and <code>max_items</code> arguments to the query method. See e.g. the <code>get_music_library_information()</code> method for details.

number_returned

the number of returned matches.

Type str

total matches

the number of total matches.

Type str

update_id

the update ID.

Type str

Container class that represents a search or browse result.

Browse is just a special case of search.

search_type

the search type.

Type str

class soco.data_structures.**Queue** (*items*, *number_returned*, *total_matches*, *update_id*)

Container class that represents a queue.

1.10.2.6 soco.discovery module

This module contains methods for discovering Sonos devices on the network.

```
soco.discovery.discover(timeout=5, include_invisible=False, interface_addr=None, al-
low_network_scan=False, **network_scan_kwargs)
```

Discover Sonos zones on the local network.

Return a set of SoCo instances for each zone found. Include invisible zones (bridges and slave zones in stereo pairs if include_invisible is True. Will block for up to timeout seconds, after which return None if no zones found.

Note that the presence of a SoCo object in the returned set is not a guarantee that the associated Sonos player is currently contactable. This is because the set of SoCo objects is generated by interrogating the first discovered

player to determine the current set of players, and this data can lag the actual state of the system, e.g., if a speaker has been recently switched off.

Parameters

- timeout (int, optional) block for this many seconds, at most. Defaults to 5.
- include_invisible (bool, optional) include invisible zones in the return set. Defaults to False.
- interface_addr (str or None) Discovery operates by sending UDP multicast datagrams. interface_addr is a string (dotted quad) representation of the network interface address to use as the source of the datagrams (i.e., it is a value for socket. IP_MULTICAST_IF). If None or not specified, the system default interface(s) for UDP multicast messages will be used. This is probably what you want to happen. Defaults to None.
- allow_network_scan (bool, optional) If normal discovery fails, fall back to a scan of the attached network(s) to detect Sonos devices.
- **network_scan_kwargs Arguments for the scan_network function. See its docstring for details.

Returns a set of SoCo instances, one for each zone found, or else None.

Return type set

soco.discovery.any_soco(allow_network_scan=False, **network_scan_kwargs)
Return any visible soco device, for when it doesn't matter which.

Try to obtain an existing instance, or use discover if necessary. Note that this assumes that the existing instance has not left the network.

Parameters

- allow_network_scan (bool, optional) If normal discovery fails, fall back to a scan of the attached network(s) to detect Sonos devices.
- **network_scan_kwargs Arguments for the scan_network function. See its docstring for details.

Returns A SoCo instance (or subclass if config. SOCO_CLASS is set), or None if no instances are found.

Return type SoCo

soco.discovery.by_name (name, allow_network_scan=False, **network_scan_kwargs)
Return a device by name.

Parameters

- name (str) The name of the device to return.
- allow_network_scan (bool, optional) If normal discovery fails, fall back to a scan of the attached network(s) to detect Sonos devices.
- **network_scan_kwargs Arguments for the scan_network function. See its docstring for details.

Returns A SoCo instance (or subclass if config.SOCO_CLASS is set), or None if no instances are found.

Return type SoCo

 $\verb|soco.discovery.scan_network| (include_invisible=False, multi_household=False, max_threads=256, \\ scan_timeout=0.1, min_netmask=24, networks_to_scan=None) \\$

Scan all attached networks for Sonos devices.

This function scans the IPv4 networks to which this node is attached, searching for Sonos devices. Multiple parallel threads are used to scan IP addresses in parallel for faster discovery.

Public, loopback and link local IP ranges are excluded from the scan, and the scope of the search can be controlled by setting a minimum netmask.

Alternatively, a list of networks to scan can be provided.

This function is intended for use when the usual discovery function is not working, perhaps due to multicast problems on the network to which the SoCo host is attached. The function can also be used to find a complete list of speakers when there are multiple Sonos households present. For example, this is the case where there are 'split' S1/S2 Sonos systems on the network.

Note that this call may fail to find speakers present on the network, and this can be due to ARP cache misses and ARP requests that don't complete within the timeout. The call can be retried with longer values for scan_timeout if necessary.

Note also that the presence of a SoCo object in the returned set is not a guarantee that the associated Sonos player is currently contactable. This is because the set of SoCo objects is partly generated by interrogating discovered players to determine the current set(s) of players, and this can lag the actual state of the system, e.g., if a speaker has been recently switched off.

Parameters

- include_invisible (bool, optional) Whether to include invisible Sonos devices in the set of devices returned.
- multi_household (bool, optional) Whether to find all the speakers on the network exhaustively. If set to False, discovery will stop as soon as at least one speaker is found. In the case of multiple households on the attached networks, this means that only the speakers from the first-discovered household will be returned. If set to True, discovery will proceed until all speakers, from all households, have been found.
- max_threads (int, optional) The maximum number of threads to use when scanning the network.
- scan_timeout (float, optional) The network timeout in seconds to use when checking each IP address for a Sonos device.
- min_netmask (int, optional) The minimum number of netmask bits. Used to constrain the network search space.
- networks_to_scan (list, optional) A list of IPv4 networks to search, each a str of form "192.168.0.1/24". Only the specified networks will be searched. The 'min_netmask' option (if supplied) is ignored.

Returns A set of SoCo instances, one for each zone found, or else None.

Return type set

```
soco.discovery.scan_network_by_household_id (household_id, include_invisible=False, **network_scan_kwargs)
```

Convenience function to find the zones in a specific Sonos household.

Parameters

- include_invisible (bool, optional) Whether to include invisible Sonos devices in the set of devices returned.
- **network_scan_kwargs Arguments for the <code>scan_network</code> function. See its docstring for details. (Note that the argument 'multi_household' is forced to <code>True</code> when this function is called.)

Returns A set of SoCo instances, one for each zone found, or else None.

Return type set

soco.discovery.scan_network_get_household_ids(**network_scan_kwargs)

Convenience function to find the all Sonos households on the attached networks.

Parameters **network_scan_kwargs - Arguments for the scan_network function. See its docstring for details. (Note that the argument 'multi_household' is forced to True when this function is called.)

Return type set

soco.discovery.scan_network_get_by_name(name, household_id=None, **network scan kwargs) **net-

Convenience function to use <code>scan_network</code> to find a zone by its name.

Note that if there are multiple zones with the same name, then only one of the zones will be returned. Optionally, the search can be constrained to a specific household.

Parameters

- name (str) The name of the zone to find.
- household_id(str, optional) Use this to find the zone in a specific Sonos household.
- **network_scan_kwargs Arguments for the scan_network function. See its docstring for details. (Note that the argument 'multi_household' is forced to True when this function is called.)

Returns A SoCo instance representing the zone, or None if no matching zone is found. Only returns visible zones.

Return type SoCo

soco.discovery.scan_network_any_soco(household_id=None, **network_scan_kwargs)

Convenience function to use <code>scan_network</code> to find any zone, optionally specifying a Sonos household.

Parameters

- household_id(str, optional) Use this to find a zone in a specific Sonos household.
- **network_scan_kwargs Arguments for the scan_network function. See its docstring for details.

Returns A SoCo instance representing the zone, or None if no zone is found (or no zone is found that matches a supplied household_id).

Return type SoCo

soco.discovery.contactable(speakers)

Find only contactable players in a set of SoCo objects.

This function checks a set of SoCo objects to ensure that each associated Sonos player is currently contactable. A new set is returned containing only contactable players.

If there are non-contactable players, the function return will be delayed until at least one network timeout has expired (several seconds). Contact attempts run in parallel threads to minimise delays.

```
Parameters speakers (set) – A set of SoCo objects.
```

Returns A set of SoCo objects, all of which have been confirmed to be currently contactable. An empty set is returned if no speakers are contactable.

Return type set

1.10.2.7 soco.events module

Classes to handle Sonos UPnP Events and Subscriptions.

The Subscription class from this module will be used in soco.services unless config. EVENTS_MODULE is set to point to soco.events_twisted, in which case soco.events_twisted.Subscription will be used. See the Example in soco.events_twisted.

Example

Run this code, and change your volume, tracks etc:

```
from queue import Empty
import logging
logging.basicConfig()
import soco
from pprint import pprint
from soco.events import event_listener
# pick a device at random and use it to get
# the group coordinator
device = soco.discover().pop().group.coordinator
print (device.player_name)
sub = device.renderingControl.subscribe()
sub2 = device.avTransport.subscribe()
while True:
    try:
        event = sub.events.get(timeout=0.5)
        pprint (event.variables)
    except Empty:
        pass
    try:
        event = sub2.events.get(timeout=0.5)
        pprint (event.variables)
    except Empty:
        pass
    except KeyboardInterrupt:
        sub.unsubscribe()
        sub2.unsubscribe()
        event_listener.stop()
        break
```

class soco.events.**EventServer** (server_address, RequestHandlerClass, bind_and_activate=True) A TCP server which handles each new request in a new thread.

Constructor. May be extended, do not override.

class soco.events.EventNotifyHandler(*args, **kwargs)

Handles HTTP NOTIFY Verbs sent to the listener server. Inherits from <code>soco.events_base.</code> <code>EventNotifyHandlerBase.</code>

do NOTIFY()

Serve a NOTIFY request by calling handle_notification with the headers and content.

log_message (fmt, *args)

Log an arbitrary message.

This is used by all other logging functions. Override it if you have specific logging wishes.

The first argument, FORMAT, is a format string for the message to be logged. If the format string contains any % escapes requiring parameters, they should be specified as subsequent arguments (it's just like printf!).

The client ip and current date/time are prefixed to every message.

class soco.events.EventServerThread(server)

The thread in which the event listener server will run.

Parameters address (tuple) – The (ip, port) address on which the server should listen.

stop_flag = None

Used to signal that the server should stop.

Type threading. Event

server = None

The (ip, port) address on which the server is configured to listen.

```
Type tuple
```

run()

Start the server

Handling of requests is delegated to an instance of the *EventNotifyHandler* class.

stop()

Stop the server.

class soco.events.EventListener

The Event Listener.

Runs an http server in a thread which is an endpoint for NOTIFY requests from Sonos devices. Inherits from soco.events_base.EventListenerBase.

listen(ip_address)

Start the event listener listening on the local machine at port 1400 (default). If this port is unavailable, the listener will attempt to listen on the next available port, within a range of 100.

Make sure that your firewall allows connections to this port.

This method is called by soco.events_base.EventListenerBase.start

Parameters ip_address (str) – The local network interface on which the server should start listening.

Returns requested_port_number. Included for compatibility with soco. events twisted.EventListener.listen

Return type int

Note: The port on which the event listener listens is configurable. See $config.EVENT_LISTENER_PORT$

stop listening(address)

Stop the listener.

class soco.events.Subscription(service, event_queue=None)

A class representing the subscription to a UPnP event. Inherits from soco.events_base. SubscriptionBase.

Parameters

- **service** (Service) The SoCo Service to which the subscription should be made.
- **event_queue** (Queue) A queue on which received events will be put. If not specified, a queue will be created and used.

subscribe (requested_timeout=None, auto_renew=False, strict=True)

Subscribe to the service.

If requested_timeout is provided, a subscription valid for that number of seconds will be requested, but not guaranteed. Check <code>timeout</code> on return to find out what period of validity is actually allocated.

This method calls events_base.SubscriptionBase.subscribe.

Note: SoCo will try to unsubscribe any subscriptions which are still subscribed on program termination, but it is good practice for you to clean up by making sure that you call unsubscribe() yourself.

Parameters

- requested_timeout (int, optional) The timeout to be requested.
- auto_renew (bool, optional) If True, renew the subscription automatically shortly before timeout. Default False.
- **strict** (bool, optional) If True and an Exception occurs during execution, the Exception will be raised or, if False, the Exception will be logged and the Subscription instance will be returned. Default True.

Returns The Subscription instance.

Return type Subscription

renew (requested_timeout=None)

Renew the event subscription. You should not try to renew a subscription which has been unsubscribed, or once it has expired.

 $This \ method \ calls \ events_base. \textit{SubscriptionBase.renew.}$

Parameters

- **requested_timeout** (*int*, *optional*) The period for which a renewal request should be made. If None (the default), use the timeout requested on subscription.
- is_autorenew (bool, optional) Whether this is an autorenewal. Default 'False'.

• **strict** (bool, optional) - If True and an Exception occurs during execution, the Exception will be raised or, if False, the Exception will be logged and the Subscription instance will be returned. Default True.

Returns The Subscription instance.

Return type Subscription

unsubscribe()

Unsubscribe from the service's events. Once unsubscribed, a Subscription instance should not be reused

This method calls events_base.SubscriptionBase.unsubscribe.

Parameters strict (bool, optional) – If True and an Exception occurs during execution, the Exception will be raised or, if False, the Exception will be logged and the Subscription instance will be returned. Default True.

Returns The Subscription instance.

Return type Subscription

1.10.2.8 soco.events base module

Base classes used by soco.events and soco.events_twisted.

```
soco.events_base.parse_event_xml (xml_event)
```

Parse the body of a UPnP event.

Parameters xml_event (bytes) – bytes containing the body of the event encoded with utf-8.

Returns

A dict with keys representing the evented variables. The relevant value will usually be a string representation of the variable's value, but may on occasion be:

- a dict (eg when the volume changes, the value will itself be a dict containing the volume for each channel: {'Volume': {'LF': '100', 'RF': '100', 'Master': '36'}})
- an instance of a DidlObject subclass (eg if it represents track metadata).
- a SoCoFault (if a variable contains illegal metadata)

Return type dict

class soco.events_base.**Event**(sid, seq, service, timestamp, variables=None)

A read-only object representing a received event.

The values of the evented variables can be accessed via the variables dict, or as attributes on the instance itself. You should treat all attributes as read-only.

Parameters

- **sid** (*str*) the subscription id.
- seq(str) the event sequence number for that subscription.
- **timestamp** (*str*) the time that the event was received (from Python's time.time function).
- **service** (*str*) the service which is subscribed to the event.
- variables (dict, optional) contains the {names: values} of the evented variables. Defaults to None. The values may be SoCoFault objects if the metadata could not be parsed.

Raises AttributeError - Not all attributes are returned with each event. An AttributeError will be raised if you attempt to access as an attribute a variable which was not returned in the event.

Example

```
>>> print event.variables['transport_state']
'STOPPED'
>>> print event.transport_state
'STOPPED'
```

class soco.events_base.EventNotifyHandlerBase

Base class for soco.events.EventNotifyHandler and soco.events_twisted. EventNotifyHandler.

handle_notification (headers, content)

Handle a NOTIFY request by building an Event object and sending it to the relevant Subscription object.

A NOTIFY request will be sent by a Sonos device when a state variable changes. See the UPnP Spec §4.3 [pdf] for details.

Parameters

- headers (dict) A dict of received headers.
- content (str) A string of received content.

Note: Each of the <code>soco.events</code> and the <code>soco.events_twisted</code> modules has a **subscriptions_map** object which keeps a record of Subscription objects. The <code>get_subscription</code> method of the <code>subscriptions_map</code> object is used to look up the subscription to which the event relates. When the Event Listener runs in a thread (the default), a lock is used by this method for thread safety. The <code>send_event</code> method of the relevant Subscription will first check to see whether the <code>callback</code> variable of the Subscription has been set. If it has been and is callable, then the <code>callback</code> will be called with the <code>Event</code> object. Otherwise, the <code>Event</code> object will be sent to the event queue of the Subscription object. The <code>callback</code> variable of the Subscription object is intended for use only if <code>soco.events_twisted</code> is being used, as calls to it are not threadsafe.

This method calls the log_event method, which must be overridden in the class that inherits from this class.

class soco.events base.EventListenerBase

Base class for soco.events.EventListener and soco.events_twisted.EventListener.

is_running = None

Indicates whether the server is currently running

```
Type bool
```

requested port number = None

Port on which to listen.

```
Type int
```

start (any_zone)

Start the event listener listening on the local machine.

Parameters any_zone (SoCo) – Any Sonos device on the network. It does not matter which device. It is used only to find a local IP address reachable by the Sonos net.

stop()

Stop the Event Listener.

listen(ip_address)

Start the event listener listening on the local machine. This method is called by start.

Parameters ip_address (str) – The local network interface on which the server should start listening.

Returns The port on which the server is listening.

Return type int

Note: This method must be overridden in the class that inherits from this class.

stop_listening(address)

Stop the listener.

Note: This method must be overridden in the class that inherits from this class.

class soco.events_base.SubscriptionBase(service, event_queue=None)

Base class for soco.events.Subscription and soco.events_twisted.Subscription

Parameters

- **service** (Service) The SoCo Service to which the subscription should be made.
- event_queue (Queue) A queue on which received events will be put. If not specified, a queue will be created and used.

sid = None

A unique ID for this subscription

Type str

timeout = None

The amount of time in seconds until the subscription expires.

Type int

is subscribed = None

An indication of whether the subscription is subscribed.

Type bool

events = None

The queue on which events are placed.

Type Queue

requested_timeout = None

The period (seconds) for which the subscription is requested

Type int

auto_renew_fail = None

an optional function to be called if an exception occurs upon autorenewal. This will be called with the exception (or failure, when using <code>soco.events_twisted</code>) as its only parameter. This function must be threadsafe (unless <code>soco.events_twisted</code> is being used).

Type function

subscribe (requested timeout=None, auto renew=False)

Subscribe to the service.

If requested_timeout is provided, a subscription valid for that number of seconds will be requested, but not guaranteed. Check timeout on return to find out what period of validity is actually allocated.

Note: SoCo will try to unsubscribe any subscriptions which are still subscribed on program termination, but it is good practice for you to clean up by making sure that you call *unsubscribe()* yourself.

Parameters

- requested_timeout (int, optional) The timeout to be requested.
- auto_renew (bool, optional) If True, renew the subscription automatically shortly before timeout. Default False.

$\verb"renew" (requested_timeout=None")$

Renew the event subscription. You should not try to renew a subscription which has been unsubscribed, or once it has expired.

Parameters

- **requested_timeout** (*int*, *optional*) The period for which a renewal request should be made. If None (the default), use the timeout requested on subscription.
- is_autorenew (bool, optional) Whether this is an autorenewal.

unsubscribe()

Unsubscribe from the service's events. Once unsubscribed, a Subscription instance should not be reused

send_event (event)

Send an *Event* to self.callback or self.events. If self.callback is set and is callable, it will be called with the *Event* as the only parameter. Otherwise the *Event* will be sent to self.events. As self.callback is not threadsafe, it should be set only if *soco.events_twisted.Subscription* is being used.

Parameters event (Event) – The *Event* to send to self.callback or self.events.

time_left

82

The amount of time left until the subscription expires (seconds) If the subscription is unsubscribed (or not yet subscribed), $time_left$ is 0.

```
Type int
```

${\tt class} \ {\tt soco.events_base.} {\tt SubscriptionsMap}$

Maintains a mapping of sids to <code>soco.events.Subscription</code> instances and the thread safe lock to go with it. Registers each subscription to be unsubscribed at exit.

SubscriptionsMapTwisted inherits from this class.

subscriptions = None

Thread safe mapping. Used to store a mapping of sid to subscription

Type weakref.WeakValueDictionary

subscriptions_lock = None

for use with subscriptions

Type threading.Lock

```
register (subscription)
```

Register a subscription by updating local mapping of sid to subscription and registering it to be unsubscribed at exit.

Parameters subscription (soco.events.Subscription) – the subscription to be registered.

```
unregister(subscription)
```

Unregister a subscription by updating local mapping of sid to subscription instances.

Parameters subscription (soco.events.Subscription) – the subscription to be unregistered.

When using soco.events_twisted, an instance of soco.events_twisted.Subscription will be unregistered.

```
get_subscription(sid)
```

Look up a subscription from a sid.

Args: sid(str): The sid from which to look up the subscription.

Returns: soco.events.Subscription: The subscription relating to that sid.

When using soco.events_twisted, an instance of soco.events_twisted.Subscription will be returned.

count

The number of active subscriptions.

```
Type int
```

```
soco.events_base.get_listen_ip (ip_address)
```

Find the listen ip address.

1.10.2.9 soco.events_twisted module

Classes to handle Sonos UPnP Events and Subscriptions.

The Subscription class from this module will be used in soco.services if config.EVENTS_MODULE is set to point to this module.

Example

Run this code, and change your volume, tracks etc:

```
from __future__ import print_function
import logging
logging.basicConfig()
import soco
from pprint import pprint

from soco import events_twisted
soco.config.EVENTS_MODULE = events_twisted
from twisted.internet import reactor

def print_event(event):
    try:
        pprint (event.variables)
    except Exception as e:
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```
pprint ('There was an error in print_event:', e)
def main():
    # pick a device at random and use it to get
    # the group coordinator
   device = soco.discover().pop().group.coordinator
   print (device.player_name)
   sub = device.renderingControl.subscribe().subscription
   sub2 = device.avTransport.subscribe().subscription
   sub.callback = print_event
   sub2.callback = print_event
   def before_shutdown():
        sub.unsubscribe()
        sub2.unsubscribe()
        events_twisted.event_listener.stop()
    reactor.addSystemEventTrigger(
        'before', 'shutdown', before_shutdown)
if __name__=='__main__':
    reactor.callWhenRunning(main)
   reactor.run()
```

class soco.events_twisted.Resource

Fake Resource class to use when building docs

class soco.events_twisted.EventNotifyHandler

Handles HTTP NOTIFY Verbs sent to the listener server. Inherits from <code>soco.events_base.</code> <code>EventNotifyHandlerBase.</code>

render_NOTIFY (request)

Serve a NOTIFY request by calling <code>handle_notification</code> with the headers and content.

class soco.events twisted.EventListener

The Event Listener.

Runs an http server which is an endpoint for NOTIFY requests from Sonos devices. Inherits from soco. events_base.EventListenerBase.

```
port = None
set at listen
```

Type twisted.internet.tcp.Port

listen (ip_address)

Start the event listener listening on the local machine at port 1400 (default). If this port is unavailable, the listener will attempt to listen on the next available port, within a range of 100.

Make sure that your firewall allows connections to this port.

This method is called by soco.events_base.EventListenerBase.start

Handling of requests is delegated to an instance of the EventNotifyHandler class.

Parameters ip_address (str) – The local network interface on which the server should start listening.

Returns The port on which the server is listening.

Return type int

Note: The port on which the event listener listens is configurable. See *config. EVENT_LISTENER_PORT*

stop_listening(address)

Stop the listener.

class soco.events_twisted.**Subscription**(service, event_queue=None)

A class representing the subscription to a UPnP event. Inherits from soco.events_base. SubscriptionBase.

Parameters

- **service** (Service) The SoCo Service to which the subscription should be made.
- event_queue (Queue) A queue on which received events will be put. If not specified, a queue will be created and used.

callback = None

callback function to be called whenever an *Event* is received. If it is set and is callable, the callback function will be called with the *Event* as the only parameter and the Subscription's event queue won't be used

Type function

subscribe (requested_timeout=None, auto_renew=False, strict=True)

Subscribe to the service.

If requested_timeout is provided, a subscription valid for that number of seconds will be requested, but not guaranteed. Check timeout on return to find out what period of validity is actually allocated.

This method calls events_base.SubscriptionBase.subscribe.

Note: SoCo will try to unsubscribe any subscriptions which are still subscribed on program termination, but it is good practice for you to clean up by making sure that you call <code>unsubscribe()</code> yourself.

Parameters

- requested_timeout (int, optional) The timeout to be requested.
- auto_renew (bool, optional) If True, renew the subscription automatically shortly before timeout. Default False.
- **strict** (bool, optional) If True and an Exception occurs during execution, the returned Deferred will fail with a Failure which will be passed to the applicable errback (if any has been set by the calling code) or, if False, the Failure will be logged and the Subscription instance will be passed to the applicable callback (if any has been set by the calling code). Default True.

Returns A Deferred the result of which will be the Subscription instance and the subscription property of which will point to the Subscription instance.

Return type Deferred

renew (requested_timeout=None)

Renew the event subscription. You should not try to renew a subscription which has been unsubscribed, or once it has expired.

This method calls events base. SubscriptionBase.renew.

Parameters

- **requested_timeout** (*int*, *optional*) The period for which a renewal request should be made. If None (the default), use the timeout requested on subscription.
- is_autorenew (bool, optional) Whether this is an autorenewal. Default False.
- **strict** (bool, optional) If True and an Exception occurs during execution, the returned Deferred will fail with a Failure which will be passed to the applicable errback (if any has been set by the calling code) or, if False, the Failure will be logged and the Subscription instance will be passed to the applicable callback (if any has been set by the calling code). Default True.

Returns A Deferred the result of which will be the Subscription instance and the subscription property of which will point to the Subscription instance.

Return type Deferred

unsubscribe()

Unsubscribe from the service's events. Once unsubscribed, a Subscription instance should not be reused

This method calls events_base.SubscriptionBase.unsubscribe.

Parameters strict (bool, optional) – If True and an Exception occurs during execution, the returned Deferred will fail with a Failure which will be passed to the applicable errback (if any has been set by the calling code) or, if False, the Failure will be logged and the Subscription instance will be passed to the applicable callback (if any has been set by the calling code). Default True.

Returns A Deferred the result of which will be the Subscription instance and the subscription property of which will point to the Subscription instance.

Return type Deferred

class soco.events_twisted.SubscriptionsMapTwisted

Maintains a mapping of sids to <code>soco.events_twisted.Subscription</code> instances. Registers each subscription to be unsubscribed at exit.

Inherits from soco.events_base.SubscriptionsMap.

register (subscription)

Register a subscription by updating local mapping of sid to subscription and registering it to be unsubscribed at exit.

Parameters subscription (soco.events_twisted.Subscription) – the subscription to be registered.

subscribing()

Called when the Subscription.subscribe method commences execution.

finished_subscribing()

Called when the Subscription. subscribe method completes execution.

count

The number of active or pending subscriptions.

Type int

1.10.2.10 soco.events_asyncio module

1.10.2.11 soco.exceptions module

Exceptions that are used by SoCo.

exception soco.exceptions.SoCoException

Base class for all SoCo exceptions.

exception soco.exceptions.UnknownSoCoException

An unknown UPnP error.

The exception object will contain the raw response sent back from the speaker as the first of its args.

exception soco.exceptions.**SoCoUPnPException** (message, error_code, error_xml, error description=")

A UPnP Fault Code, raised in response to actions sent over the network.

Parameters

- **message** (str) The message from the server.
- **error_code** (*str*) The UPnP Error Code as a string.
- error_xml (str) The xml containing the error, as a utf-8 encoded string.
- error_description (str) A description of the error. Default is ""

exception soco.exceptions.CannotCreateDIDLMetadata

Deprecated since version 0.11: Use DIDLMetadataError instead.

exception soco.exceptions.DIDLMetadataError

Raised if a data container class cannot create the DIDL metadata due to missing information.

For backward compatibility, this is currently a subclass of CannotCreateDIDLMetadata. In a future version, it will likely become a direct subclass of SoCoException.

exception soco.exceptions.MusicServiceException

An error relating to a third party music service.

exception soco.exceptions.UnknownXMLStructure

Raised if XML with an unknown or unexpected structure is returned.

exception soco.exceptions.SoCoSlaveException

Raised when a master command is called on a slave.

exception soco.exceptions.SoCoNotVisibleException

Raised when a command intended for a visible speaker is called on an invisible one.

exception soco.exceptions.NotSupportedException

Raised when something is not supported by the device

exception soco.exceptions.EventParseException(tag, metadata, cause)

Raised when a parsing exception occurs during event handling.

tag

The tag for which the exception occured

Type str

metadata

The metadata which failed to parse

Type str

```
cause
```

The original exception

Type Exception

Parameters

- tag(str) The tag for which the exception occurred
- **metadata** (str) The metadata which failed to parse
- cause (Exception) The original exception

```
class soco.exceptions.SoCoFault (exception)
```

Class to represent a failed object instantiation.

It rethrows the exception on common use.

exception

The exception which will be thrown on use

Parameters exception (Exception) - The exception which should be thrown on use

1.10.2.12 soco.groups module

This module contains classes and functionality relating to Sonos Groups.

class soco.groups.ZoneGroup (uid, coordinator, members=None)

A class representing a Sonos Group. It looks like this:

```
ZoneGroup(
    uid='RINCON_000FD584236D01400:58',
    coordinator=SoCo("192.168.1.101"),
    members={SoCo("192.168.1.101"), SoCo("192.168.1.102")}
)
```

Any SoCo instance can tell you what group it is in:

```
>>> device = soco.discovery.any_soco()
>>> device.group
ZoneGroup(
    uid='RINCON_000FD584236D01400:58',
    coordinator=SoCo("192.168.1.101"),
    members={SoCo("192.168.1.101"), SoCo("192.168.1.102")}
)
```

From there, you can find the coordinator for the current group:

```
>>> device.group.coordinator
SoCo("192.168.1.101")
```

or, for example, its name:

```
>>> device.group.coordinator.player_name
Kitchen
```

or a set of the members:

```
>>> device.group.members {SoCo("192.168.1.102")}
```

For convenience, ZoneGroup is also a container:

```
>>> for player in device.group:
... print player_name
Living Room
Kitchen
```

If you need it, you can get an iterator over all groups on the network:

```
>>> device.all_groups <generator object all_groups at 0x108cf0c30>
```

A consistent readable label for the group members can be returned with the <code>label</code> and <code>short_label</code> properties

Properties are available to get and set the group *volume* and the group *mute* state, and the set_relative_volume() method can be used to make relative adjustments to the group volume, e.g.:

```
>>> device.group.volume = 25
>>> device.group.volume
25
>>> device.group.set_relative_volume(-10)
15
>>> device.group.mute
>>> False
>>> device.group.mute = True
>>> device.group.mute
```

Parameters

- uid (str) The unique Sonos ID for this group, eg RINCON_000FD584236D01400:5.
- **coordinator** (SoCo) The SoCo instance representing the coordinator of this group.
- **members** (*Iterable* [SoCo]) An iterable containing SoCo instances which represent the members of this group.

uid = None

The unique Sonos ID for this group

coordinator = None

The SoCo instance which coordinates this group

members = None

A set of SoCo instances which are members of the group

label

A description of the group.

```
>>> device.group.label
'Kitchen, Living Room'
```

Type str

short label

A short description of the group.

```
>>> device.group.short_label
'Kitchen + 1'
```

```
Type str
```

volume

The volume of the group.

An integer between 0 and 100.

Type int

mute

The mute state for the group.

True or False.

Type bool

set_relative_volume (relative_group_volume)

Adjust the group volume up or down by a relative amount.

If the adjustment causes the volume to overshoot the maximum value of 100, the volume will be set to 100. If the adjustment causes the volume to undershoot the minimum value of 0, the volume will be set to 0.

Note that this method is an alternative to using addition and subtraction assignment operators (+=, -=) on the *volume* property of a *ZoneGroup* instance. These operators perform the same function as $set_relative_volume$ () but require two network calls per operation instead of one.

Parameters relative_group_volume (*int*) – The relative volume adjustment. Can be positive or negative.

Returns The new group volume setting.

Return type int

Raises ValueError - If relative_group_volume cannot be cast as an integer.

1.10.2.13 soco.ms_data_structures module

This module contains all the data structures for music service plugins.

```
soco.ms_data_structures.get_ms_item(xml, service, parent_id)
```

Return the music service item that corresponds to xml.

The class is identified by getting the type from the 'itemType' tag

```
soco.ms_data_structures.tags_with_text (xml, tags=None)
```

Return a list of tags that contain text retrieved recursively from an XML tree.

```
class soco.ms_data_structures.MusicServiceItem(**kwargs)
```

Class that represents a music service item.

classmethod from xml (xml, service, parent id)

Return a Music Service item generated from xml.

Parameters

- xml (xml.etree.ElementTree.Element) Object XML. All items containing text are added to the content of the item. The class variable valid_fields of each of the classes list the valid fields (after translating the camel case to underscore notation). Required fields are listed in the class variable by that name (where 'id' has been renamed to 'item_id').
- **service** (Instance of sub-class of *soco.plugins.SoCoPlugin*) The music service (plugin) instance that retrieved the element. This service must contain id_to_extended_id and form_uri methods and description and service id attributes.
- parent_id(str) The parent ID of the item, will either be the extended ID of another MusicServiceItem or of a search

For a track the XML can e.g. be on the following form:

```
<mediaMetadata xmlns="http://www.sonos.com/Services/1.1">
 <id>trackid_141359</id>
 <itemType>track</itemType>
 <mimeType>audio/aac</mimeType>
 <title>Teacher</title>
 <trackMetadata>
   <artistId>artistid_10597</artistId>
   <artist>Jethro Tull</artist>
   <composerId>artistid_10597</composerId>
   <composer>Jethro Tull</composer>
   <albumId>albumid_141358</albumId>
   <album>MU - The Best Of Jethro Tull</album>
   <albumArtistId>artistid_10597</albumArtistId>
   <albumArtist>Jethro Tull</albumArtist>
   <duration>229</duration>
   <albumArtURI>http://varnish01.music.aspiro.com/sca/
    imscale?h=90& w=90& img=/content/music10/prod/wmg/
    1383757201/094639008452_20131105025504431/resources/094639008452.
    jpg</albumArtURI>
   <canPlay>true</canPlay>
   <canSkip>true</canSkip>
   <canAddToFavorites>true</canAddToFavorites>
 </trackMet.adata>
</mediaMetadata>
```

classmethod from_dict(dict_in)

Initialize the class from a dict.

Parameters dict_in (dict) – The dictionary that contains the item content. Required fields are listed class variable by that name

to dict

Return a copy of the content dict.

didl_metadata

Return the DIDL metadata for a Music Service Track.

The metadata is on the form:

```
<DIDL-Lite xmlns:dc="http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/"
    xmlns:upnp="urn:schemas-upnp-org:metadata-1-0/upnp/"
    xmlns:r="urn:schemas-rinconnetworks-com:metadata-1-0/"
    xmlns="urn:schemas-upnp-org:metadata-1-0/DIDL-Lite/">
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```
<item id="...self.extended_id..."
    parentID="...self.parent_id..."
    restricted="true">
        <dc:title>...self.title...</dc:title>
        <upnp:class>...self.item_class...</upnp:class>
        <desc id="cdudn"
            nameSpace="urn:schemas-rinconnetworks-com:metadata-1-0/">
            self.content['description']
        </desc>
        </item>
</DIDL-Lite>
```

item id

Return the item id.

extended_id

Return the extended id.

title

Return the title.

service id

Return the service ID.

can_play

Return a boolean for whether the item can be played.

parent_id

Return the extended parent_id, if set, otherwise return None.

album_art_uri

Return the album art URI if set, otherwise return None.

Class that represents a music service track.

Initialize MSTrack item.

album

Return the album title if set, otherwise return None.

artist

Return the artist if set, otherwise return None.

duration

Return the duration if set, otherwise return None.

uri

Return the URI.

Class that represents a Music Service Album.

artist

Return the artist if set, otherwise return None.

uri

Return the URI.

```
class soco.ms_data_structures.MSAlbumList(title, item_id, extended_id, uri, description, ser-
                                                       vice id, **kwargs)
     Class that represents a Music Service Album List.
     uri
          Return the URL
class soco.ms_data_structures.MSPlaylist (title, item_id, extended_id, uri, description, ser-
                                                     vice_id, **kwargs)
     Class that represents a Music Service Play List.
     uri
          Return the URI.
class soco.ms_data_structures.MSArtistTracklist (title, item_id, extended_id, uri, descrip-
                                                               tion, service_id, **kwargs)
     Class that represents a Music Service Artist Track List.
     uri
          Return the URI.
class soco.ms_data_structures.MSArtist(title, item_id, extended_id, service_id, **kwargs)
     Class that represents a Music Service Artist.
class soco.ms_data_structures.MSFavorites(title,
                                                              item_id,
                                                                         extended_id,
                                                                                       service_id,
     Class that represents a Music Service Favorite.
class soco.ms_data_structures.MSCollection(title, item_id,
                                                                         extended_id,
                                                                                       service_id,
                                                        **kwargs)
     Class that represents a Music Service Collection.
1.10.2.14 soco.music_library module
Access to the Music Library.
The Music Library is the collection of music stored on your local network. For access to third party music streaming
services, see the music service module.
class soco.music_library.MusicLibrary(soco=None)
     The Music Library.
          Parameters soco (SoCo, optional) – A SoCo instance to query for music library information. If
              None, or not supplied, a random SoCo instance will be used.
     build_album_art_full_uri(url)
          Ensure an Album Art URI is an absolute URI.
              Parameters url (str) – the album art URI.
              Returns An absolute URI.
              Return type str
     get_artists(*args, **kwargs)
                                           for
                                                     get_music_library_information
                                                                                                   with
          Convenience
                             method
          search_type='artists'. For details of other arguments, see that method.
     get album artists(*args, **kwargs)
                             method
                                                                                                   with
          Convenience
                                           for
                                                     get_music_library_information
          search_type='album_artists'. For details of other arguments, see that method.
```

get albums (*args, **kwargs)

Convenience method for get_music_library_information with search_type='albums'. For details of other arguments, see *that method*.

get_genres (*args, **kwargs)

Convenience method for <code>get_music_library_information</code> with search_type='genres'. For details of other arguments, see *that method*.

get composers(*args, **kwargs)

Convenience method for <code>get_music_library_information</code> with <code>search_type='composers'</code>. For details of other arguments, see *that method*.

get_tracks (*args, **kwargs)

Convenience method for <code>get_music_library_information</code> with <code>search_type='tracks'</code>. For details of other arguments, see <code>that method</code>.

get_playlists(*args, **kwargs)

Convenience method for <code>get_music_library_information</code> with <code>search_type='playlists'</code>. For details of other arguments, see *that method*.

Note: The playlists that are referred to here are the playlists imported from the music library, they are not the Sonos playlists.

get_sonos_favorites(*args, **kwargs)

Convenience method for <code>get_music_library_information</code> with <code>search_type='sonos_favorites'</code>. For details of other arguments, see <code>that method</code>.

get_favorite_radio_stations(*args, **kwargs)

Convenience method for get_music_library_information with search_type='radio_stations'. For details of other arguments, see that method.

get_favorite_radio_shows(*args, **kwargs)

94

Convenience method for <code>get_music_library_information</code> with <code>search_type='radio_stations'</code>. For details of other arguments, see <code>that method</code>.

get_music_library_information(search_type, start=0, full_album_art_uri=Falsa___search

full_album_art_uri=False, search_term=None, subcategories=None, complete result=False)

 $max_items=100$,

Retrieve music information objects from the music library.

This method is the main method to get music information items, like e.g. tracks, albums etc., from the music library with. It can be used in a few different ways:

The search_term argument performs a fuzzy search on that string in the results, so e.g calling:

```
get_music_library_information('artists', search_term='Metallica')
```

will perform a fuzzy search for the term 'Metallica' among all the artists.

Using the subcategories argument, will jump directly into that subcategory of the search and return results from there. So. e.g knowing that among the artist is one called 'Metallica', calling:

will jump directly into the 'Metallica' sub category and return the albums associated with Metallica and:

will return the tracks of the album 'Black' by the artist 'Metallica'. The order of sub category types is: Genres->Artists->Albums->Tracks. It is also possible to combine the two, to perform a fuzzy search in a sub category.

The start, max_items and complete_result arguments all have to do with paging of the results. By default the searches are always paged, because there is a limit to how many items we can get at a time. This paging is exposed to the user with the start and max_items arguments. So calling:

```
get_music_library_information('artists', start=0, max_items=100)
get_music_library_information('artists', start=100, max_items=100)
```

will get the first and next 100 items, respectively. It is also possible to ask for all the elements at once:

```
get_music_library_information('artists', complete_result=True)
```

This will perform the paging internally and simply return all the items.

Parameters

- search_type (str) The kind of information to retrieve. Can be one of: 'artists', 'album_artists', 'albums', 'genres', 'composers', 'tracks', 'share', 'sonos_playlists', or 'playlists', where playlists are the imported playlists from the music library.
- **start** (*int*, *optional*) starting number of returned matches (zero based). Default 0.
- max items (int, optional) Maximum number of returned matches. Default 100.
- **full_album_art_uri** (bool) whether the album art URI should be absolute (i.e. including the IP address). Default False.
- **search_term** (*str*, *optional*) a string that will be used to perform a fuzzy search among the search results. If used in combination with subcategories, the fuzzy search will be performed in the subcategory.
- **subcategories** (*str*, *optional*) A list of strings that indicate one or more subcategories to dive into.
- complete_result (bool) if True, will disable paging (ignore start and max_items) and return all results for the search.

Warning: Getting e.g. all the tracks in a large collection might take some time.

Returns an instance of SearchResult.

Return type SearchResult

Note:

- The maximum numer of results may be restricted by the unit, presumably due to transfer size consideration, so check the returned number against that requested.
- The playlists that are returned with the 'playlists' search, are the playlists imported from the music library, they are not the Sonos playlists.

Raises SoCoException upon errors.

browse (ml_item=None, start=0, max_items=100, full_album_art_uri=False, search_term=None, subcategories=None)

Browse (get sub-elements from) a music library item.

Parameters

- ml_item (DidlItem) the item to browse, if left out or None, items at the root level will be searched.
- **start** (*int*) the starting index of the results.
- max items (int) the maximum number of items to return.
- **full_album_art_uri** (bool) whether the album art URI should be fully qualified with the relevant IP address.
- **search_term** (*str*) A string that will be used to perform a fuzzy search among the search results. If used in combination with subcategories, the fuzzy search will be performed on the subcategory. Note: Searching will not work if ml_item is None.
- **subcategories** (*list*) A list of strings that indicate one or more subcategories to descend into. Note: Providing sub categories will not work if ml_item is None.

Returns A SearchResult instance.

Raises

- AttributeError if ml_item has no item_id attribute.
- SoCoUPnPException with error_code='701' if the item cannot be browsed.

browse_by_idstring (search_type, idstring, start=0, max_items=100, full_album_art_uri=False)

Browse (get sub-elements from) a given music library item, specified by a string.

Parameters

- search_type (str) The kind of information to retrieve. Can be one of: 'artists', 'album_artists', 'albums', 'genres', 'composers', 'tracks', 'share', 'sonos_playlists', and 'playlists', where playlists are the imported file based playlists from the music library.
- idstring (str) a term to search for.
- **start** (*int*) starting number of returned matches. Default 0.
- max_items (int) Maximum number of returned matches. Default 100.
- **full_album_art_uri** (bool) whether the album art URI should be absolute (i.e. including the IP address). Default False.

Returns a SearchResult instance.

Return type SearchResult

Note: The maximum numer of results may be restricted by the unit, presumably due to transfer size consideration, so check the returned number against that requested.

library_updating

whether the music library is in the process of being updated.

Type bool

start_library_update (album_artist_display_option=")

Start an update of the music library.

Parameters album_artist_display_option (str) – a value for the album artist compilation setting (see album_artist_display_option).

search_track (artist, album=None, track=None, full_album_art_uri=False)

Search for an artist, an artist's albums, or specific track.

Parameters

- artist (str) an artist's name.
- album (str, optional) an album name. Default None.
- track (str, optional) a track name. Default None.
- **full_album_art_uri** (bool) whether the album art URI should be absolute (i.e. including the IP address). Default False.

Returns A SearchResult instance.

get_albums_for_artist(artist, full_album_art_uri=False)

Get an artist's albums.

Parameters

- **artist** (*str*) an artist's name.
- full_album_art_uri whether the album art URI should be absolute (i.e. including the IP address). Default False.

Returns A SearchResult instance.

get_tracks_for_album(artist, album, full_album_art_uri=False)

Get the tracks of an artist's album.

Parameters

- artist (str) an artist's name.
- **album** (str) an album name.
- **full_album_art_uri** whether the album art URI should be absolute (i.e. including the IP address). Default False.

Returns A SearchResult instance.

album_artist_display_option

The current value of the album artist compilation setting.

Possible values are:

- 'WMP' use Album Artists
- 'ITUNES' use iTunes® Compilations
- 'NONE' do not group compilations

See also:

The Sonos FAQ on compilation albums.

To change the current setting, call start_library_update and pass the new setting.

Type str

list_library_shares()

Return a list of the music library shares.

Returns The music library shares, which are strings of the form '//hostname_or_IP/ share_path'.

Return type list

delete_library_share (share_name)

Delete a music library share.

Parameters share_name (str) - the name of the share to be deleted, which should be of the form '//hostname_or_IP/share_path'.

Raises SoCoUPnPException

1.10.2.15 soco.services module

Classes representing Sonos UPnP services.

```
>>> import soco
>>> device = soco.SoCo('192.168.1.102')
>>> print (RenderingControl (device) .GetMute([('InstanceID', 0),
       ('Channel', 'Master')]))
{'CurrentMute': '0'}
>>> r = ContentDirectory(device).Browse([
     ('ObjectID', 'Q:0'),
     ('BrowseFlag', 'BrowseDirectChildren'),
. . .
      ('Filter', '*'),
. . .
      ('StartingIndex', '0'),
      ('RequestedCount', '100'),
. . .
       ('SortCriteria', '')
. . .
       ])
>>> print(r['Result'])
<?xml version="1.0" ?><DIDL-Lite xmlns="urn:schemas-upnp-org:metadata ...</pre>
>>> for action, in_args, out_args in AlarmClock(device).iter_actions():
      print(action, in_args, out_args)
. . .
SetFormat [Argument(name='DesiredTimeFormat', vartype='string'), Argument(
name='DesiredDateFormat', vartype='string')] []
GetFormat [] [Argument(name='CurrentTimeFormat', vartype='string'),
Argument (name='CurrentDateFormat', vartype='string')] ...
```

class soco.services.Action

A UPnP Action and its arguments.

Create new instance of ActionBase(name, in_args, out_args)

```
class soco.services.Argument
```

A UPnP Argument and its type.

Create new instance of ArgumentBase(name, vartype)

class soco.services.Vartype

An argument type with default value and range.

Create new instance of VartypeBase(datatype, default, list, range)

```
class soco.services.Service(soco)
```

A class representing a UPnP service.

This is the base class for all Sonos Service classes. This class has a dynamic method dispatcher. Calls to methods which are not explicitly defined here are dispatched automatically to the service action with the same name.

Parameters

```
• soco (SoCo) – A SoCo instance to which the UPnP Actions will be
```

• sent -

soco = None

The SoCo instance to which UPnP Actions are sent

Type SoCo

service_type = None

The UPnP service type.

Type str

version = None

The UPnP service version.

Type str

base_url = None

The base URL for sending UPnP Actions.

Type str

control_url = None

The UPnP Control URL.

Type str

scpd url = None

The service control protocol description URL.

Type str

event_subscription_url = None

The service eventing subscription URL.

Type str

cache = None

A cache for storing the result of network calls. By default, this is a TimedCache with a default timeout=0.

static wrap_arguments(args=None)

Wrap a list of tuples in xml ready to pass into a SOAP request.

Parameters args (list) – a list of (name, value) tuples specifying the name of each argument and its value, eg [('InstanceID', 0), ('Speed', 1)]. The value can be a string or something with a string representation. The arguments are escaped and wrapped in <name> and <value> tags.

Example

```
>>> from soco import SoCo
>>> device = SoCo('192.168.1.101')
>>> s = Service(device)
>>> print(s.wrap_arguments([('InstanceID', 0), ('Speed', 1)]))
<InstanceID>0</InstanceID><Speed>1</Speed>'
```

static unwrap_arguments (xml_response)

Extract arguments and their values from a SOAP response.

Parameters xml_response (str) - SOAP/xml response text (unicode, not utf-8).

Returns a dict of {argument_name: value} items.

Return type dict

compose_args (action_name, in_argdict)

Compose the argument list from an argument dictionary, with respect for default values.

Parameters

- action_name (str) The name of the action to be performed.
- in_argdict (dict) Arguments as a dict, e.g. { 'InstanceID': 0, 'Speed': 1}. The values can be a string or something with a string representation.

Returns a list of (name, value) tuples.

Return type list

Raises

- AttributeError If this service does not support the action.
- ValueError If the argument lists do not match the action signature.

build_command(action, args=None)

Build a SOAP request.

Parameters

- action (str) the name of an action (a string as specified in the service description XML file) to be sent.
- args (list, optional) Relevant arguments as a list of (name, value) tuples.

Returns a tuple containing the POST headers (as a dict) and a string containing the relevant SOAP body. Does not set content-length, or host headers, which are completed upon sending.

Return type tuple

send_command (action, args=None, cache=None, cache_timeout=None, **kwargs)
Send a command to a Sonos device.

Parameters

- **action** (*str*) the name of an action (a string as specified in the service description XML file) to be sent.
- args (list, optional) Relevant arguments as a list of (name, value) tuples, as an alternative to kwarqs.
- cache (Cache) A cache is operated so that the result will be stored for up to cache_timeout seconds, and a subsequent call with the same arguments within that period will be returned from the cache, saving a further network call. The cache may be invalidated or even primed from another thread (for example if a UPnP event is received to indicate that the state of the Sonos device has changed). If cache_timeout is missing or None, the cache will use a default value (which may be 0 see cache). By default, the cache identified by the service's cache attribute will be used, but a different cache object may be specified in the cache parameter.
- **kwargs** Relevant arguments for the command.

Returns a dict of {argument name, value} items.

Return type dict

100

Raises

- AttributeError If this service does not support the action.
- ValueError If the argument lists do not match the action signature.
- SoCoUPnPException if a SOAP error occurs.
- UnknownSoCoException if an unknown UPnP error occurs.
- requests.exceptions.HTTPError if an http error occurs.

handle_upnp_error (xml_error)

Disect a UPnP error, and raise an appropriate exception.

Parameters xml_error (str) – a unicode string containing the body of the UPnP/SOAP Fault response. Raises an exception containing the error code.

subscribe (requested_timeout=None, auto_renew=False, event_queue=None, strict=True) Subscribe to the service's events.

Parameters

- requested_timeout (int, optional) If requested_timeout is provided, a subscription valid for that number of seconds will be requested, but not guaranteed. Check timeout on return to find out what period of validity is actually allocated.
- auto_renew (bool) If auto_renew is True, the subscription will automatically be renewed just before it expires, if possible. Default is False.
- **event_queue** (Queue) a thread-safe queue object on which received events will be put. If not specified, a (Queue) will be created and used.
- **strict** (bool, optional) If True and an Exception occurs during execution, the Exception will be raised or, if False, the Exception will be logged and the Subscription instance will be returned. Default True.

Returns an instance of *Subscription*, representing the new subscription. If config.EVENTS_MODULE has been set to refer to events_twisted, a deferred will be returned with the Subscription as its result and deferred.subscription will be set to refer to the Subscription.

Return type Subscription

To unsubscribe, call the *unsubscribe* () method on the returned object.

actions

The service's actions with their arguments.

Returns A list of Action namedtuples, consisting of action_name (str), in_args (list of Argument namedtuples, consisting of name and argtype), and out_args (ditto).

Return type list(Action)

The return value looks like this:

```
[
Action(
    name='GetMute',
    in_args=[
        Argument(name='InstanceID', ...),
        Argument(
            name='Channel',
            vartype='string',
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

Its string representation will look like this:

```
GetMute(InstanceID: ui4, Channel: [Master, LF, RF, SpeakerOnly])
-> {CurrentMute: boolean}
```

iter actions()

Yield the service's actions with their arguments.

Yields Action – the next action.

Each action is an Action namedtuple, consisting of action_name (a string), in_args (a list of Argument namedtuples consisting of name and argtype), and out_args (ditto), eg:

```
Action(
    name='SetFormat',
    in_args=[
        Argument(name='DesiredTimeFormat', vartype=<Vartype>),
        Argument(name='DesiredDateFormat', vartype=<Vartype>)],
    out_args=[]
)
```

event vars

The service's eventable variables.

Returns A list of (variable name, data type) tuples.

Return type list(tuple)

iter_event_vars()

Yield the services eventable variables.

Yields tuple – a tuple of (variable name, data type).

```
class soco.services.AlarmClock(soco)
```

Sonos alarm service, for setting and getting time and alarms.

```
class soco.services.MusicServices(soco)
```

Sonos music services service, for functions related to 3rd party music services.

Parameters

- soco (SoCo) A SoCo instance to which the UPnP Actions will be
- sent -

```
class soco.services.AudioIn(soco)
```

Sonos audio in service, for functions related to RCA audio input.

Parameters

102

- soco (SoCo) A SoCo instance to which the UPnP Actions will be
- sent -

class soco.services.DeviceProperties(soco)

Sonos device properties service, for functions relating to zones, LED state, stereo pairs etc.

Parameters

- soco (SoCo) A SoCo instance to which the UPnP Actions will be
- sent -

class soco.services.SystemProperties(soco)

Sonos system properties service, for functions relating to authentication etc.

Parameters

- soco (SoCo) A SoCo instance to which the UPnP Actions will be
- sent -

class soco.services.ZoneGroupTopology(soco)

Sonos zone group topology service, for functions relating to network topology, diagnostics and updates.

Parameters

- soco (SoCo) A SoCo instance to which the UPnP Actions will be
- sent -

class soco.services.GroupManagement(soco)

Sonos group management service, for services relating to groups.

Parameters

- soco (SoCo) A SoCo instance to which the UPnP Actions will be
- sent -

class soco.services.QPlay(soco)

Sonos Tencent QPlay service (a Chinese music service)

Parameters

- soco (SoCo) A SoCo instance to which the UPnP Actions will be
- sent –

class soco.services.ContentDirectory(soco)

UPnP standard Content Directory service, for functions relating to browsing, searching and listing available music.

class soco.services.MS_ConnectionManager(soco)

UPnP standard connection manager service for the media server.

class soco.services.RenderingControl(soco)

UPnP standard rendering control service, for functions relating to playback rendering, eg bass, treble, volume and EQ.

class soco.services.MR_ConnectionManager(soco)

UPnP standard connection manager service for the media renderer.

class soco.services.AVTransport (soco)

UPnP standard AV Transport service, for functions relating to transport management, eg play, stop, seek, playlists etc.

```
class soco.services.Queue(soco)
```

Sonos queue service, for functions relating to queue management, saving queues etc.

```
class soco.services.GroupRenderingControl(soco)
```

Sonos group rendering control service, for functions relating to group volume etc.

1.10.2.16 soco.snapshot module

Functionality to support saving and restoring the current Sonos state.

This is useful for scenarios such as when you want to switch to radio or an announcement and then back again to what was playing previously.

Warning: Sonos has introduced control via Amazon Alexa. A new cloud queue is created and at present there appears no way to restart this queue from snapshot. Currently if a cloud queue was playing it will not restart.

Warning: This class is designed to be created used and destroyed. It is not designed to be reused or long lived. The init sets up defaults for one use.

```
class soco.snapshot.Snapshot(device, snapshot_queue=False)
```

A snapshot of the current state.

Note: This does not change anything to do with the configuration such as which group the speaker is in, just settings that impact what is playing, or how it is played.

List of sources that may be playing using root of media_uri:

```
x-rincon-queue: playing from Queue
x-sonosapi-stream: playing a stream (eg radio)
x-file-cifs: playing file
x-rincon: slave zone (only change volume etc. rest from coordinator)
```

Parameters

- **device** (SoCo) The device to snapshot
- **snapshot_queue** (bool) Whether the queue should be snapshotted. Defaults to False.

Warning: It is strongly advised that you do not snapshot the queue unless you really need to as it takes a very long time to restore large queues as it is done one track at a time.

snapshot()

Record and store the current state of a device.

Returns True if the device is a coordinator, False otherwise. Useful for determining whether playing an alert on a device will ungroup it.

Return type bool

```
restore (fade=False)
```

Restore the state of a device to that which was previously saved.

For coordinator devices restore everything. For slave devices only restore volume etc., not transport info (transport info comes from the slave's coordinator).

Parameters fade (bool) – Whether volume should be faded up on restore.

1.10.2.17 soco.soap module

Classes for handling SoCo's basic SOAP requirements.

This module does not handle anything like the full SOAP Specification, but is enough for SoCo's needs. Sonos uses SOAP for UPnP communications, and for communication with third party music services.

exception soco.soap.**SoapFault** (faultcode, faultstring, detail=None)

An exception encapsulating a SOAP Fault.

Parameters

- faultcode (str) The SOAP faultcode.
- faultstring (str) The SOAP faultstring.
- detail (Element) The SOAP fault detail, as an ElementTree Element. Defaults to None.

A SOAP Message representing a remote procedure call.

Uses the Requests library for communication with a SOAP server.

Parameters

- **endpoint** (str) The SOAP endpoint URL for this client.
- **method** (str) The name of the method to call.
- parameters (list) A list of (name, value) tuples containing the parameters to pass to the method. Default None.
- http_headers (dict) A dict in the form { 'Header': 'Value, ...} containing http headers to use for the http request. Content-type and SOAPACTION headers will be created automatically, so do not include them here. Use this, for example, to set a useragent.
- **soap_action** (*str*) The value of the SOAPACTION header. Default 'None'.
- **soap_header** (*str*) A string representation of the XML to be used for the SOAP Header. Default None.
- namespace (str) The namespace URI to use for the method and parameters. None, by default.
- **request_args Other keyword parameters will be passed to the Requests request which is used to handle the http communication. For example, a timeout value can be set.

prepare_headers (http_headers, soap_action)

Prepare the http headers for sending.

1.10. soco package 105

Add the SOAPACTION header to the others.

Parameters

- http_headers (dict) A dict in the form { 'Header': 'Value, ...} containing http headers to use for the http request.
- $soap_action(str)$ The value of the SOAPACTION header.

Returns headers including the SOAPACTION header.

Return type dict

prepare_soap_header(soap_header)

Prepare the SOAP header for sending.

Wraps the soap header in appropriate tags.

Parameters soap_header (str) - A string representation of the XML to be used for the SOAP Header

Returns The soap header wrapped in appropriate tags.

Return type str

prepare_soap_body (method, parameters, namespace)

Prepare the SOAP message body for sending.

Parameters

- **method** (str) The name of the method to call.
- parameters (list) A list of (name, value) tuples containing the parameters to pass to the method.
- namespace (str) The XML namespace to use for the method.

Returns A properly formatted SOAP Body.

Return type str

$\verb|prepare_soap_header|, prepared_soap_header|, prepared_soap_body)|$

Prepare the SOAP Envelope for sending.

Parameters

- prepared_soap_header (str) A SOAP Header prepared by prepare_soap_header
- prepared_soap_body (str) A SOAP Body prepared by prepare_soap_body

Returns A prepared SOAP Envelope

Return type str

prepare()

Prepare the SOAP message for sending to the server.

call()

Call the SOAP method on the server.

Returns the decapusulated SOAP response from the server, still encoded as utf-8.

Return type str

Raises

• SoapFault – if a SOAP error occurs.

• HTTPError – if an http error occurs.

1.10.2.18 soco.utils module

This class contains utility functions used internally by SoCo.

```
soco.utils.really_unicode(in_string)
```

Make a string unicode. Really.

Ensure in_string is returned as unicode through a series of progressively relaxed decodings.

Parameters in_string (str) – The string to convert.

Returns Unicode.

Return type str

Raises ValueError

soco.utils.really_utf8(in_string)

Encode a string with utf-8. Really.

First decode in_string via really_unicode to ensure it can successfully be encoded as utf-8. This is required since just calling encode on a string will often cause Python 2 to perform a coerced strict auto-decode as ascii first and will result in a UnicodeDecodeError being raised. After really_unicode returns a safe unicode string, encode as utf-8 and return the utf-8 encoded string.

Parameters in_string – The string to convert.

```
soco.utils.camel_to_underscore(string)
```

Convert camelcase to lowercase and underscore.

Recipe from http://stackoverflow.com/a/1176023

Parameters string (str) – The string to convert.

Returns The converted string.

Return type str

```
soco.utils.prettify(unicode_text)
```

Return a pretty-printed version of a unicode XML string.

Useful for debugging.

Parameters unicode_text (str) – A text representation of XML (unicode, not utf-8).

Returns A pretty-printed version of the input.

Return type str

```
soco.utils.show xml(xml)
```

Pretty print an ElementTree XML object.

Parameters xml (ElementTree) - The ElementTree to pretty print

Note: This is used a convenience function used during development. It is not used anywhere in the main code base.

```
class soco.utils.deprecated(since, alternative=None, will_be_removed_in=None, alterna-
tive not referable=False)
```

A decorator for marking deprecated objects.

Used internally by SoCo to cause a warning to be issued when the object is used, and marks the object as deprecated in the Sphinx documentation.

Parameters

- **since** (*str*) The version in which the object is deprecated.
- alternative (str, optional) The name of an alternative object to use
- will_be_removed_in (str, optional) The version in which the object is likely to be removed.
- alternative_not_referable (bool) (optional) Indicate that alternative cannot be used as a sphinx reference

Example

```
@deprecated(since="0.7", alternative="new_function")
def old_function(args):
    pass
```

```
soco.utils.url_escape_path(path)
```

Escape a string value for a URL request path.

Parameters str - The path to escape

Returns The escaped path

Return type str

```
>>> url_escape_path("Foo, bar & baz / the hackers")
u'Foo%2C%20bar%20%26%20baz%20%2F%20the%20hackers'
```

```
soco.utils.first_cap(string)
```

Return upper cased first character

1.10.2.19 soco.xml module

This class contains XML related utility functions.

```
soco.xml.NAMESPACES = {'': 'urn:schemas-upnp-org:metadata-1-0/DIDL-Lite/', 'dc': 'http://Commonly used namespaces, and abbreviations, used by ns_tag.
```

```
soco.xml.ns_tag(ns_id, tag)
```

Return a namespace/tag item.

Parameters

- **ns_id** (str) A namespace id, eg "dc" (see NAMESPACES)
- tag(str) An XML tag, eg "author"

Returns A fully qualified tag.

Return type str

The ns_id is translated to a full name space via the NAMESPACES constant:

```
>>> xml.ns_tag('dc','author')
'{http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/}author'
```

1.11 SoCo releases

1.11.1 SoCo 0.23 release notes

SoCo 0.23 (Released on 2021-07-16), contains a number of new features as well as internal improvements.

1.11.1.1 New Features and Improvements

- Add a contactable () function to filter out devices that are not reachable.
- Add end_direct_control_session() method to stop remote control sessions (e.g., Spotify Connect).
- Add get_current_media_info() method, useful for determining details of radio streams.
- Add plugin for playback of Spotify and Tidal ShareLinks (experimental).
- Restore compatibility for Sonos S1 systems running firmware versions earlier than 10.1.

1.11.1.2 Developer/Code Improvements

Logging severity has been adjusted in some areas to reduce the volume of logging output.

1.11.1.3 Complete list of significant changes since v0.22

See: https://github.com/SoCo/SoCo/milestone/19?closed=1

1.11.2 SoCo 0.22 release notes

SoCo 0.22 (Released on 2021-04-17), contains a number of new features as well as internal improvements.

1.11.2.1 New Features and Improvements

- Add an available actions property to determine what actions are currently permitted on a player.
- Add the ability to **remove alarms** from the system by **Alarm ID**.
- Add shuffle and repeat as directly gettable/settable properties of a player.
- Add the ability to specify a track number when using seek.
- Add events handling using asyncio, as an alternative to the standard and Twisted events approaches.

1.11.2.2 Developer/Code Improvements

We've made a broad set of changes to remove legacy code related to Python 2 compatibility.

1.11.2.3 Complete list of significant changes since v0.21

See: https://github.com/SoCo/SoCo/milestone/18?closed=1

1.11.3 SoCo 0.21 release notes

SoCo 0.21 (Released on 2021-01-17), contains significant improvements to the speaker discovery process, which should address most of the common problems that are encountered.

Multi-household Sonos systems can now be discovered and controlled.

The AudioIn service has been added, providing access to Line In operations and events.

A number of additional miscellaneous speaker state controls have been provided, for speaker buttons, fixed volume output, and Trueplay. The battery status of Sonos Move speakers can also now be obtained. The <code>music_source</code> property on SoCo objects provides a convenient way to determine what type of source is being played by a speaker.

SoCo 0.21 is now fully Python 3.9 compatible, requires Python 3.5+, and is no longer compatible with Python 2.x.

1.11.3.1 New Features and Improvements

- Add support for **network scan discovery**, including allowing multi-household systems to be discovered: pull requests #733, #755, and #770.
- Add the **AudioIn service** for access to Line In operations and events: PR #777.
- Add the ability to inspect and set **Fixed Volume** output: PR #773.
- Add the ability to inspect and set whether speaker buttons are enabled: PR #774.
- Add the ability to inspect and set **Trueplay** enablement: PR #775.
- Add the ability to determine the **battery state** of Sonos Move speakers: PR #756.

1.11.3.2 Bug Fixes

- Improve zone group state caching to accommodate multi-household systems: PR #656. (Note: possible breaking change: if you've previously been setting the soco.core.zone_group_state_shared_cache. enabled property, this property is no longer global but is instead now a private property of SoCo instances.)
- When restoring snapshots, do not try to restore bass/treble/loudness on devices with fixed volume enabled: PR #772.
- Ensure that all relevant NICs and IP addresses are included in multicast speaker discovery: PR #767.

1.11.3.3 Developer Improvements

- Numerous fixes to allow the documentation to build cleanly: PR #753.
- Full Python 3.9 compatibility, including updated check jobs: PRs #745 and #751.
- Code changes to allow Pylint and Black to be updated to their most recent versions: PRs #748 and #749.

1.11.3.4 List of Changes Associated with the 0.21 Milestone

See: https://github.com/SoCo/SoCo/milestone/17?closed=1

1.11.4 SoCo 0.20 release notes

SoCo 0.20 is the latest increment to the SoCo module. Among the additions this time are support for adding stereo pairs, proper categorization of Sonos Amp as a playbar to add proper support for 'night sound' and 'speech enhancement' and finally a fix for a long running issue where vendor extended DIDL-Lite classes would cause events to crash without specific code added for each one. See the full list of additions and bugfixes below.

SoCo (Sonos Controller) is a Python package that allows you to programmatically control Sonos speakers.

1.11.4.1 New Features and Improvements

- Add support for creating and separating stereo pairs of speakers. Note: works with dissimilar Sonos speakers if required. Pull request #704.
- Add support for autogenerating vendor extended DIDL-Lite classes. Pull request #713. This should fix all the problems where SoCo would crash if some vendor specific data type is unknown.
- Categorize Sonos Amp as a playbar in order to provide support for 'night sound' and 'speech enhancement'.
 Pull request #721
- If port 1400 is in use, the next available 100 ports will be tried. Pull request #724.

1.11.4.2 Bugfixes

- Fix bug where data_structures_upgrade would fail on items that has no uri. Issue #702.
- Process share browsing correctly. Issue #717. Credit to @Sonosy for the fix.

1.11.4.3 Developer improvements

- Format all soco main, test and example code with the black code formatter (https://github.com/psf/black) and make it mandatory going forward including a TravisCI check. Pull request #706.
- Improve test_remove_playlist_bad_id() to handle the case of no existing playlists. Pull request #726, fixes issue #725.

1.11.5 SoCo 0.19 release notes

SoCo 0.19 is the latest increment to the SoCo module. Among the additions this time are added methods for library share handling, new methods for relative and group volume handling and a new DIDL-Lite class used for certain podcasts. See the full list of additions and bugfixes below.

SoCo (Sonos Controller) is a Python package that allows you to programmatically control Sonos speakers.

1.11.5.1 New Features and Improvements

- Added class DidlRecentShow to the data_structures module to implement the added object.
 item.audioItem.musicTrack.recentShow DIDL-Lite object type. Used for podcasts etc. Pull request #677.
- Add support for Python 3.8, pull reques #679
- Add methods list_library_shares() and delete_library_share() to MusicLibrary. Partially addresses issue #678.

- Add a balance property to the SoCo class, allowing get/set of speaker balance, pull request #693. Addresses issue #692. Credit to @tephlon for the idea and the majority of the implementation.
- Add the set_relative_volume() method to the SoCo class, pull request #687
- Add unit test for soco.music_library.MusicLibrary.delete_library_share() method, pull request #694
- Add deprecation warning concerning the removal of Python 2.7 support, pull request #697
- Add group volume operations, pull request #688

1.11.5.2 **Bugfixes**

- Fixed broken link in loudness docstring, issue #671
- In soco.events, fixed bug affecting some users in code to determine system's own IP address. Some systems requires a valid port to be used (not port 0), so we use config. EVENT_LISTENER_PORT. Pull request #680.
- Copy metadata from <code>DidlItem</code> to <code>MusicServiceItem</code> in <code>get_queue()</code> and events. Pull request #589. Closes issues #535, #547 and #552.
- Fixed a bug (avoid trying to iterate a None) in the discovery module, commit c8e4a24

1.11.6 SoCo 0.18 release notes

SoCo 0.18 adds lots of small improvements to the events functionality plus a major addition in the form of allowing choice of how the event listener is implemented. Besides that there is a logging improvement. Details are below.

SoCo (Sonos Controller) is a Python package that allows you to programmatically control Sonos speakers.

1.11.6.1 New Features and Improvements

- Allow the user to choose how the event listener is implemented and a lot of other event code improvements as outlined below. (Pull request #602).
 - A major feature addition is to allow the user to choose how the event listener is implemented. The default is for the event listener to use the requests library and run in a thread. This update allows the user to run the event listener using the twisted internet library, by setting the config.EVENTS_MODULE module to point to the <code>soco.events_twisted</code> module. See the example in events_twisted.
 - Stops the event listener when the last active subscription is unsubscribed.
 - Raise soco.exceptions.SoCoException on an attempt to subscribe a subscription more than once (use soco.events.Subscription.renew() instead).
 - Allow an optional strict parameter for soco.events.Subscription.subscribe(), soco. events.Subscription.renew() and soco.events.Subscription.unsubscribe(). If set to False, Exceptions will be logged rather than raised. Default: True
 - Upon autorenewal, call soco.events.Subscription.renew() with the strict flag set to False, so that any Exception is logged, not raised. This is because there is no calling code to catch an Exception.
 - Provide for calling code to set soco.events.Subscription.auto_renew_fail to refer to a
 callback function. If an Exception occurs upon autorenewal, this callback will be called with the Exception
 as the sole parameter.

- If an Exception occurs upon subscribe() or renew(), cancel the subscription, unless the Exception
 was a SoCoException on subscribe(). For example, if an Exception occurs because the network went
 down, the subscription will be canceled.
- Use a threading lock with subscribe(), renew() and unsubscribe(), because autorenewal occurs from a thread.
- Add a simple <code>soco.data_structures.DidlPlaylistContainerTracklist</code> class to the <code>soco.data_structures</code> module (Pull request #645). The class is used by Sonos when Sonos Speakers are controlled by Spotify Connect. The absence of the class from the data_structures module causes errors. This fixes the error message reported in pull request #639.
- Remove logging of UPnP failures (Pull request #640

1.11.7 SoCo 0.17 release notes

SoCo 0.17 adds a single new feature and updates SoCo to work on top of the API changes that Sonos introduced with the 10.1 software update.

Warning: The changes to SoCo to accommodate the Sonos API changes as of version 10.1 are **backwards incompatible**. This means that if SoCo is updated to version 0.17, then *it will be necessary to update the Sonos software to 10.1* at the same time.

SoCo (Sonos Controller) is a simple Python class that allows you to programmatically control Sonos speakers.

1.11.7.1 New Features and Improvements

• Add the is_soundbar property to the SoCo class to indicate whether or not the current instance represents a Play:Bar, a Play:Base, or a Beam and, when appropriate, enable features like Night and Dialog mode. (Pull request #637). (Fixes #633).

1.11.7.2 **Bugfixes**

- Fix discovery which was broken as a consequence of API changes in Sonos software version 10.1. (Commit f532cad)
- Fix parsing of favorites which was broken as a consequence of API changes in Sonos software version 10.1. (Commit 58efcb6)

1.11.8 SoCo 0.16 release notes

SoCo 0.16 is a new version of the SoCo library. This release adds new features and fixes several bugs.

SoCo (Sonos Controller) is a simple Python class that allows you to programmatically control Sonos speakers.

1.11.8.1 New Features and Improvements

- Allow the user to configure the event listener IP address that is sent to the Sonos speakers. The default is to auto
 detect, but it can now be overridden. This allows for more complex network configurations (e.g. using Docker
 containers) to be supported. (#604)
- The play_uri method now accepts title arguments that need XML escaping. (#605)

- A harmless "Could not handle track info" warning has been removed. (#606)
- Let from_didl_string throw DIDLMetadataErrors, allowing them to be caught in the event handling code. (#601)
- Added support for object.item.audioItem.audioBook (#618)

1.11.8.2 **Bugfixes**

• Fix DidlMusicAlbum inheriting fields from DidlAudioItem instead of DidlAlbum (#592)

1.11.9 SoCo 0.15 release notes

SoCo 0.15 is a new version of the SoCo library. This release adds new features and fixes several bugs.

SoCo (Sonos Controller) is a simple Python class that allows you to programmatically control Sonos speakers.

1.11.9.1 New Features and Improvements

- Add __enter__ and __exit__ methods to Subscription, for automatic unsubscription in a with-block (#563)
- Add __enter__ and __exit__ methods to Snapshot, for automatic snapshot and restore in a with block (#588)
- Handle default value / allowed value range in Service.iter_actions and format the resulting actions
 (#573)
- Allow keyword arguments in Service commands (#573)
- Auto deploy new tagged releases to PyPI (#593)
- Documentation updates (#580)

1.11.9.2 Bugfixes

- Prevent parsing exceptions during event handling from killing the exception thread. Instead, return a DidlFault, which will reraise the exception when the user tries to use it (#567)
- Fixed the set returned by discover () being modified later (#582)
- Fixed regression in send_command (#577)
- Fixed regression due to removed deprecated methods (#596)
- Improved error handling with speakers not associated to a room (#555)

1.11.9.3 Backwards Compatability

- Dropped support for Python 3.3 #527 (#527)
- Removed the deprecated methods which were moved in 0.12 from core.py to music_library.py and move the associated tests (#542)

1.11.10 SoCo 0.14 release notes

SoCo 0.14 is a new version of the SoCo library. This release adds new features and fixes several bugs.

SoCo (Sonos Controller) is a simple Python class that allows you to programmatically control Sonos speakers.

1.11.10.1 New Features and Improvements

- Add support for Sonos favorites, which can now be browsed and played through the usual methods. (#478)
- Revised the play_local_files examples including a off-by-one bug fix, configuration as command line argument, IP address auto detection and more robust Sonos player selection. (#570)
- Allow keyword arguments in Service commands (#573)
- Handle QueueID properly in event xml. (#546)
- Further documentation updates (#540, #569)

1.11.10.2 Bugfixes

- Small bugfix to stop an error where None would be returned by metadata.findtext. Instead, an empty string is returned. (#539)
- Fix a race that could lead to events being missed shortly after a subscription was started. (#533)
- Don't throw exceptions when parsing metadata with missing/empty tags, to fix event errors. (#467)

1.11.11 SoCo 0.13 release notes

SoCo 0.13 is a new version of the SoCo library. This release adds new features and fixes several bugs.

SoCo (Sonos Controller) is a simple Python class that allows you to programmatically control Sonos speakers.

1.11.11.1 New Features and Improvements

- The IP address used by the events listener can be configured (#444)
- Add support for night mode (#421) and dialog mode (#422) on devices supporting the respective feature.
- Add queue-able data structures for the music service items (#455)
- Add a method for queueing multiple items with a single request (#470)
- Add methods to get and set the uri(s) of a DidlObject. (#482)
- Add support for line in from other speakers (#460)
- Enhance add_to_queue() to with optional position argument (#471)
- Added by_name function to discovery to be able to get a device by player_name (#487)
- allow choice of how to play streams in play uri (override Sonos default with force radio=True) (#491)
- Added ramp_to_volume () method to smoothly change the volume (#506)
- Added FAQ, documentation and two examples to explain using SoCo's Snapshot function (#493)
- Update documentation for add_uri_to_queue (#503)
- Added a FAQ section to the docs with play_uri and play local files answers (#481)

- A few queue related micro examples was added to the examples page in the docs (#484)
- Further documentation updates (#435, #436, #459, #476, #489, #496, #522)

1.11.11.2 Bugfixes

- Fixes an issue where restarting an application that had subscribed to events sometimes causes an error when the events are delivered to the new instance (#437)
- Fixes an issue where multiple threads trying to subscribe to events in parallel would sometimes cause SoCo to attempt to create multiple event listener servers and fail on socket.bind(). (#437)
- Fixes an issue where SoCo would not recognize object.container.playlistContainer.sonos-favorite when receiving events (#438).
- Fixes a bug in play_uri where it would not play a http or https prefixed radio stream due to a change in the Sonos API (issue #434). This change fixes it by replacing the two http type prefixes with Sonos' x-rincon-mp3radio://prefix (#434, #443)
- Fixes an exception being raised on Windows with discover. The error was caused by socket. getsockname raising an exception on Windows with and unconnected unbound socket. Fixed by now simply logging the sockets. (#445)
- Change to use SoCo method to determine coordinator in Snapshot (#529, #519)
- Prevent error when queue started from Alexa and using snapshot. Currently there is no was to restart a cloud queue from SoCo, this PR just prevents Snapshot causing an error. (#530, #521)
- Fix add_multiple_to_queue fails with too many items (#488)
- Fixed log level (#534)

1.11.11.3 Backwards Compatability

• Dropped support for Python 2.6 (#325, #526) and added support for 3.6 (#528)

1.11.12 SoCo 0.12 release notes

SoCo 0.12 is a new version of the SoCo library. This release adds new features and fixes several bugs.

SoCo (Sonos Controller) is a simple Python class that allows you to programmatically control Sonos speakers.

1.11.12.1 New Features and Improvements

- New MusicService class for access to all the music services known to Sonos. Note that some of this code
 is still unstable, and in particular the data structures returned by methods such as get_metadata may change
 in future. (#262, #358)
- Add information to the docs about how to put SoCo in the Python path, for test execution (#327, #319)
- added to_dict() / from_dict() to DidlResource (#330, #318)
- All tests have been moved from the unittests directory to the tests directory (#336)
- For developers, more make targets, and a better sdist build (#346)
- Added discovery.any_soco(), for when you need a SoCo instance, but you don't care which. This is slightly better than the traditional device = soco.discover().pop() since it will return an existing instance if one is available, without sending discovery packets (#262)

- Modified DidlObject.to_dict() so that any associated resources list will be also returned as a list of dictionaries instead of returning a list of DidlResource objects. (#340, #338)
- Added a sonosdump tool in dev_tools, which can print out the various UPnP methods which Sonos uses (#344)
- Added methods for sonos playlist management: reorder_sonos_playlist, clear_sonos_playlist, move_in_sonos_playlist, remove_from_sonos_playlist, get_sonos_playlist_by_attr (#352, #348, #353) and remove_sonos_playlist (#341, #345)
- Support playmodes repeat-one (REPEAT_ONE) and shuffle-repeat-one (SHUFFLE_REPEAT_ONE) introduced by Sonos 6.0 (#387)
- Better discovery: SoCo tries harder to find devices on the local network, particularly where there are multiple network interfaces. The default discovery timeout is also increased to 5 seconds (#395, #432)
- Large work package on the docs, which contains a new front page, more sections, some advanced topics and an example page (#406, #360, #368, #362, #326, #369).
- Added optional timeout argument to be passed onto requests when getting speaker info (#302)
- Ignore . # specified subclasses in Didl xml. Several music services seem to use an out-of-spec way to make sub classes in Didl, by specifying the subclass name or function after a #. This caused our implementation of Didl to reject it. This has now been fixed by simple ignoring these un-official subclasses (#425)
- Added methods to manipulate sonos sleep functionality: set_sleep_timer, get_sleep_timer (#413)
- Various cleanups (#351)
- Extended get_speaker_info to return more information about the Sonos speakers (#335, #320)

1.11.12.2 Bugfixes

- Clear zone group cache and reparse zone group information after join and unjoin to prevent giving wrong topology information. (#323, #321)
- Fix typo preventing SoCo from parsing the audio metadata object used when a TV is playing. (#331)
- Fix bug where SoCo would raise an exception if music services sent metadata with invalid XML characters (#392, #386)
- Event lister was (incorrectly) responding to GET and HEAD requests, which could result in local files being served (#430)
- Minor fix because ordereddict.values in py3 return ValuesView (#359)
- Fixed bugs with parsing events (#276)
- Fixed unit tests (#343, #342)
- Fix in MusicLibrary constructor (#370)

1.11.12.3 Backwards Compatability

- Dropped support for Python 3.2 (#324)
- Methods relating to the music library (get_artists, get_album_artists, get_albums and others) have been moved to the music_library module. Instead of device.get_album_artists(), please now use device.music_library.get_album_artists() etc. Old code will continue to work for the moment, but will raise deprecation warnings (#350)

- Made a hard deprecation of the Spotify plugin since the API it relied on has been deprecated and it therefore no longer worked (#401, #423)
- Dropped pylint checks for Python 2.6 (#363)

1.11.13 SoCo 0.11.1 release notes

SoCo 0.11.1 is a new version of the SoCo library. This release fixes a bug with the installation of SoCo.

SoCo (Sonos Controller) is a simple Python class that allows you to programmatically control Sonos speakers.

1.11.13.1 Bugfixes

• Installation fails on systems where the default encoding is not UTF-8 (#312, #313)

1.11.14 SoCo 0.11 release notes

SoCo 0.11 is a new version of the SoCo library. This release adds new features and fixes several bugs.

SoCo (Sonos Controller) is a simple Python class that allows you to programmatically control Sonos speakers.

1.11.14.1 New Features and Improvements

- The new properties is_playing_tv, is_playing_radio and is_playing_line_in have been added (#225)
- A method get_item_album_art_uri has been added to return the absolute album art full uri so that it is easy to put the album art in user interfaces (#240).
- Added support for satellite speaker detection in network topology parsing code (#245)
- Added support to search the music library for tracks, an artists' albums and an artist's album's tracks (#246)
- A fairly extensive re-organisation of the DIDL metadata handling code, which brings SoCo more into line with the DIDL-Lite spec, as adopted by Sonos. DIDL objects can have now have multiple URIs, and the interface is much simpler. (#256)
- Event objects now have a timestamp field (#273)
- The IP address (ie network interface) for discovering Sonos speakers can now be specified (#277)
- It is now possible to trigger an update of the music library (#286)
- The event listener port is now configurable (#288)
- Methods that can only be executed on master speakers will now raise a SoCoSlaveException (#296)
- An example has been added that shows how to play local files by setting up a temporary HTTP server in python (#307)
- Test cleanup (#309)

1.11.14.2 Bugfixes

- The value of the IP_MULTICAST_TTL option is now ensured to be one byte long (#269)
- Various encoding issues have been fixed (#293, #281, #306)
- Fix bug with browsing of imported playlists (#265)
- The discover method was broken in Python 3.4 (#271)
- An unknown / missing UPnP class in event subscriptions has been added (#266, #301, #303)
- Fix add_to_queue which was broken since the data structure refactoring (#308, #310)

1.11.14.3 Backwards Compatability

- The exception DidlCannotCreateMetadata has been deprecated. DidlMetadataError should be used instead. (#256)
- Code which has been deprecated for more than 3 releases has been removed. See previous release notes for deprecation notices. (#273)

1.11.15 SoCo 0.10 release notes

SoCo 0.10 is a new version of the SoCo library. This release adds new features and fixes several bugs.

SoCo (Sonos Controller) is a simple Python class that allows you to programmatically control Sonos speakers.

1.11.15.1 New Features

- Add support for taking a snapshot of the Sonos state, and then to restore it later (#224, #251)
- Added create_sonos_playlist_from_queue. Creates a new Sonos playlist from the current queue (#229)

1.11.15.2 Improvements

- Added a queue_size property to quickly return the size of the queue without reading any items (#217)
- Add metadata to return structure of get_current_track_info (#220)
- Add option to play_uri that allows for the item to be set and then optionally played (#219)
- Add option to play_uri that allows playing with a URI and title instead of metadata (#221)
- Get the item ID from the XML responses which enables adding tracks for music services such as Rhapsody which do not have all the detail in the item URI (#233)
- Added label and short_label properties, to provide a consistent readable label for group members (#228)
- Improved documentation (#248, #253, #259)
- Improved code examples (#250, #252)

1.11.15.3 Bugfixes

- Fixed a bug where get_ml_item() would fail if a radio station was played (#226)
- Fixed a timeout-related regression in soco.discover() (#244)
- Discovery code fixed to account for closing of multicast sockets by certain devices (#202, #201)
- Fixed a bug where sometimes zone groups would be created without a coordinator (#230)

1.11.15.4 Backwards Compatability

The metadata classes (ML*) have all been renamed (generally to Didl*), and aligned more closely with the underlying XML. The Music Services data structures (MS*) have been moved to their own module, and metadata for radio broadcasts is now returned properly (#243).

The URI class has been removed. As an alternative the method soco.SoCo.play_uri() can be used to enqueue and play an URI. The class soco.data_structures.DIDLObject can be used if an object is required.

Work is still ongoing on the metadata classes, so further changes should be expected.

1.11.16 SoCo 0.9 release notes

1.11.16.1 New Features

• Alarm configuration (#171)

```
>>> from soco.alarms import Alarm, get_alarms
>>> # create an alarm with default properties
>>> # my_device is the SoCo instance on which the alarm will be played
>>> alarm = Alarm(my_device)
>>> print alarm.volume
>>> print get_alarms()
set([])
>>> # save the alarm to the Sonos system
>>> alarm.save()
>>> print get_alarms()
set([<Alarm id:88@15:26:15 at 0x107abb090>])
>>> # update the alarm
>>> alarm.recurrence = "ONCE"
>>> # Save it again for the change to take effect
>>> alarm.save()
>>> # Remove it
>>> alarm.remove()
>>> print get_alarms()
set([])
```

• Methods for browsing the Music library (#192, #203, #208)

```
import soco
soc = soco.SoCo('...ipaddress..')
some_album = soc.get_albums()['item_list'][0]
tracks_in_that_album = soc.browse(some_album)
```

- Support for full Album Art URIs (#207)
- Support for music queues (#214)

```
queue = soco.get_queue()
for item in queue:
    print item.title

print queue.number_returned
print queue.total_matches
print queue.update_id
```

- Support for processing of LastChange events (#194)
- Support for write operations on Playlists (#198)

1.11.16.2 Improvements

- Improved test coverage (#159, #184)
- Fixes for Python 2.6 support (#175)
- Event-subscriptions can be auto-renewed (#179)
- The SoCo class can replaced by a custom implementation (#180)
- The cache can be globally disabled (#180)
- Music Library data structures are constructed for DIDL XML content (#191).
- Added previously removed support for PyPy (#205)
- All music library methods (browse, get_tracks etc. #203 and get_queue #214) now returns container objects instead of dicts or lists. The metadata is now available from these container objects as named attributes, so e.g. on a queue object you can access the size with queue.total_matches.

1.11.16.3 Backwards Compatability

• Music library methods return container objects instead of dicts and lists (see above). The old way of accessing that metadata (by dictionary type indexing), has been deprecated and is planned to be removed 3 releases after 0.9.

1.11.17 SoCo 0.8 release notes

1.11.17.1 New Features

- Re-added support for Python 2.6 (#154)
- Added SoCo.get_sonos_playlists() (#114)
- · Added methods for working with speaker topology
- soco.SoCo.group retrieves the soco.groups.ZoneGroup to which the speaker belongs (#132). The group itself has a soco.groups.ZoneGroup.member attribute returning all of its members. Iterating directly over the group is possible as well.
- Speakers can be grouped using soco. SoCo. join () (#136):

```
z1 = SoCo('192.168.1.101')

z2 = SoCo('192.168.1.102')

z1.join(z2)
```

- soco.SoCo.all_zones and soco.SoCo.visible_zones return all and all visible zones, respectively.
- soco.SoCo.is_bridge indicates if the SoCo instance represents a bridge.
- soco.SoCo.is_coordinator indicates if the SoCo instance is a group coordinator (#166)
- A new soco.plugins.spotify.Spotify plugin allows querying and playing the Spotify music catalogue (#119):

• A soco.data_structures.URI item can be passed to add_to_queue which allows playing music from arbitrary URIs (#147)

```
import soco
from soco.data_structures import URI

soc = soco.SoCo('...ip_address...')
uri = URI('http://www.noiseaddicts.com/samples/17.mp3')
soc.add_to_queue(uri)
```

- A new include_invisible parameter to soco.discover() can be used to retrieve invisible speakers or bridges (#146)
- A new timeout parameter to soco.discover(). If no zones are found within timeout seconds None is returned. (#146)
- Network requests can be cached for better performance (#131).
- It is now possible to subscribe to events of a service using its soco.services.Service.subscribe method, which returns a soco.events.Subscription object. To unsubscribe, call the soco.events.Subscription.unsubscribe method on the returned object. (#121, #130)
- Support for reading and setting crossfade (#165)

1.11.17.2 Improvements

- Performance improvements for speaker discovery (#146)
- Various improvements to the Wimp plugin (#140).
- Test coverage tracking using coveralls.io (#163)

1.11.17.3 Backwards Compatability

- Queue related use 0-based indexing consistently (#103)
- soco.SoCo.get_speakers_ip() is deprecated in favour of soco.discover() (#124)

1.11.18 SoCo 0.7 release notes

1.11.18.1 New Features

- All information about queue and music library items, like e.g. the title and album of a track, are now included in data structure classes instead of dictionaries (the classes are available in the *The Music Library Data Structures* sub-module). This advantages of this approach are:
 - The type of the item is identifiable by its class name
 - They have useful __str__ representations and an __equals__ method
 - Information is available as named attributes
 - They have the ability to produce their own UPnP meta-data (which is used by the add_to_queue method).

See the Backwards Compatibility notice below.

- A webservice analyzer has been added in dev_tools/analyse_ws.py (#46).
- The commandline interface has been split into a separate project socos. It provides an command line interface
 on top of the SoCo library, and allows users to control their Sonos speakers from scripts and from an interactive
 shell.
- Python 3.2 and later is now supported in addition to 2.7.
- A simple version of the first plugin for the Wimp service has been added (#93).
- The new soco.discover() method provides an easier interface for discovering speakers in your network. SonosDiscovery has been deprecated in favour of it (see Backwards Compatability below).
- SoCo instances are now singletons per IP address. For any given IP address, there is only one SoCo instance.
- The code for generating the XML to be sent to Sonos devices has been completely rewritten, and it is now much easier to add new functionality. All services exposed by Sonos zones are now available if you need them (#48).

1.11.18.2 Backwards Compatability

Warning: Please read the section below carefully when upgrading to SoCo 0.7.

Data Structures

The move to using **data structure classes** for music item information instead of dictionaries introduces some **backwards incompatible changes** in the library (see #83). The <code>get_queue</code> and <code>get_library_information</code> functions (and all methods derived from the latter) are affected. In the data structure classes, information like e.g. the title is now available as named attributes. This means that by the update to 0.7 it will also be necessary to update your code like e.g:

```
# Version < 0.7
for item in soco.get_queue():
    print item['title']
# Version >=0.7
for item in soco.get_queue():
    print item.title
```

SonosDiscovery

The SonosDiscovery class has been deprecated (see #80 and #75).

Instead of the following

you should now write

```
>>> import soco
>>> for s in soco.discover():
... print s.player_name
```

Properties

A number of methods have been replaced with properties, to simplify use (see #62)

For example, use

```
soco.volume = 30
soco.volume -=3
soco.status_light = True
```

instead of

```
soco.volume(30)
soco.volume(soco.volume()-3)
soco.status_light("On")
```

1.11.19 SoCo 0.6 release notes

1.11.19.1 New features

- **Music library information:** Several methods has been added to get information about the music library. It is now possible to get e.g. lists of tracks, albums and artists.
- Raise exceptions on errors: Several SoCo specific exceptions has been added. These exceptions are now raised e.g. when SoCo encounters communications errors instead of returning an error codes. This introduces a backwards incompatible change in SoCo that all users should be aware of.

1.11.19.2 For SoCo developers

• Added plugin framework: A plugin framework has been added to SoCo. The primary purpose of this framework is to provide a natural partition of the code, in which code that is specific to the individual music services is separated out into its own class as a plugin. Read more about the plugin framework in the docs.

• Added unit testing framework: A unit testing framework has been added to SoCo and unit tests has been written for 30% of the methods in the SoCo class. Please consider supplementing any new functionality with the appropriate unit tests and fell free to write unit tests for any of the methods that are still missing.

1.11.19.3 Coming next

• **Data structure change:** For the next version of SoCo it is planned to change the way SoCo handles data. It is planned to use classes for all the data structures, both internally and for in- and output. This will introduce a **backwards incompatible** change and therefore users of SoCo should be aware that extra work will be needed upon upgrading from version 0.6 to 0.7. The data structure changes will be described in more detail in the release notes for version 0.7.

1.12 Unit and integration tests

There are two sorts of tests written for the Soco package. Unit tests implement elementary checks of whether the individual methods produce the expected results. Integration tests check that the package as a whole is able to interface properly with the Sonos hardware. Such tests are especially useful during re-factoring and to check that already implemented functionality continues to work past updates to the Sonos units' internal software.

1.12.1 Setting up your environment

To run the unit tests, you will need to have the pytest testing tool installed.

You can install them and other development dependencies using the requirements-dev.txt file like this:

```
pip install -r requirements-dev.txt
```

1.12.2 Running the unit tests

There are different ways of running the unit tests. The easiest is to use py.test's automatic test discovery. Just change to the root directory of the SoCo package and type:

```
py.test
```

For others, see the py.test documentation

Note: To run the unittests in this way, the soco package must be importable, i.e. the folder that contains it (the root folder of the git archive) must be in the list of paths that Python can import from (the PYTHONPATH). The easiest way to set this up, if you are using a virtual environment, is to install SoCo from the git archive in editable mode. This is done by executing the following command from the git archive root:

```
pip install -e .
```

1.12.3 Running the integration tests

At the moment, the integration tests cannot be run under the control of py.test. To run them, enter the unittest folder in the source code checkout and run the test execution script execute_unittests.py (it is required that

the *SoCo* checkout is added to the Python path of your system). To run all the unit tests for the *SoCo* class execute the following command:

```
python execute_unittests.py --modules soco --ip 192.168.0.110
```

where the IP address should be replaced with the IP address of the Sonos® unit you want to use for the unit tests (NOTE! At present the unit tests for the *SoCo* module requires your Sonos® unit to be playing local network music library tracks from the queue and have at least two such tracks in the queue). You can get a list of all the units in your network and their IP addresses by running:

```
python execute_unittests.py --list
```

To get the help for the unit test execution script which contains a description of all the options run:

```
python execute_unittests.py --help
```

1.12.4 Unit test code structure and naming conventions

The unit tests for the SoCo code should be organized according to the following guidelines.

1.12.4.1 One unit test module per class under test

Unit tests should be organized into modules, one module, i.e. one file, for each class that should be tested. The module should be named similarly to the class except replacing CamelCase with underscores and followed by _unittest.py.

Example: Unit tests for the class FooBar should be stored in foo_bar_unittests.py.

1.12.4.2 One unit test class per method under test

Inside the unit test modules the unit test should be organized into one unit test case class per method under test. In order for the test execution script to be able to calculate the test coverage, the test classes should be named the same as the methods under test except that the lower case underscores should be converted to CamelCase. If the method is private, i.e. prefixed with 1 or 2 underscores, the test case class name should be prefixed with the word Private.

Examples:

Name of method under test	Name of test case class
<pre>get_current_track_info</pre>	GetCurrentTrackInfo
parse_error	PrivateParseError
_my_hidden_method	PrivateMyHiddenMethod

1.12.5 Add an unit test to an existing unit test module

To add a unit test case to an existing unit test module Foo first check with the following command which methods that does not yet have unit tests:

```
python execute_unittests.py --modules foo --coverage
```

After having identified a method to write a unit test for, consider what criteria should be tested, e.g. if the method executes and returns the expected output on valid input and if it fails as expected on invalid input. Then implement the unit test by writing a class for it, following the naming convention mentioned in section *One unit test class per method*

under test. You can read more about unit test classes in the reference documentation and there is a good introduction to unit testing in Mark Pilgrim's "Dive into Python" (though the aspects of test driven development, that it describes, is not a requirement for *SoCo* development).

1.12.5.1 Special unit test design consideration for SoCo

SoCo is developed purely by volunteers in their spare time. This leads to some special consideration during unit test design.

First of, volunteers will usually not have extra Sonos® units dedicated for testing. For this reason the unit tests should be developed in such a way that they can be run on units in use and with people around, so e.g it should be avoided settings the volume to max.

Second, being developed in peoples spare time, the development is likely a recreational activity, that might just be accompanied by music from the same unit that should be tested. For this reason, that unit should be left in the same state after test as it was before. That means that the play list, play state, sound settings etc. should be restored after the testing is complete.

1.12.6 Add a new unit test module (for a new class under test)

To add unit tests for the methods in a new class follow the steps below:

- 1. Make a new file in the unit test folder named as mentioned in section *One unit test module per class under test*.
- 2. (Optional) Define an init function in the unit test module. Do this only if it is necessary to pass information to the tests at run time. Read more about the init function in the section *The init function*.
- 3. Add test case classes to this module. See *Add an unit test to an existing unit test module*.

Then it is necessary to make the unit test execution framework aware of your unit test module. Do this by making the following additions to the file execute_unittests.py.:

- 1. Import the class under test and the unit test module in the beginning of the file
- 2. Add an item to the UNITTEST_MODULES dict located right after the ### MAIN SCRIPT comment. The added item should itself be a dictionary with items like this:

where both the new imaginary foo_bar entry and the existing soco entry are shown for clarity. The arguments dict is what will be passed on to the init method, see section *The init function*.

3. Lastly, add the new module to the help text for the modules command line argument, defined in the __build_option_parser function:

The name that should be added to the text is the key for the unit test module entry in the UNITTEST_MODULES dict.

1.12.6.1 The init function

Normally unit tests should be self-contained and therefore they should have all the data they will need built in. However, that does not apply to *SoCo*, because the IP's of the Sonos® units will be required and there is no way to know them in advance. Therefore, the execution script will call the function init in the unit test modules, if it exists, with a set of predefined arguments that can then be used for unit test initialization. Note that the function is to be named init, not __init__ like the class initializers. The init function is called with one argument, which is the dictionary defined under the key arguments in the unit test modules definition. Please regard this as an exception to the general unit test best practices guidelines and use it only if there are no other option.

1.13 Release Procedures

This document describes the necessary steps for creating a new release of SoCo.

1.13.1 Preparations

- Verify the version number stated in the release ticket (according to semantic versioning. Tag names should be prefixed with v.
- Create the release notes RST document in doc/releases by copying contents from the release notes issue. Texts can be rewritten for legibility.
- Verify that all tests pass locally and on all supported versions of Python via Travis-CI (the status is visible on the project frontpage on GitHub).

1.13.2 Create and Publish

- Update the version number in __init__.py (see example) and commit.
- (If any changes other than the version number was made in preparation for the release, push the release commit to GitHub before proceeding, to ensure that all the continuous integration passes. The automatic deployment to PyPI mentioned below, will not work if continuous integration fails.)
- Tag the current commit, eg

```
git tag -a v0.7 -m 'release version 0.7'
```

 Push the tag. This will create a new release on GitHub, and will automatically deploy the new version to PyPI (see #593)

```
git push --tags
```

• Update the GitHub release using the release notes from the documentation. The release notes can be abbreviated if a link to the documentation is provided.

1.13.3 Wrap-Up

- Close the milestone and issues for the release.
- Update the version number in __init__.py with an added "+" to indicate development status (see example).
- · Share the news!

1.13.4 Preparation for next release

- Define the next version number and expected release date (3 month after the current release date, as per #524)).
- Create the milestone and set the release date.
- Create an issue for the upcoming release (tagged as Release), and one for the corresponding release notes.

130 Chapter 1. Contents

CHAPTER 2

Indices and tables

- genindex
- modindex
- search

Python Module Index

```
а
                                           u
soco.alarms, 31
                                           soco.utils, 107
soco.music_services.accounts, 19
                                           Χ
С
                                           soco.xml, 108
soco.cache, 34
soco.config, 37
soco.core, 37
soco.data_structures,54
soco.discovery,72
е
soco.events, 76
soco.events_base, 79
soco.events_twisted,83
soco.exceptions, 87
soco.groups, 88
m
soco.ms_data_structures, 90
soco.music_library,93
soco.music_services.music_service, 20
p
soco.plugins, 31
soco.plugins.example, 26
soco.plugins.sharelink, 29
soco.plugins.spotify, 26
soco.plugins.wimp, 27
S
soco.services,98
soco.snapshot, 104
soco.soap, 105
```

134 Python Module Index

Symbols	tribute), 57
_BaseCache (class in soco.cache), 34	_translation (soco.data_structures.DidlPerson at-
cause (soco.exceptions.EventParseException at-	tribute), 66
tribute), 87	_translation(soco.data_structures.DidlPlaylistContainer
_translation (soco.data_structures.DidlAlbum at-	attribute), 68
tribute), 64	_translation(soco.data_structures.DidlPlaylistContainerFavorite
_translation (soco.data_structures.DidlAlbumList	attribute), 69
attribute), 68	_translation(soco.data_structures.DidlPlaylistContainerTracklist
_translation (soco.data_structures.DidlAudioBook	attribute), 70
attribute), 60	_translation (soco.data_structures.DidlRadioShow
_translation(soco.data_structures.DidlAudioBroadco	ast attribute), 72
attribute), 61	_translation(soco.data_structures.DidlRecentShow
_translation(soco.data_structures.DidlAudioBroadca	astFavorite attribute), 61
attribute), 62	_translation (soco.data_structures.DidlSameArtist
_translation (soco.data_structures.DidlAudioItem	attribute), 69
attribute), 59	A
_translation (soco.data_structures.DidlComposer	
attribute), 66	Account (class in soco.music_services.accounts), 19
_translation (soco.data_structures.DidlContainer	Action (class in soco.services), 98
attribute), 63	actions (soco.services.Service attribute), 101
_translation (soco.data_structures.DidlFavorite at-	add_item_to_sonos_playlist()
tribute), 62	(soco.core.SoCo method), 50
_translation (soco.data_structures.DidlGenre at-	add_multiple_to_queue() (soco.core.SoCo
tribute), 70	method), 49
_translation (soco.data_structures.DidlItem at-	add_share_link_to_queue()
tribute), 58	(soco.plugins.sharelink.ShareLinkPlugin
_translation(soco.data_structures.DidlMusicAlbum	method), 30 add_to_queue() (soco.core.SoCo method), 49
attribute), 64	raddurri to gueue () (soco.core SoCo method) 40
_translation(soco.data_structures.DidlMusicAlbumC	Alarm (class in soco.alarms), 32
attribute), 65	
_translation(soco.data_structures.DidlMusicAlbumF	AlarmClock (class in soco.services), 102
attribute), 65	album (soco.ms_data_structures.MSTrack attribute), 92
_translation (soco.data_structures.DidlMusicArtist	album_art_uri (soco.ms_data_structures.MusicServiceItem
attribute), 67	attribute), 92
_translation(soco.data_structures.DidlMusicGenre	album_artist_display_option
attribute), 71 _translation (soco.data_structures.DidlMusicTrack	(soco.music_library.MusicLibrary attribute),
attribute), 60	97
_translation (soco.data_structures.DidlObject at-	all_groups (soco.core.SoCo attribute), 45
	all_zones (soco.core.SoCo attribute), 46

any_soco() (in module soco.discovery), 73 Argument (class in soco.services), 98 artist (soco.ms_data_structures.MSAlbum attribute),	<pre>clear() (soco.cache.TimedCache method), 36 clear_queue() (soco.core.SoCo method), 50 clear_sonos_playlist() (soco.core.SoCo</pre>
92	method), 52
artist (soco.ms_data_structures.MSTrack attribute), 92	compose_args() (soco.services.Service method), 100 contactable() (in module soco.discovery), 75
AudioIn (class in soco.services), 102	ContentDirectory (class in soco.services), 103
auto_renew_fail (soco.events_base.SubscriptionBase	
attribute), 81	coordinator (soco.groups.ZoneGroup attribute), 89
available_actions (soco.core.SoCo attribute), 48 available_search_categories	count (soco.events_base.SubscriptionsMap attribute), 83
(soco.music_services.music_service.MusicServic attribute), 23	ecount (soco.events_twisted.SubscriptionsMapTwisted attribute), 86
AVTransport (class in soco.services), 103	<pre>create_sonos_playlist() (soco.core.SoCo method), 50</pre>
В	<pre>create_sonos_playlist_from_queue()</pre>
balance (soco.core.SoCo attribute), 45	(soco.core.SoCo method), 50
base_url (soco.services.Service attribute), 99	<pre>create_stereo_pair() (soco.core.SoCo method),</pre>
bass (soco.core.SoCo attribute), 44	46
browse() (soco.music_library.MusicLibrary method),	cross_fade (soco.core.SoCo attribute), 41
96 browse() (soco.plugins.wimp.Wimp method), 28	D
browse_by_idstring()	default_timeout (soco.cache.TimedCache at-
(soco.music_library.MusicLibrary method), 96	tribute), 35
build_album_art_full_uri()	delete() (soco.cacheBaseCache method), 34
(soco.music_library.MusicLibrary method), 93	delete() (soco.cache.Cache method), 36
build_command() (soco.services.Service method),	delete() (soco.cache.NullCache method), 35
100	delete() (soco.cache.TimedCache method), 36
buttons_enabled(soco.core.SoCo attribute), 47	<pre>delete_library_share()</pre>
by_name() (in module soco.discovery), 73	(soco.music_library.MusicLibrary method), 98
	deleted (soco.music_services.accounts.Account
C	attribute), 19
Cache (class in soco.cache), 36	deprecated (class in soco.utils), 107
cache (soco.services.Service attribute), 99 CACHE_ENABLED (in module soco.config), 37	desc (soco.music_services.music_service.MusicService attribute), 23
call() (soco.music_services.music_service.MusicService	estas Clientom_uri() (in module
method), 20	soco.music_services.music_service), 25
call() (soco.soap.SoapMessage method), 106	description (soco.plugins.wimp.Wimp attribute), 27
callback (soco.events_twisted.Subscription attribute),	DeviceProperties (class in soco.services), 103
85	dialog_mode (soco.core.SoCo attribute), 45
<pre>camel_to_underscore() (in module soco.utils),</pre>	didl_class_to_soco_class() (in module soco.data_structures), 55
can_play (soco.ms_data_structures.MusicServiceItem attribute), 92	didl_metadata(soco.ms_data_structures.MusicServiceIten attribute), 91
CannotCreateDIDLMetadata, 87	DidlAlbum (class in soco.data_structures), 63
canonical_uri() (soco.plugins.sharelink.ShareClass	DidlAlbumList (class in soco.data_structures), 67
method), 29	DidlAudioBook (class in soco.data_structures), 60
canonical_uri() (soco.plugins.sharelink.SpotifyShare method), 29	plidlAudioBroadcast (class in soco.data_structures), 60
canonical_uri() (soco.plugins.sharelink.TIDALShare	
method), 30	soco.data_structures), 61
clear() (soco.cacheBaseCache method), 34	DidlAudioItem (class in soco.data_structures), 59
clear() (soco.cache.Cache method), 36	DidlComposer (class in soco.data_structures), 66
clear() (soco cache NullCache method) 35	DidlContainer (class in soco.data_structures), 63

DidlFavorite (class in soco.data_structures), 62	EventParseException, 87
DidlGenre (class in soco.data_structures), 70 DidlItem (class in soco.data_structures), 58	events (soco.events_base.SubscriptionBase attribute), 81
DidlMetaClass (class in soco.data_structures), 56	EVENTS_MODULE (in module soco.config), 37
DIDLMetadataError,87	EventServer (class in soco.events), 76
DidlMusicAlbum (class in soco.data_structures), 64	EventServerThread (class in soco.events), 77
DidlMusicAlbumCompilation (class in soco.data_structures), 65	ExamplePlugin (class in soco.plugins.example), 26 exception (soco.exceptions.SoCoFault attribute), 88
DidlMusicAlbumFavorite (class in	extended_id(soco.ms_data_structures.MusicServiceItem
soco.data_structures), 64	attribute), 92
DidlMusicArtist (class in soco.data_structures), 66	extract() (soco.plugins.sharelink.ShareClass
DidlMusicGenre (class in soco.data_structures), 70	method), 29
DidlMusicTrack (class in soco.data_structures), 59	extract() (soco.plugins.sharelink.SpotifyShare
DidlObject (class in soco.data_structures), 56	method), 30
DidlPerson (class in soco.data_structures), 65	extract() (soco.plugins.sharelink.TIDALShare
DidlPlaylistContainer (class in	method), 30
soco.data_structures), 68	memou), co
DidlPlaylistContainerFavorite (class in	F
soco.data_structures), 69	finished_subscribing()
DidlPlaylistContainerTracklist (class in	(soco.events_twisted.SubscriptionsMapTwisted
soco.data_structures), 69	method), 86
DidlRadioShow (class in soco.data_structures), 71	first_cap() (in module soco.utils), 108
DidlRecentShow (class in soco.data_structures), 61	fixed_volume (soco.core.SoCo attribute), 45
DidlResource (class in soco.data_structures), 55	form_name() (in module soco.data_structures), 55
DidlSameArtist (class in soco.data_structures), 68	form_uri() (soco.plugins.wimp.Wimp static method),
discover() (in module soco.discovery), 72	29
do_NOTIFY() (soco.events.EventNotifyHandler	from_dict() (soco.data_structures.DidlObject class
method), 77	method), 57
duration (soco.alarms.Alarm attribute), 33	from_dict() (soco.data_structures.DidlResource
duration (soco.data_structures.DidlResource at-	class method), 56
tribute), 56	from_dict() (soco.ms_data_structures.MusicServiceItem
duration (soco.ms_data_structures.MSTrack at-	class method), 91
tribute), 92	<pre>from_element() (soco.data_structures.DidlObject</pre>
_	class method), 57
E	<pre>from_element() (soco.data_structures.DidlResource</pre>
enabled (soco.alarms.Alarm attribute), 33	class method), 56
enabled (soco.cacheBaseCache attribute), 34	from_name() (soco.plugins.SoCoPlugin class
end_direct_control_session()	method), 31
(soco.core.SoCo method), 43	<pre>from_xml() (soco.ms_data_structures.MusicServiceItem</pre>
Event (class in soco.events_base), 79	class method), 90
EVENT_ADVERTISE_IP (in module soco.config), 37	
EVENT_LISTENER_IP (in module soco.config), 37	G
EVENT_LISTENER_PORT (in module soco.config), 37	get () (soco.cacheBaseCache method), 34
event_subscription_url (soco.services.Service	get () (soco.cache.Cache method), 36
attribute), 99	get () (soco.cache.NullCache method), 35
event_vars (soco.services.Service attribute), 102	get () (soco.cache.TimedCache method), 36
EventListener (class in soco.events), 77	<pre>get_accounts() (soco.music_services.accounts.Account</pre>
EventListener (class in soco.events_twisted), 84	class method), 19
EventListenerBase (class in soco.events_base), 80	<pre>get_accounts_for_service()</pre>
EventNotifyHandler (class in soco.events), 77	(soco.music_services.accounts.Account class
EventNotifyHandler (class in	method), 19
soco.events_twisted), 84	<pre>get_alarms() (in module soco.alarms), 34</pre>
EventNotifyHandlerBase (class in	<pre>get_album_artists()</pre>
soco.events_base), 80	(soco.music_library.MusicLibrary method), 93

get_albums() (soco.music_library.MusicLibrary	(soco.music_library.MusicLibrary method), 94
method), 93	<pre>get_music_service_information()</pre>
get_albums() (soco.plugins.wimp.Wimp method), 27	(soco.plugins.wimp.Wimp method), 28
<pre>get_albums_for_artist() (soco.music_library.MusicLibrary method), 97</pre>	<pre>get_playlists() (soco.music_library.MusicLibrary method), 94</pre>
<pre>get_all_music_services_names()</pre>	<pre>get_playlists() (soco.plugins.wimp.Wimp</pre>
(soco.music_services.music_service.MusicServic class method), 23	e method), 28 get_queue() (soco.core.SoCo method), 49
<pre>get_artists() (soco.music_library.MusicLibrary</pre>	get_sleep_timer() (soco.core.SoCo method), 51
method), 93	<pre>get_soap_header()</pre>
get_artists() (soco.plugins.wimp.Wimp method), 28	(soco.music_services.music_service.MusicServiceSoapClient method), 20
get_battery_info() (soco.core.SoCo method), 54	get_sonos_favorites() (soco.core.SoCo
get_composers() (soco.music_library.MusicLibrary method), 94	<pre>method), 50 get_sonos_favorites()</pre>
get_current_media_info() (soco.core.SoCo	(soco.music_library.MusicLibrary method), 94
method), 48	get_sonos_playlist_by_attr()
get_current_track_info() (soco.core.SoCo	(soco.core.SoCo method), 53
method), 48	get_sonos_playlists() (soco.core.SoCo
<pre>get_current_transport_info() (soco.core.SoCo method), 48</pre>	<pre>method), 49 get_speaker_info() (soco.core.SoCo method), 48</pre>
get_data_for_name()	get_subscribed_services_names()
(soco.music_services.music_service.MusicServic	
class method), 23	class method), 23
get_extended_metadata()	get_subscription()
(soco.music_services.music_service.MusicServic	
method), 25	83
<pre>get_extended_metadata_text() (soco.music_services.music_service.MusicService)</pre>	get_tracks() (soco.music_library.MusicLibrary e method), 94
method), 25	<pre>get_tracks() (soco.plugins.wimp.Wimp method), 27</pre>
get_favorite_radio_shows() (soco.core.SoCo	<pre>get_tracks_for_album()</pre>
method), 50	(soco.music_library.MusicLibrary method), 97
get_favorite_radio_shows()	get_uri() (soco.data_structures.DidlObject method),
(soco.music_library.MusicLibrary method), 94	58
<pre>get_favorite_radio_stations() (soco.core.SoCo method), 50</pre>	group (soco.core.SoCo attribute), 46 GroupManagement (class in soco.services), 103
get_favorite_radio_stations()	GroupRenderingControl (class in soco.services),
(soco.music_library.MusicLibrary method), 94	
<pre>get_genres() (soco.music_library.MusicLibrary</pre>	Н
get_last_update()	handle_notification()
(soco.music_services.music_service.MusicServic method), 25	
get_listen_ip() (in module soco.events_base), 83	handle_upnp_error() (soco.services.Service
get_media_metadata()	method), 101
(soco.music_services.music_service.MusicServic method), 24	ehousehold_id (soco.core.SoCo attribute), 40
get_media_uri() (soco.music_services.music_service	MusicService
method), 24	id to extended id() (soco.plugins.wimp.Wimp
get_metadata()(<i>soco.music_services.music_service.M</i>	AusicServicgtatic method), 28
method), 24	include_linked_zones (soco.alarms.Alarm
<pre>get_ms_item() (in module soco.ms_data_structures),</pre>	attribute), 33
90	ip_address (soco.core.SoCo attribute), 40
<pre>get_music_library_information()</pre>	is bridge (soco core SoCo attribute) 41

```
is coordinator (soco.core.SoCo attribute), 41
                                                       item_class(soco.data_structures.DidlPlaylistContainerFavorite
is_playing_line_in (soco.core.SoCo attribute), 47
                                                                attribute), 69
is playing radio (soco.core.SoCo attribute), 46
                                                       item class (soco.data structures.DidlPlaylistContainerTracklist
is_playing_tv (soco.core.SoCo attribute), 47
                                                                attribute), 70
is_running (soco.events_base.EventListenerBase at-
                                                       item class (soco.data structures.DidlRadioShow at-
         tribute), 80
                                                                tribute), 71
is_share_link() (soco.plugins.sharelink.ShareLinkPlugirem_class
                                                                       (soco.data structures.DidlRecentShow
         method), 30
                                                                attribute), 61
is soundbar (soco.core.SoCo attribute), 41
                                                       item_class (soco.data_structures.DidlSameArtist at-
is_subscribed (soco.events_base.SubscriptionBase
                                                                tribute), 69
         attribute), 81
                                                       item_id (soco.ms_data_structures.MusicServiceItem
is_valid_recurrence() (in module soco.alarms),
                                                                attribute), 92
                                                       iter_actions() (soco.services.Service method), 102
is_visible (soco.core.SoCo attribute), 41
                                                       iter_event_vars() (soco.services.Service method),
                (soco.data_structures.DidlAlbum
item_class
                                                                102
         tribute), 63
\verb|item_class| (so co.data\_structures.DidlAlbumList| at-
         tribute), 67
                                                       join () (soco.core.SoCo method), 46
item_class (soco.data_structures.DidlAudioBook at-
         tribute), 60
\verb|item_class| (soco.data\_structures.DidlAudioBroadcast|
                                                      key (soco.music_services.accounts.Account attribute),
         attribute), 61
item\_class (soco.data\_structures.DidlAudioBroadcastFavorite
         attribute), 62
item class (soco.data structures.DidlAudioItem at-
                                                       label (soco.groups.ZoneGroup attribute), 89
         tribute), 59
                                                       library_updating(soco.music_library.MusicLibrary
item_class (soco.data_structures.DidlComposer at-
                                                                attribute), 96
         tribute), 66
                                                       list_library_shares()
item_class (soco.data_structures.DidlContainer at-
                                                                (soco.music_library.MusicLibrary method), 97
         tribute), 63
                                                       listen() (soco.events.EventListener method), 77
item_class
                    (soco.data_structures.DidlFavorite
                                                       listen()
                                                                         (soco.events_base.EventListenerBase
         attribute), 62
                                                                method), 81
item_class
                (soco.data_structures.DidlGenre
                                                       listen() (soco.events twisted.EventListener method),
         tribute), 70
item class (soco.data structures.DidlItem attribute),
                                                       ListOfMusicInfoItems
                                                                                           (class
                                                                                                          in
                                                                soco.data_structures), 72
item class
                (soco.data structures.DidlMusicAlbum
                                                                             (soco.events.EventNotifyHandler
                                                       log_message()
         attribute), 64
                                                                method), 77
item_class(soco.data_structures.DidlMusicAlbumCompilationess(soco.core.SoCo attribute), 45
         attribute), 65
item_class(soco.data_structures.DidlMusicAlbumFavo
         attribute), 65
                                                                   (soco.plugins.sharelink.ShareClass
                                                       magic()
                                                                                                      static
item_class (soco.data_structures.DidlMusicArtist at-
                                                                method), 29
         tribute), 67
                                                       make_key() (soco.cache.TimedCache static method),
item_class
                 (soco.data\_structures.DidlMusicGenre
         attribute), 71
                                                       members (soco.groups.ZoneGroup attribute), 89
item_class (soco.data_structures.DidlMusicTrack at-
                                                       metadata (soco.exceptions.EventParseException at-
         tribute), 59
                                                                tribute), 87
item_class
                (soco.data_structures.DidlObject
                                                       metadata (soco.music_services.accounts.Account at-
         tribute), 57
                                                                tribute), 19
                (soco.data\_structures.DidlPerson
item_class
                                                                                            (soco.core.SoCo
                                                       move_in_sonos_playlist()
         tribute), 66
                                                                method), 53
\verb|item_class|| (soco.data\_structures.DidlPlaylistContainer_{\texttt{MR}\_ConnectionManager}|| (class in soco.services), \\
         attribute), 68
                                                                103
```

MS_ConnectionManager (class in soco.services),	P
103 MSAlbum (class in soco.ms_data_structures), 92	parent_id(soco.ms_data_structures.MusicServiceItem
MSAlbumList (class in soco.ms_data_structures), 92 MSArtist (class in soco.ms_data_structures), 93	<pre>attribute), 92 parse_event_xml() (in module soco.events_base), 79</pre>
MSArtistTracklist (class in	partymode() (soco.core.SoCo method), 46
soco.ms_data_structures), 93	pause() (soco.core.SoCo method), 43
MSCollection (class in soco.ms_data_structures), 93	play() (soco.core.SoCo method), 42
MSFavorites (class in soco.ms_data_structures), 93	play_from_queue() (soco.core.SoCo method), 42
MSPlaylist (class in soco.ms_data_structures), 93	play_mode (soco.alarms.Alarm attribute), 33
MSTrack (class in soco.ms_data_structures), 92	play_mode (soco.core.SoCo attribute), 41
music_plugin_play()	play_uri() (soco.core.SoCo method), 42
(soco.plugins.example.ExamplePlugin	player_name (soco.core.SoCo attribute), 40
method), 26	port (soco.events_twisted.EventListener attribute), 84
<pre>music_plugin_stop() (soco.plugins.example.ExamplePlugin method), 26</pre>	prepare() (soco.soap.SoapMessage method), 106 prepare_headers() (soco.soap.SoapMessage method), 105
music_source (soco.core.SoCo attribute), 47	prepare_soap_body() (soco.soap.SoapMessage
music_source_from_uri() (soco.core.SoCo static method), 47	method), 106 prepare_soap_envelope()
MusicLibrary (class in soco.music_library), 93	(soco.soap.SoapMessage method), 106
MusicService (class in	prepare_soap_header() (soco.soap.SoapMessage
soco.music_services.music_service), 20	method), 106
MusicServiceException,87	prettify() (in module soco.utils), 107
MusicServiceItem (class in	previous () (soco.core.SoCo method), 44
soco.ms_data_structures), 90	program_metadata (soco.alarms.Alarm attribute),
MusicServices (class in soco.services), 102	33
MusicServiceSoapClient (class in	program_uri (soco.alarms.Alarm attribute), 33
<pre>soco.music_services.music_service), 20 mute (soco.core.SoCo attribute), 44</pre>	protocol_info (soco.data_structures.DidlResource attribute), 55
mute (soco.groups.ZoneGroup attribute), 90	put () (soco.cacheBaseCache method), 34
	put () (soco.cache.Cache method), 36
N	put () (soco.cache.NullCache method), 35
name (soco.plugins.example.ExamplePlugin attribute), 26	put () (soco.cache.TimedCache method), 36
name (soco.plugins.sharelink.ShareLinkPlugin at- tribute), 30	Q QPlay (class in soco.services), 103
name (soco.plugins.SoCoPlugin attribute), 31	Queue (class in soco.data_structures), 72
name (soco.plugins.wimp.Wimp attribute), 27	Queue (class in soco.services), 103
NAMESPACES (in module soco.xml), 108	queue_size (soco.core.SoCo attribute), 49
next() (soco.core.SoCo method), 44	queue_size (soco.core.soco auriome), +9
nickname (soco.music_services.accounts.Account attribute), 19	R
night_mode (soco.core.SoCo attribute), 45	ramp_to_volume() (soco.core.SoCo method), 41
NotSupportedException, 87	really_unicode() (in module soco.utils), 107
ns_tag() (in module soco.xml), 108	really_utf8() (in module soco.utils), 107
Null Cooks (along in soos angle) 25	recurrence (soco.alarms.Alarm attribute), 33
number_returned(soco.data_structures.ListOfMusicIi	reference (soco.data_structures.DidlFavorite at- nfoltems tribute) 62
attribute), 72	
_	register() (soco.events_base.SubscriptionsMap
0	method), 82
oa_device_id(soco.music_services.accounts.Account attribute), 19	register() (soco.events_twisted.SubscriptionsMapTwisted method), 86
only on master() (in module soco core) 37	remove() (soco.alarms.Alarm method), 34

```
remove_alarm_by_id() (in module soco.alarms),
                                                   separate_stereo_pair()
                                                                                       (soco.core.SoCo
        34
                                                            method), 46
remove from queue() (soco.core.SoCo method),
                                                    serial number (soco.music services.accounts.Account
        49
                                                            attribute), 19
remove_from_sonos_playlist()
                                                    server (soco.events.EventServerThread attribute), 77
        (soco.core.SoCo method), 53
                                                    Service (class in soco.services), 98
                                   (soco.core.SoCo
                                                   service id(soco.ms data structures.MusicServiceItem
remove sonos playlist()
        method), 50
                                                            attribute), 92
render_NOTIFY() (soco.events_twisted.EventNotifyHandlervice_id (soco.plugins.wimp.Wimp attribute), 27
        method), 84
                                                    service_number() (soco.plugins.sharelink.ShareClass
RenderingControl (class in soco.services), 103
                                                            method), 29
renew() (soco.events.Subscription method), 78
                                                    service_number()(soco.plugins.sharelink.SpotifyShare
renew() (soco.events_base.SubscriptionBase method),
                                                            method), 29
                                                    service_number() (soco.plugins.sharelink.SpotifyUSShare
renew() (soco.events_twisted.Subscription method), 85
                                                            method), 30
reorder_sonos_playlist()
                                   (soco.core.SoCo
                                                    service_number() (soco.plugins.sharelink.TIDALShare
        method), 51
                                                            method), 30
repeat (soco.core.SoCo attribute), 41
                                                    service_type (soco.music_services.accounts.Account
requested_port_number
                                                            attribute), 19
        (soco.events base.EventListenerBase
                                                   service type (soco.services.Service attribute), 99
        tribute), 80
                                                    set_relative_volume()
                                                                                       (soco.core.SoCo
requested_timeout
                                                            method), 42
        (soco.events_base.SubscriptionBase attribute),
                                                   set_relative_volume() (soco.groups.ZoneGroup
                                                            method), 90
Resource (class in soco.events_twisted), 84
                                                    set_sleep_timer() (soco.core.SoCo method), 51
restore() (soco.snapshot.Snapshot method), 105
                                                    set_uri() (soco.data_structures.DidlObject method),
                                                    ShareClass (class in soco.plugins.sharelink), 29
    RFC 3986,55
run () (soco.events.EventServerThread method), 77
                                                    ShareLinkPlugin (class in soco.plugins.sharelink),
S
                                                    short_label (soco.groups.ZoneGroup attribute), 89
                                                    show_xml() (in module soco.utils), 107
save() (soco.alarms.Alarm method), 33
                                                    shuffle (soco.core.SoCo attribute), 41
scan_network() (in module soco.discovery), 73
                                                   sid (soco.events_base.SubscriptionBase attribute), 81
scan_network_any_soco()
                                           module
                                   (in
                                                    Snapshot (class in soco.snapshot), 104
        soco.discovery), 75
                                                   snapshot () (soco.snapshot.Snapshot method), 104
scan_network_by_household_id() (in module
                                                    SoapFault, 105
        soco.discovery), 74
                                                   SoapMessage (class in soco.soap), 105
                                           module
scan_network_get_by_name()
                                     (in
                                                    SoCo (class in soco.core), 37
        soco.discovery), 75
                                                    soco (soco.services.Service attribute), 99
scan_network_get_household_ids() (in mod-
                                                    soco.alarms (module), 31
        ule soco.discovery), 75
                                                    soco.cache (module), 34
scpd_url (soco.services.Service attribute), 99
search() (soco.music_services.music_service.MusicServie@co.config (module), 37
                                                    soco.core (module), 37
        method), 24
                                                   soco.data_structures (module), 54
search_track() (soco.music_library.MusicLibrary
                                                    soco.discovery (module), 72
        method), 97
search\_type (soco.data_structures.SearchResult at-
                                                   soco.events (module), 76
                                                    soco.events_base (module), 79
        tribute), 72
                                                    soco.events_twisted (module), 83
SearchResult (class in soco.data_structures), 72
                                                    soco.exceptions (module), 87
seek () (soco.core.SoCo method), 43
                                                   soco.groups (module), 88
send_command() (soco.services.Service method), 100
                                                   soco.ms_data_structures (module), 90
send_event()
                  (soco.events_base.SubscriptionBase
                                                    soco.music_library (module), 93
        method), 82
                                                    soco.music services.accounts (module), 19
```

soco.music_services.music_service ($module$), 20	subscriptions (soco.events_base.SubscriptionsMap attribute), 82
soco.plugins (module), 31	subscriptions_lock
soco.plugins.example (module), 26	(soco.events_base.SubscriptionsMap attribute),
soco.plugins.sharelink (module), 29	82
soco.plugins.spotify (module), 26	SubscriptionsMap (class in soco.events_base), 82
soco.plugins.wimp(module), 27	SubscriptionsMapTwisted (class in
soco.services (module), 98	soco.events_twisted), 86
soco.snapshot (module), 104	supports_fixed_volume (soco.core.SoCo at-
soco.soap (module), 105	tribute), 45
soco.utils (module), 107	<pre>switch_to_line_in() (soco.core.SoCo method),</pre>
soco.xml (module), 108	46
SOCO_CLASS (in module soco.config), 37	<pre>switch_to_tv() (soco.core.SoCo method), 47</pre>
SoCoException, 87	SystemProperties (class in soco.services), 103
SoCoFault (class in soco.exceptions), 88	1
SoCoNotVisibleException, 87	T
SoCoPlugin (class in soco.plugins), 31	tag (soco.data_structures.DidlAlbum attribute), 63
SoCoSlaveException, 87	tag (soco.data_structures.DidlAlbumList attribute), 67
SoCoUPnPException, 87	tag (soco.data_structures.DidlAudioBook attribute), 60
sonos_uri_from_id()	tag (soco.data_structures.DidlAudioBroadcast at-
(soco.music_services.music_service.MusicService	
method), 23	tag (soco.data_structures.DidlAudioBroadcastFavorite
SpotifyShare (class in soco.plugins.sharelink), 29	attribute), 62
SpotifyUSShare (class in soco.plugins.sharelink), 30	tag (soco.data_structures.DidlAudioItem attribute), 59
start() (soco.events_base.EventListenerBase	
method), 80	tag (soco.data_structures.DidlComposer attribute), 66
start_library_update()	tag (soco.data_structures.DidlContainer attribute), 63
(soco.music_library.MusicLibrary method), 96	tag (soco.data_structures.DidlFavorite attribute), 62
start_time (soco.alarms.Alarm attribute), 33	tag (soco.data_structures.DidlGenre attribute), 70
status_light (soco.core.SoCo attribute), 47	tag (soco.data_structures.DidlItem attribute), 58
stop() (soco.core.SoCo method), 43	tag (soco.data_structures.DidlMusicAlbum attribute),
stop() (soco.events.EventServerThread method), 77	64
stop() (soco.events_base.EventListenerBase method),	tag (soco.data_structures.DidlMusicAlbumCompilation
80	attribute), 65
stop_flag (soco.events.EventServerThread attribute),	tag (soco.data_structures.DidlMusicAlbumFavorite at-
77	tribute), 65
stop_listening() (soco.events.EventListener	tag (soco.data_structures.DidlMusicArtist attribute), 67
method), 78	tag (soco.data_structures.DidlMusicGenre attribute), 71
	tag (soco.data_structures.DidlMusicTrack attribute), 60
<pre>stop_listening() (soco.events_base.EventListenerBe method), 81</pre>	
stop_listening() (soco.events_twisted.EventListene	tag (soco.data_structures.DidlPerson attribute), 66
method), 85	•
	tribute), 68
subscribe() (soco.events.Subscription method), 78 subscribe() (soco.events base.SubscriptionBase	tag (soco.data_structures.DidlPlaylistContainerFavorite
1	attribute), 69
method), 81	tag (soco.data_structures.DidlPlaylistContainerTracklist
subscribe() (soco.events_twisted.Subscription	attribute), 70
method), 85	tag (soco.data_structures.DidlRadioShow attribute), 71
subscribe () (soco.services.Service method), 101	tag (soco.data_structures.DidlRecentShow attribute), 61
subscribing() (soco.events_twisted.SubscriptionsMap	
method), 86	tag (soco.exceptions.EventParseException attribute), 87
Subscription (class in soco.events), 78	tags_with_text() (in module
Subscription (class in soco.events_twisted), 85	soco.ms_data_structures), 90
SubscriptionBase (class in soco.events_base), 81	TIDALShare (class in soco.plugins.sharelink), 30

```
(soco.events base.SubscriptionBase
time left
         attribute), 82
                                                      Vartype (class in soco.services), 98
TimedCache (class in soco.cache), 35
                                                      version (soco.services.Service attribute), 99
            (soco.events_base.SubscriptionBase
timeout
                                                 at-
                                                      visible_zones (soco.core.SoCo attribute), 46
         tribute), 81
                                                      volume (soco.alarms.Alarm attribute), 33
title (soco.ms data structures.MusicServiceItem at-
                                                      volume (soco.core.SoCo attribute), 44
         tribute), 92
                                                      volume (soco.groups.ZoneGroup attribute), 90
to_dict
           (soco.ms_data_structures.MusicServiceItem
         attribute), 91
                                                      W
to_dict() (soco.data_structures.DidlObject method),
                                                      Wimp (class in soco.plugins.wimp), 27
         57
                                                      wrap_arguments()
                                                                              (soco.services.Service
                                                                                                     static
                   (soco.data_structures.DidlResource
to_dict()
                                                               method), 99
        method), 56
to_didl_string()
                                (in
                                             module
                                                      Ζ
         soco.data_structures), 54
                                                      ZoneGroup (class in soco.groups), 88
to_element()
                     (soco.data_structures.DidlObject
                                                      ZoneGroupTopology (class in soco.services), 103
        method), 57
to_element()
                   (soco.data_structures.DidlResource
        method), 56
total matches (soco.data structures.ListOfMusicInfoItems
        attribute), 72
treble (soco.core.SoCo attribute), 44
trueplay (soco.core.SoCo attribute), 45
U
uid (soco.core.SoCo attribute), 40
uid (soco.groups.ZoneGroup attribute), 89
unjoin() (soco.core.SoCo method), 46
UnknownSoCoException, 87
UnknownXMLStructure, 87
unregister() (soco.events_base.SubscriptionsMap
        method), 83
unsubscribe() (soco.events.Subscription method),
unsubscribe() (soco.events_base.SubscriptionBase
        method), 82
unsubscribe()
                     (soco.events_twisted.Subscription
         method), 86
unwrap_arguments() (soco.services.Service static
        method), 99
update_id(soco.data_structures.ListOfMusicInfoItems
         attribute), 72
uri (soco.data_structures.DidlResource attribute), 55
uri (soco.ms_data_structures.MSAlbum attribute), 92
uri (soco.ms data structures.MSAlbumList attribute),
         93
uri
      (soco.ms data structures.MSArtistTracklist
         tribute), 93
uri (soco.ms_data_structures.MSPlaylist attribute), 93
uri (soco.ms data structures.MSTrack attribute), 92
url escape path() (in module soco.utils), 108
username (soco.music_services.accounts.Account at-
         tribute), 19
username (soco.plugins.wimp.Wimp attribute), 27
```